South Gippsland Shire Council

ANNUAL BUDGET 2013 – 2014

Incorporating the 15 year Long Term Financial Plan



Port Welshpool

Photo by Ken Fraser

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- You can contact Council to request a copy of the Annual Budget by:
 Visiting the main office at 9 Smith Street, Leongatha Vic 3953
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 - Calling our customer service centre on (03) 5662 9200 Sending an email to <u>council@southgippsland.vic.gov.au</u> Visiting Council's website <u>www.southgippsland.vic.gov.au</u> for more information •

Mayor's Introduction

I'm pleased to present this budget to the South Gippsland community as a forward thinking framework that allows for the shift in strategic direction sought by the new Council. Among other things, we are working with our communities to develop a vision that will evolve over time and that engenders a shared sense of pride and ownership. New innovations and user pays services are being introduced in our Waste Management Services to make them more sustainable and a continuous improvement focus has been embedded in the organisation.

We have been able to maintain existing service levels despite the imposition of unforeseen costs that need to be addressed in this and forward budgets.

Council has listened to the concerns raised by the community and responded by reducing the range of new initiatives that had been proposed to bring the rate increase back to 6.75%, a rise that has been tempered by the decision to borrow \$4m. The Budget also includes a significant increase of \$150,000 for our recreation reserves.

The Capital Works Program has been allocated \$15.25 million and includes:

- Construction of second stage of Koonwarra Landfill Cell 3 and rehabilitation of Cells 1 & 2 to ensure adequate landfill for future needs;
- Flood mitigation works Hannah Rise Estate, Melville Ave, Korumburra;
- Sealed roads rehabilitation program;
- Kerb and channel works, Station St, Korumburra;
- Rehabilitation of five bridges; and
- Great Southern Rail Trail
 extension to Welshpool.

Rate Type	Rates (\$ Avg)	\$Avg increase per week
Commercial	\$1,987.84	\$2.28
Cultural and Recreational Land	\$1,005.20	\$1.17
Farm	\$2,716.11	\$3.26
Industrial	\$3,122.45	\$3.69
Residential	\$1,523.63	\$1.75
Vacant Commercial Land	\$1,483.04	\$1.80
Vacant Industrial Land	\$1,307.51	\$1.59
Vacant Land	\$1,307.00	\$1.29
Vacant Land Restricted Use	\$591.76	\$0.74
Grand Total	\$1,752.65	\$2.05

The Fire Services Levy will also now appear on Rates Notices instead of appearing on insurance premium notices. These funds are collected on behalf of the State Government and forwarded to them.

I am confident this is a cautious and financially responsible budget that has attempted to restrain the impost on our communities while delivering core services that support the health and wellbeing of our people.

Cr Kieran Kennedy Mayor

Executive Summary

Council has prepared a Budget for the 2013/14 financial year, which seeks to balance the demand for services and infrastructure with the community's capacity to pay. Key budget information is provided below about the rate increase, operating result, cash position, cash from operations, capital expenditure, financial position, borrowings and financial sustainability of the Council.



Rates & Charges

It is proposed that the general rate will increase by 6.75%. The waste services charges for garbage collection / recycling / street sweeping / litter bins will increase by 2.50%.

Overall, the general rates and charges increase will be 6.48% for the 2013/14 year, raising total rates of \$33.92m, including \$494,000 generated from supplementary rates & charges.

The general rates and charges increase for 2013/14 and future budget years are greater than what was in the previous year's Long Term Financial Plan. Council in 2012/13 has had to finance a \$4.61m defined benefit superannuation funding call. It also received reduced grant allocation from the Victoria Grants Commission which has a recurrent cost implication for forward budgets. This has necessitated Council to borrow funds and raise its rate revenue.

The following years overall rates and charges rises are projected to be 6.25% in 2014/15, 5.32% in 2015/16 and 2016/17 and 5.09% in 2017/18. From 2018/19 onwards, overall rate and charges rises are projected to reduce to 4.87%

The rates and charges increase will go toward strengthening Council's overall financial position. The objective in past years had been to reduce long term debt and strengthen Council's working capital. The focus is now shifting to provide additional funding for capital works renewal programs over the coming years. The rates and charges increase for the 2012/13 year was 4.85%.

Operating result



The expected operating result for the 2013/14 year is a surplus of \$1.21m, which is less than the projected \$4.40m surplus result projected for 2012/13. The weaker result in 2013/14 relative to the previous financial year is predominantly due to receiving in advance one half of Victoria Grants Commission allocation (\$4.00m) in the previous 2012/13 financial year.

There is a gradual strengthening of projected operating results in the forward budget. The exception being the spike in 2022/23 where it has been modelled that Council will receive \$13.28m Special Charge Scheme income for a major roads and drainage project.



Cash position

The cash position is expected to decrease by \$2.02m during the year to \$7.64m as at 30 June 2014. It is projected to be \$9.66m as at 30 June 2013.

The gradual strengthening of cash in future years is in line with Council's Financial Strategy. It provides funding capacity for unavoidable cost events and strategic opportunities.





Net cash from operations for 2013/14 is forecast to be \$9.12m. It is greater than the previous year's projected \$7.01m. The cash flows from operations in the previous financial year were impacted by unfunded superannuation liability costs and net cost impacts of storm events.

The gradual and consistent strengthening of cash from operations in future years provides financial capacity for funding future years' capital works programs.

Capital expenditure



The capital expenditure program for the 2013/14 year is \$15.25m which is \$3.17m greater than for 2012/13. The projected capital expenditure for the previous financial year is \$12.08m.

The previous 2012/13 year's capital expenditure includes expenditure \$2.64m for projects that were budgeted for, but not actually completed in 2011/12. The carried forward component was fully funded from the 2011/12 budget.

The capital expenditure program for 2013/14 has been set and prioritised based on a rigorous process of consultation that has enabled Council to assess needs and develop sound business cases for each project.

This includes \$2.15m expenditure for projects that were budgeted for but not completed in 2012/13. The carried forward component is fully funded from the 2012/13 budget.

There are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets. There are adequate funds for recurrent cost requirements for all major asset classes for the current defined service levels as documented in Asset Management Plans.

The capital expenditure program increases significantly in 2020/21 and following years funding a number of major infrastructure projects. These are detailed in Appendix D, Capital Expenditure Program. The capital works program in the later years is funded from increased amounts of cash expected to be generated from developer contributions.

Financial position



Net current assets (working capital) will decrease by \$2.44m to \$4.81m as at 30 June 2014. Working capital is projected to be \$7.25m as at 30 June 2013. The dip is as a result of paying unfunded superannuation liability costs in 2012/13 prior to borrowing funds in 2013/14. There is limited financial capacity in forward budgets up until 2017/18.

The gradual rebuilding of Council's working capital in forward budgets is most evident. This provides financial capacity for future strategic or unavoidable cost events.



Borrowings

Council will have to borrow \$4.00m in 2013/14 to fund the \$4.59m unfunded superannuation obligation that Council paid in June 2013. Outstanding borrowings will increase by \$3.38m to \$3.51m as at 30 June 2014.

Financial sustainability



A detailed Long Term Financial Plan for the years 2013/14 to 2027/28 has been developed to assist Council in adopting a budget within a longer term prudent financial framework. The key objective of the plan is to achieve financial sustainability in the medium to long term, whilst still achieving the Council's strategic objectives as specified in the Council Plan. When capital funding (\$4.66m) and donated / granted assets (\$1.30m) is backed out of the operating result (\$1.21m surplus) the underlying result (net result not including capital funding sources) for 2013/14 is projected to be a \$4.75m deficit.

The Long Term Financial Plan projects consistent and gradually strengthening underlying surpluses to be generated in following years. This is a very important long term strategic objective. The spike in 2022/23 is where it has been modelled that Council will receive \$13.28m Special Charge Scheme income for a major roads and drainage project.

Longer Term Key Performance Indicators

The table below shows a series of key performance indicators to assess the financial integrity of the budgeted financial statements in the Long Term Financial Plan. They are not dissimilar to the indicators that the Victoria Auditor General's Office uses to assess the financial sustainability of all Victorian Councils.

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Financial performance															
Underlying result	-9.70%	4.37%	4.95%	6.93%	7.47%	8.01%	8.16%	8.94%	9.34%	22.87%	10.30%	10.67%	11.46%	12.10%	12.88%
Underlying Working Capital	1.44	1.31	1.33	1.46	1.76	1.78	2.18	1.70	1.48	2.16	1.78	1.92	2.35	2.50	2.38
Funding capacity															
Self-financing	16.99%	29.49%	26.94%	30.19%	29.08%	30.12%	30.47%	32.16%	32.86%	33.32%	34.81%	35.17%	35.91%	36.45%	37.109
Sustainability Index	133%	159%	138%	115%	103%	107%	123%	161%	106%	175%	165%	95%	129%	149%	1679
Borrowing capacity															
Indebtedness	8.27%	6.58%	5.14%	3.74%	2.41%	1.19%	1.26%	1.33%	1.40%	1.23%	1.54%	1.60%	1.67%	1.73%	1.78%
Total Debt as a % of Rate revenue	10.35%	8.17%	6.35%	4.60%	2.96%	1.44%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Debt servicing costs as a % of Total revenue	0.37%	0.28%	0.24%	0.18%	0.13%	0.08%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Ratios coloured red indicate either short term / immediate sustainability concerns, yellow denotes medium risk and green low risk.

The 'Underlying Result' compares recurrent income and recurrent expenditure. The underlying result is forecast to be in the yellow zone in 2013/14. This is because Council was prepaid half of its Victoria Grants Commission allocation in the preceding 2012/13 financial year. From 2014/15 and all the forward budgets it is projected to be in the green zone.

The 'Underlying Working Capital' assesses Balance Sheet strength and in particular Council's ability to pay existing liabilities. In the forward plan the ratio falls below the strategic target of 1.50 to 1 from 2013/14 through to 2016/17 and once again in 2021/22. Although it does not present as an immediate financial concern it does indicate that Council has less financial capacity to accommodate unforseen strategic opportunities or unavoidable cost events that may arise in that period of time.

The 'Self Financing' indicator compares net operating cash flows to underlying revenue and capital grants. It is forecast to be in the yellow zone for 2013/14. The ratio is impacted by the prepayment of half of its Victoria Grants Commission allocation in the preceding 2012/13 financial year. This does not present as a strategic concern. From 2014/15 and beyond, the ratio is projected to be in the green zone.

The 'Sustainability Indicator' assesses asset renewal and upgrade expenditure spend effort over a period of time. It is forecast to be in the green zone for 2013/14 and all the forward budgets with the exception of 2024/25. It is worth noting that there are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets. There are adequate funds for recurrent cost requirements for all major asset classes for the current defined service levels as documented in Asset Management Plans.

The three borrowing capacity indicators, 'Indebtedness', 'Total Debt as a percentage of Rate Revenue' and 'Debt Servicing Costs as a percentage of Total Revenue' are forecast to be in the green zone for 2013/14 and all the forward budgets.

The key financial performance indicators in the Long Term Financial Plan serve as very important lead indicators to identify future years' financial ramifications of decisions that are made in the present period. Longer term, the trend is positive.

1. Budget process

This section lists the processes to be undertaken in order to adopt the Budget in accordance with the Act and Regulations.

The preparation of the Budget begins with a 'prepared' Annual Budget developed in accordance with the Local Government Act 1989 (the Act) and submitting the 'prepared' Budget to Council for approval 'in principle'. Council is then required to give 'public notice' that it intends to 'adopt' the Budget. It must give 28 days' notice of its intention to adopt the prepared budget and make the Budget available for inspection at its offices. A person has a right to make a written submission on any proposal contained in the Budget and Council must consider any submission before adoption of the budget.

The final step is for Council to adopt the Budget after receiving and considering any submissions from interested parties. The Budget is required to be adopted and a copy submitted to the Minister by 31 August each year. The key dates for the budget process are summarised below:

Budget Process	Timing
 Council Plan / Business plan requirements reviewed 	Jul – Nov
 Previous years financial results updated into Financial Plan 	Aug - Sep
 Capital Works requirements reviewed 	Oct – Dec
 Financial strategies reviewed 	Oct - Dec
 Operating budgets prepared 	Dec - Feb
 Councillors consider draft budgets at briefing sessions 	Feb - Apr
 Proposed budget submitted to Council for approval 	24 April
 Public notice advising intention to adopt budget 	30 April
 Budget available for public inspection & comment 	30 April
Submissions period closes	29 May
 Submissions considered by Council 	12 June
 Budget presented to Council for adoption 	26 June
 Copy of adopted budget submitted to the Minister 	28 June

2. Linkage to Council Plan

This section describes how the Annual Budget links to the achievement of the Council Plan within an overall strategic planning framework. This framework guides the Council in identifying community needs and aspirations over the medium and longer term (four year Council Plan and15 year Long Term Financial Plan) and short term (Annual Budget) and then holding itself accountable (audited statements).

2.1 Strategic planning framework

The Annual Budget has been developed within an overall planning framework. The diagram below sets out the strategic planning and reporting framework of Council.



The various financial components of the plans are structured so that you can 'drill down' from the 15 year Long Term Financial Plan through to a four year Strategic Resource Plan (that complements the Council Plan) and then finally to the Annual Budget (that complements the Annual Business Plans).

2.2 Long Term Financial Plan

The Long Term Financial Plan incorporates some very high level objectives / strategies as well as budgeted financial statements for 15 years. It is the overarching document to the Strategic Resource Plan and the Annual Budget, and documents the future financial direction of the Council.

2.3 Council Plan and Strategic Resource Plan

The Council Plan specifies key strategic outcomes, objectives and strategies, whereas the Strategic Resource Plan is a detailed forward budget that quantifies the resources required over four years to achieve the Council Plan's strategic directions.

Both the Council Plan and the Strategic Resource Plan are a legislative requirement. The Strategic Resource Plan is part of the Council Plan.

There is a legislative requirement that the Council Plan be for a static 4 year period that 'winds down' over the four years. It is a legislative requirement that the Strategic Resource Plan be at least 4 financial years.

2.4 Annual Business Plan / Annual Budget

The Annual Plan details strategic activities and initiatives planned to be undertaken in the financial year, including the budget requirements. The Annual Plan includes the identification of Key Strategic Activities (KSA's). The Annual Budget collates the financial resource requirements for the Annual Plan and Annual Department Plans.

The Annual Department Plans consolidate department Service Plans and associated financial resource requirements. Managers develop Department Plans that describe in detail services, service levels and associated costs. They are sometimes described as operational plans.

The Budget (this document) that is prepared pursuant to Section 127 of the Local Government Act 1989 draws information from the Council Plan, Annual Plan and the detailed Department Plans. The Budget document describes how these activities and initiatives will contribute to achieving the strategic objectives specified in the Council Plan.

The Budget document also contains separately identified Key Strategic Activities to be undertaken during the financial year and performance targets and measures in relation to each Key Strategic Activity.

Risk management obligations that are documented in the Corporate Risk Register, influence the prioritisation of projects that are included in the Annual Business Plan and budget.

2.5 Operational Performance Report / Financial Performance Report

After the Budget has been adopted, the focus then shifts to actual business performance and the monitoring of it. The key objective is to produce the planned outputs and be within budget.

Achieving the activities and initiatives described in the Annual Budget in a financially responsible manner contributes to the achievement of strategic outcomes as documented in the Council Plan.

Operational performance monitoring occurs on a daily basis, and is formally reviewed by the Executive Leadership Team (Chief Executive Officer and Directors) on a monthly basis.

Council is provided with a monthly business performance update. A report presented to Council on a quarterly basis includes more detailed operational performance information. Council is also provided four times a year a detailed Financial Performance Report. It includes the key financial statements, a strategic assessment on both the year to date financial performance as well as the longer term financial projections.

2.6 Annual Report / Audited Financial Statements

Finally, at year-end, the actual outcomes are reported in the Annual Report which includes financial, standard and performance statements. They are all subject to external audit.

The audited financial statements quantify the financial results for the given financial year. The financial statements include:

- Income Statement (Profit & Loss);
- Balance Sheet;
- Statement changes in Equity; and
- Cash Flow Statement.

The financial statements are in a very similar format to the budgeted financial statements contained in the:

- Long Term Financial Plan 15 year budget;
- Strategic Resource Plan 4 year budget; and
- Annual Budget.

It is now a legislative requirement to provide at financial year end, detailed analysis of actual results relative to the original budgets in the following Standard Statements:

- Statement of Financial Performance (Income Statement);
- Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet);

- Statement of Cash Flows; and
- Statement of Capital Works.

This analysis of actual results to budgets and explanations provided is subject to external audit.

There is also a separate audit process undertaken on Key Strategic Activities as identified in the original budget.

The Annual Report also reports on the achievement or otherwise of the strategic objectives and actions that were included in the Council Plan and Annual Plan.

This consistency of the reports between long term budgets, annual budgets and actual results facilitates assessing actual outcomes achieved against planned outcomes.

The Auditor General in his annual report to Parliament on the outcome of financial audits over the last few years has consistently recommended that all councils:

- Develop indicators of financial viability and sustainability;
- Establish targets as part of their strategic planning process; and
- Report and monitor actual performance against targets.

It is pleasing to note that since 2003, South Gippsland has implemented a series of financial performance indicators / targets and reporting mechanisms on its own volition, prior to the Auditor General making such recommendations.

The timing of each component of the planning framework is critical to the successful achievement of the planned outcomes. The review of the Council Plan commences mid-way through the financial year to ensure that there is sufficient time to develop Annual Department Plans in draft form, prior to the commencement of the annual Budget process in January each year.

Key financial performance indicators and ratios established during the long term financial planning process guided the preparation of this 2013/14 Annual Budget and Long Term Financial Plan.

2.7 Strategic Objectives

The 2013/17 Council Plan details four Outcomes that contain a number of Objectives. These are:

OUTCOME 1. A Prosperous Shire

Objective 1.1: Work with the business community to support existing businesses, diversify employment opportunities and to attract new businesses.

Objective 1.2: Raise the awareness of local and regional issues with State and Federal decision makers.

Objective 1.3: Improve the sustainability of the local and regional environment.

OUTCOME 2. Closely Connected Communities

Objective 2.1: Engage and work collaboratively with our community.

OUTCOME 3. Integrated Services and Infrastructure

Objective 3.1: Deliver affordable modern community services and facilities through an integrated approach to planning and infrastructure development.

OUTCOME 4. A Leading Organisation

Objective 4.1: Improve the financial sustainability of Council, including diversifying revenue streams.

Objective 4.2: Pursue best practice in organisational development and operations of the organisation

These Objectives are underpinned by Strategies that set out key priorities required to achieve the Objectives. Together the Outcomes, Objectives and Strategies are realised through specific activities determined in the Annual Plan and funded in the Annual Budget each year.

The Council, through its four directorates (which includes 23 Departments), delivers a range of activities and initiatives. Each contributes to the achievement of at least one of the objectives in the Council Plan.

3. Activities, Initiatives and Key Strategic Activities

This section provides a description of the activities and initiatives to be funded in the budget for the 2013/14 year and how these will contribute to achieving the strategic objectives specified in the Council Plan as set out in Section 2.7. Appendix E 'Key Strategic Activities' includes a number of Key Strategic Activities and performance targets and measures in relation to these.

The relationship between these components of the Budget and the Council Plan is shown below.



3.1 Key Projects, Initiatives and Annual Plan Activities

The Council organisation structure consists of the CEO's Office and four Directorates. Significant activities to be undertaken in 2013/14 for each Directorate are included on the following pages.

The Directorate activities and initiatives outlined below will contribute to achieving the outcomes, objectives, strategies and actions specified in the Council Plan and Annual Plan in accordance with Section 127 (2)(c) of the Local Government Act.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE KEY PURPOSES

Net Cost \$1.04m Expenditure \$1.04m

Income Nil

- Delivery of Council Vision, Council Plan and strategic directions;
- Provision of good governance through support to Council;
- Support the Council in the development and implementation of Council's key strategies with a focus on the achievement of sustainable services and development;
- Develop and support productive relationships with the community, local business, and all levels of government and key stakeholders to understand needs and priorities, manage expectations and deliver results;
- Effectively manage Council's operations, achieve key agreed outcomes and ongoing performance improvements; and
- Provision of support and leadership to ensure effective organisational performance and service delivery to the community.

COMMUNITY SERVICES DIRECTORATE ACTIVITIES Net Cost \$5.49m Expenditure \$10.10m Income \$4.61m

To achieve Council's objectives of 'Closely Connected Communities', 'Integrated Service and Infrastructure' and 'A Prosperous Shire' we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective accessible and responsive services. The Community Services Directorate has a leading role in ensuring that the organisation achieves these strategic objectives. Their activities and key project and initiatives focus for 2013/14 are described below.

The Community Services Directorate's role is to identify current and future community needs, plan for the future and facilitate, support, co-ordinate and provide services in the community. The Directorate consists of five main Departments and manages the strategic direction of libraries across the Shire. The Directorate focus for the 2013/2014 financial year will be to work in partnership with the community to plan for the future, improve community health and wellbeing and build resilience. Investment in council-owned facilities and services will be future focussed, reflect an integrated approach and be strengthened through partnership with other service providers and our valued volunteers. Our services will support people of all ages and abilities, demonstrating the importance of children in their formative years, engagement of youth and assisting older people to live independently in their local community. We will protect our environment through best practice and increase community awareness on sustainability and emergency preparedness.

The Director Community Services provides:

- Coordination of the Victorian Government funded Advancing Country Towns Project which aims to revitalise the Lower Tarwin District through economic development opportunities;
- Strategic direction for the 5 library sites and mobile library provision in the Shire;
- Strategic direction for improved health and wellbeing of the community through the development and implementation of the Shire's Municipal Public Health and Wellbeing Plan.

The Aged & Disability Services Department provides:

- Home and community based services including Personal Care, Home Care, Respite, Community Transport, Meals on Wheels and Home Maintenance to support older people, people with a disability and their carers;
- Services that contribute to maintaining a safe, secure and independent environment for their clients; and
- Strategic planning for positive ageing including innovative projects that 'Improve Liveability for Older People' and services that respond to the diversity of the Shire.

The Children and Family Services Department provides:

- Strategic planning to ensure services and infrastructure across the Shire meets future demand, and supports key partners in the provision of children and family services in the Shire; and
- Maternal and Child Health, Immunisation, Preschool Inclusion Support and Supported Playgroups which aim to maximise the health and wellbeing and development of children, ensure services are universally accessible and supports families.

The Emergency Management Department aims to provide:

- A team that ensures Council has a current and relevant Municipal Emergency Management Plan detailing Council's preparedness to respond to and recover from any municipal emergency that should arise; and
- A focus on community awareness, fire management, preparedness and planning.

The Community Strengthening Department works:

- In partnership with South Gippsland's diverse communities to encourage and support participation and resilience;
- In community planning, project and activity development, recreation, youth engagement and arts and cultural pursuits; and
- Provides Community Planning and Engagement, Recreation, Rural Access, Youth Support, Transport Connections, L2P Program, Volunteer Coordination and support for arts and cultural organisations.

The Sustainability Services Department's role is to protect the local environment and work towards a low carbon economy through collaborative partnerships. The Department will:

- Develop both community and Council energy and resource efficiency projects contained within the Sustainability Strategy;
- Provide sustainable waste management services based on best practice principles and in accordance with relevant legislation; and
- Provides services to protect and enhance the Shire's natural environment through the ongoing management of bush reserves, roadside weed control and planting programmes and provision of environmental planning advice on statutory planning matters.

KEY PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES FOCUS FOR 2013/14

The Community Services Directorate has identified the following initiatives and projects to work toward commencing and implementing in 2013/14:

Active Lifestyles

Master plans will be developed for the Toora, Poowong and Foster outdoor swimming pools in partnership with the local communities.

Support provided to the Recreation Reserve Committees will be reviewed.

Community Health

The Municipal Public Health and Wellbeing Plan 2013-2017 will be implemented. Improving Liveability For Older People project initiatives will be implemented.

Early Childhood Development

Government funding and corporate sponsorship will be sought to build the Korumburra Integrated Children's Centre.

The Municipal Early Years Plan will be implemented.

Community Facilities

A strategy for the development of community facilities including community hubs will be commenced.

Revenue Diversification

A Community Sponsorship Fund or Community Trust Program will be investigated.

Partnerships

New partnerships with agencies or service providers to improve integrated service delivery will be developed.

Waste Management

Council's Waste Management Strategy will be implemented with 2013/14 Action Plan activities completed and modern waste management innovations considered.

KEY PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES FOCUS FOR 2013/14

Sustainability

'Green Street Lighting' project will be implemented.

A Weed and Pest Management Plan for Council land and roadsides will be implemented in partnership with the South Gippsland Landcare Network.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIRECTORATE ACTIVITIES Net Cost \$2.89m Expenditure \$4.52m Income \$1.63m

To achieve Council's objective of 'A Prosperous Shire' and 'Integrated Services and Infrastructure' we will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective accessible and responsive services. The Development Services Directorate has a leading role in ensuring that the organisation achieves these strategic objectives. Its activities and key projects and initiatives focus for 2013/14 are described below.

The Development Services Directorate's purpose is to enable South Gippsland to be a great place to live, work and visit by:

- Enabling the development and protection of our land and environment;
- Building and promoting prosperity for current and future generations; and
- Contributing to a safe and sustainable built environment.

The Directorate comprises four areas of responsibility:

The Statutory Planning and Environmental Health Department is responsible for development approvals, wastewater permits and food and health inspections. This Department comprises two teams:

Statutory Planning is responsible for managing the approvals and processes of planning applications for the use and development of land. Functions include:

- Administer and decide planning applications in accordance with service standards, the Planning Scheme and relevant legislation;
- Contributing to the development of plans and strategies to articulate Council's vision for the community; and
- Improving services and standards to meet the needs of the community.

Environmental Health protects public and environmental health through administration of statutory processes in accordance with relevant legislation. The team is also responsible for implementation of the Municipal Domestic Wastewater Management Plan and contributing to the development and implementation of the Municipal Public Health & Wellbeing Plan. Functions include:

- Registration and administration of safety requirements on food premises accommodation, public swimming pools and caravan park;
- o Issuing and monitoring of domestic wastewater approvals; and
- Implementing the Community Sharps Disposal Program encouraging safe needle disposal.

The Strategic Planning and Development Department is responsible for setting a vision for the development needs of the community and defining and implementing policies that achieve the Directorate's purpose on behalf of the community. This Department comprises three teams:

Strategic Planning develops plans and strategies to articulate Council's vision for the community and implementing policy through amendments to the Planning Scheme. Functions include:

- Developing plans and strategies that articulate a clear direction for the community;
- Working with the development industry to encourage appropriate growth and opportunity;
- Working closely with state government and other councils to develop regional and state-wide approaches to land use; and
- To understand and articulate the social and civil infrastructure of the Shire.

Tourism - facilitates economic growth in the Prom Country region through the development of a competitive tourism industry.

Economic Development - Encourage investment, development and services that facilitate a planned and sustained growth for the Shire.

The Regulatory Services Department is responsible for administering and enforcing various State Acts along with Council's Local Laws. The Department comprises two teams:

Building and Enforcement administer and enforce the Building Act 1993 along with enforcing Part 6 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987:

Local Laws administer and enforce the Domestic Animals Act 1994 and fire prevention requirements of the Country Fire Authority Act 1958; are responsible for parking control; provision of school crossing services along with developing and enforcing Council's Local Laws.

Coal Creek Team - The role of the Coal Creek team is to continue to make Coal Creek Community Park and Museum a high quality recreational and educational experience benefiting the South Gippsland community and visitors.

KEY PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES FOCUS FOR 2012/13

Development Services Directorate has identified the following initiatives and projects to work toward commencing and implementing in 2013/14:

Strategic Planning Projects

- Developer contributions will be established and implemented.
- Development of short, medium and long term social infrastructure plans for the Shire
- o Mirboo North
- Venus Bay/Tarwin Lower.
- Develop and implement a Korumburra Community Roundtable as a trial for modelling future partnership projects.

Advocate for bringing forward sewerage for Poowong, Loch, Nyora and for the solving development barriers in the Tarwin Potable Water Catchment.

Economic & Tourism

Conduct a review of the South Gippsland Development and Tourism Strategy 2012-2017 and commence implementation based on Council's priority actions.

Coal Creek

Implement adopted future direction for Coal Creek.

ENGINEERING SERVICES DIRECTORATE ACTIVITIESNet Cost \$10.91mExpenditure \$15.94mIncome \$5.03m

To achieve Council's objective of 'Integrated Services and Infrastructure' we will continue to deliver affordable modern community services and facilities through an integrated approach to planning and infrastructure development. The Engineering Services Directorate has a leading role in ensuring that the organisation achieves the strategic objective. Their activities and key projects and initiatives focus for 2013/14 are described below.

The Engineering Services Directorate's key purposes are as follows:

- The planning, delivery and maintenance of Council owned or controlled public infrastructure; and
- To coordinate the delivery of Engineering projects and developments within the scope of the Capital Works Program and to ensure Council standards are complied with.

The Directorate is made up of the following Departments:

The Operations Department delivers two main functions:

- Roads, footpaths & drainage maintenance and construction; and
- Parks and gardens maintenance, construction and renewal.

Within the two main functions there are five service delivery areas; Operations (roads), Parks and Gardens, Construction (roads), Workshop (plant), and Depot Administration.

The Engineering and Projects Department main function is to deliver the Capital Works Program for design and construction.

The Assets Department delivers three main functions:

- **Fleet Operations** to ensure effective service delivery of South Gippsland Shire Council's fleet, vehicles will be purchased with the highest safety rating and lowest greenhouse emissions where available within Council's purchasing scope.
- **Civil Assets** to proactively plan Council's infrastructure networks in order to meet current and future needs of the community and to integrate with State networks through continuous improvements to Council's Asset Management Plans.
- **Assets System** the collection, analysis and management of appropriate infrastructure data to effectively manage Council's civil infrastructure assets.

The Property Department delivers two main functions:

• **Building Operations** - to manage and enhance Council's owned and managed building portfolio to ensure these facilities are maintained to maximise their long term benefit to the community.

• **Property** – to manage the acquisition, disposal and leasing of Council's property portfolio to support Council's services.

KEY PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES FOCUS FOR 2013/14

Engineering Services Directorate have identified the following initiatives and projects to work toward commencing and implementing in 2013/14: Deliver the Capital Works Program

Refer to the Capital Works Program 2013/14.

Road Maintenance

Delivery of the Zone Maintenance Program.

Building Maintenance

Delivery of the annual Maintenance Program.

Engineering Investigations

Provide engineering investigations for infrastructure defects including rate payer requests

Engineering Planning Referrals

Approval of planning referrals including condition assessments, certification, plan checking, statement of compliance.

Reseal and Re-sheet Program

Delivery of the annual Reseal and Re-sheet Program.

CORPORATE SERVICES DIRECTORATE ACTIVITIESNet Cost \$7.36mExpenditure \$8.31mIncome \$0.95m

To achieve Council's objective of 'Closely Connected Communities ' and 'A Leading Organisation' the Corporate Services Directorate will continue to plan, deliver and improve high quality, cost effective accessible and responsive services. The Directorate has a leading role in ensuring that the organisation achieves these strategic objectives. Their activities and key project and initiatives focus for 2013/14 are described below.

Corporate Services Directorate provides support to the Council's internal departments and the community by managing the Departments of Finance, Information Management Services, Customer Relations, Governance and Human Resources.

The Director Corporate Services provides:

- Development and coordination of the Council Plan, Annual Plan and Department Business Plan program annually;
- Coordination of Council's quarterly performance reporting.

The Finance Department's focus is to:

- Provide strategic financial advice, planning, accounting services, management accounting support and financial reporting to Council in accordance with legislative and regulatory requirements;
- Maintain Council's accounting records in accordance with legislative and regulatory requirements and offer high quality accounting support to the organisation; and
- Administer all legislative requirements in relation to rates, charges and valuation services.

The Information Management Services Department is responsible for:

- The delivery of sustained operational availability, reliability and performance of Council's business information systems and information technology infrastructure;
- Supporting the organisation in investigating new technology advances, evaluating new opportunities and implementing improvements to systems that lead to improved efficiencies and/or enhanced provision of services;
- Managing Council's corporate records and developing, reviewing and implementing new policies and procedures to ensure the management and delivery of business information systems and IT infrastructure is efficient, effective and meets corporate objectives; and
- Managing information system strategies and programs to ensure works are completed on time, within budget and with the required quality.

The Customer Relations Department's purpose is to:

- Keep the community up to date and informed on current events within South Gippsland Shire.
- Receive and administer customer requests and payments for Council's products and services.
- Provide a limited After Hours Service for emergency requirements;
- Maintain a relevant website for public use.
- Issue press releases to the media on items of interest to the community; and
- Coordinate Australia Day celebrations.

The Governance Services Department provides high level support and

co-ordination services to Council that enables organisation wide good governance and compliance through the following functions:

- Corporate Planning;
- Policy Development and Review;
- Council Elections;
- Internal Audit;
- Regulatory and Statutory Compliance;
- Advisory and Special Committees;
- Council Meeting Management;
- Freedom of Information and Information Privacy requests;
- Legal Services;
- Grants Management;
- Risk Management, Occupational Health and Safety, Return to Work Programs; and
- Procurement.

The Human Resources Department's purpose is to provide advice and support to departments in the management of staff through the effective undertaking of the following functions:

- Payroll;
- Corporate Training and Development;
- Industrial Relations;
- Enterprise Bargaining Agreements;
- Recruitment and Induction of Staff; and
- Human Resource Management Support.

KEY PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES FOCUS FOR 2013/14

Corporate Services Directorate have identified the following initiatives and projects to work toward commencing and implementing in 2013/14:

Vision & Engagement

Develop and commence implementation of new approaches to engage community participation in creating a continually evolving Vision for the Shire

Social Media Strategy

Development of a Social Media Strategy for community engagement purposes

Information Technology

Continue implementing priority information technology related projects through a refined IT Governance Framework.

Policy Reviews

Revision and development of corporate and operational policies to provide guidance in the provision of quality services to the community.

Rating Strategy

Review and revise Council's Rating Strategy to align with amended State Government requirements and ensure equity in rating differentials, as far as is practicable.

Corporate Training and Development

Implement training and development programs for Councillors, management and staff to equip them in fulfilling their roles and responsibilities. The successful leadership program will be extended to supervisors and coordinators to empower these staff as future leaders within Local Government.

Risk Management and Occupational Health and Safety

Place a priority on improving workplace health and safety and on the improved management of strategic and operational risks, to reduce injuries, insurance claims and other types of damage to people, facilities, equipment or Council's reputation.

3.2 Performance statement

The Key Strategic Activities are documented in Appendix E. The Key Strategic Activities. These performance measures, targets and results are audited at the end of the year and are included in the Performance Statement as required by section 132 of the Local Government Act 1989.

The Annual Report for 2013/14 will include the audited Performance Statement, which is presented to the Minister for Local Government and the local community.

3.3 Reconciliation with budgeted operating result

Directorate	Net Cost (revenue) 2013/14 \$'000	Expenditure \$'000	Revenue \$'000
Executive Support	1,035	1,035	0
Community Services	5,490	10,098	4,608
Corporate Services	7,356	8,311	955
Development Services	2,891	4,518	1,627
Engineering Services	10,905	15,938	5,033
Total activities and initiatives	27,677	39,900	12,223
Other non-attributable ¹	10,999		
Operating deficit before rates & capital revenue	38,676		
Funded by:			
Rates & charges	33,924		
Capital grants & contributions	5,963		
Total	39,887		
Operating surplus (deficit)	1,211		

1. Includes Victoria Grants Commission allocation, depreciation, corporate overheads, proceeds and written down value of assets sold, loan management, donated & gifted assets, de-recognition of assets and abnormal items.

4. Budget Influences

This section sets out the key budget influences arising from the internal and external environment within which the Council operates.

4.1 Snapshot of South Gippsland Shire Council

South Gippsland Shire was formed in 1994 from the amalgamation of four municipalities. Located 90 minutes south east of Melbourne, the Shire has an expanding population of about 27,500. It has an area of 3,300 square kilometres with substantial coastal frontage. South Gippsland Shire is a spectacular region, with communities nestled among the rolling green hills, and along the coast, linking the mountains to the sea.

Its major centres are Leongatha, Korumburra, Mirboo North and Foster, and other significant townships include Nyora, Toora, Venus Bay, Sandy Point, Poowong, Port Welshpool, Loch, Dumbalk, Welshpool, Meeniyan, Fish Creek, Port Franklin, Koonwarra, Kongwak and Tarwin Lower.

Our Environment

South Gippsland is characterised by a diverse topography of ranges, plains, low lying land and coastal areas. This has created some of Victoria's most picturesque landscapes including the natural ruggedness and beauty of the coastline and beaches, the rolling hills of the agricultural districts, the tall tree forests of the Strzelecki Ranges and the beautiful Wilsons Promontory National Park. South Gippsland also contains a large number of parks and reserves containing flora and fauna of State and National significance, which contribute to the municipality being renowned for its natural beauty.

The environment of South Gippsland has a rich and diverse cultural heritage which demonstrates the history of the area from the occupation of the land by indigenous people from the *Gunnai* and *Bun Wurrung* clans, through to the post contact era.

4.1.1 Our Economic Base

South Gippsland has a thriving economy with over 7,000 businesses contributing to an annual output of over \$2.6 billion. South Gippsland has one of the lowest unemployment rates in Australia.

Key industry sectors contributing to this output are:

- Manufacturing \$688 million;
- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing \$416 million;
- Property services \$218 million;
- Construction \$215 million;
- Mining \$136 million;
- Wholesale Trade \$129 million;

- Health care and social assistance \$116 million; and
- Retail trade \$101 million.

Major Industries

Agriculture

South Gippsland's economy centres around agricultural production. It is one of the key dairy farming locations in Australia, is a major beef farming area and also has significant sheep farming. The Victorian Livestock Exchange operates a modern regional saleyards at Koonwarra.

Horticultural food production, such as snow pea and potato farming, are also key industries in South Gippsland. For part of the year most of Australia's snow peas are produced here.

South Gippsland has a growing wine industry and has been identified as a centre of organic and native food production.

Food Processing

- Murray-Goulburn's Leongatha dairy factory, the largest in Australia;
- Burra Foods, at Korumburra;
- United Dairy Power at Poowong;
- ViPlus Dairy being established at Toora;
- Select Produce, operating a significant snow pea packing and distribution centre at Korumburra;
- GBP Exports, operating a major export abattoir at Poowong; and
- Fresh Zest, operating a herb packing facility at Pound Creek.

Tourism

The tourism industry is also a major contributor to the South Gippsland economy with visitors contributing over \$230 million annually to the economy. Marketed as "Prom Country" - the region attracts over 1 million visitors each year. The region is rich in nature based activities, with the world renowned Wilsons Promontory National Park, spectacular scenery, unspoilt beaches and quaint villages.

Other industries

Esso has a major marine terminal located at Barry Point near Toora that is used to provide services to their Bass Strait oil and gas platforms. This includes supporting the \$4 billion project to develop the 'Kipper Tuna Turrum' oil and gas field. A private port, 'Port Anthony' is also being constructed next to the Esso facility. An important fishing industry operates

from Port Welshpool and Port Franklin and a wind farm is located on the hills around Toora.

The agricultural and manufacturing sectors also support a substantial service industry including: transport, engineering, construction and agricultural supplies.

Major Infrastructure and Investment Projects

There are a number of key infrastructure and investment projects currently underway or recently completed in South Gippsland Shire. These include:

- Redevelopment of Leongatha Hospital.
- Connection of Meeniyan to sewerage;
- Construction of ViPlus Dairy facility at Toora;
- Development of Port Anthony at Barry Point;
- Creation of the Leongatha Education Precinct which includes:
- Development of the Leongatha Specialist School completed in 2009;
- Development of the GippsTAFE campus in Leongatha completed in 2011;
- Development of Leongatha Primary School opened in 2011;
- Redevelopment of Leongatha Secondary College, to be completed 2013;
- Aged care facility at Foster; and
- Rollout of the National Broadband Network.

Major Regional Projects

• The Pakenham Bypass and Eastlink have reduced the travelling time from metropolitan Melbourne to 1.5 hours; and the funded Koo Wee Rup bypass which will further reduce these times once completed.

Our Community

South Gippsland features many vibrant communities where people can enjoy a healthy and rewarding lifestyle. Our affordable housing options and excellent education and medical facilities offer the chance to have both a family life and career in a safe and relaxed environment.

Residential Profile

The latest adjusted population estimate is 27,500 people as at June 2011. Council's recently prepared population forecasts project that the Shire's population will increase to 36,500 by 2031. This is an increase of almost 8,500 people at an average annual growth rate of 1.5%. The Shire has approximately 15,100 dwellings and about 19,068 rateable properties.

The number of households within South Gippsland increased by 790 between 2006 and 2011 to a total of 10,884.

This trend is expected to continue over the next 20 year period as population growth increases. The increase in the total number of households will require a diverse range of housing opportunities including higher density dwelling development in serviced townships and lifestyle living opportunities in a low density residential or rural living context.

The age structure of South Gippsland Shire in 2011 reflected a similar profile to Regional Victoria as a whole. The proportion of residents in the 20-29 age group (8.8%) continues to be lower than the average for Regional Victoria (10.7%) whereas the proportions in age groups above 50 years were higher. The proportion in the 60-69 age range was 11.8%, almost three percentage points higher than the average for Regional Victoria.

Age Group	South Gippsland	Regional Victoria
0-9	12.1%	12.5%
10-19	13.0%	13.5%
20-29	8.7%	10.7%
30-39	10.1%	11.3%
40-49	13.1%	13.7%
50-59	15.0%	14.0%
60-69	14.4%	11.8%
70-79	8.1%	7.3%
80-89	5.2%	4.9%

South Gippsland's age profile compared with Regional Victoria is shown in the following table:

(ID consulting for South Gippsland Shire Council, Community Profile 2011)

There are high levels of home ownership in South Gippsland with 44% of dwellings fully owned compared with 32% nationally. The proportion of rental dwellings at 18.5% is much lower than the national average of 29.6%.

South Gippsland has 27% of lone person households, higher than the national rate of 24% while 56% of South Gippsland residents are married compared with 50% average for Australia.

South Gippsland has very high levels of citizen engagement with 71.4% of the population participating in the last year in comparison with 50.5% for Victoria. V is also high with over

6,400 people or 32% of the adult population identifying that they worked as a volunteer for an organisation. This compared with about 19% across Victoria.

4.1.2 Labour Force

South Gippsland Shire has:

- an estimated labour force of 12,969 people; and
- an unemployment rate of 3.7%, with 477 unemployed persons on Census night 2011.

This is the lowest unemployment rate in Gippsland and one of the lowest in the State. This is considerably below the average for Regional Victoria of 5.2%.

Key industry sectors by employment in the South Gippsland Shire in 2011 were Agriculture, forestry & fishing (16.7%), Health Care and Social Assistance (10.6%), Retail Trade (10.2%), and Construction (9.7%). The Shire's top eight employment sectors compared with that of Regional Victoria as shown in the table below:

Employment by Industry	South Gippsland	Regional Victoria
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	16.7%	7.8%
Health care and social assistance	10.6%	13.1%
Retail trade	10.2%	11.6%
Construction	9.7%	8.9%
Manufacturing	9.6%	10.4%
Education and training	6.6%	8.2%
Accommodation and food services	5.9%	6.8%
Transport, postal and warehousing	4.2%	4.1%

(ABS 2011 Census)

Since 2006 the greatest rise has been in the manufacturing sector and in transport, postal and warehousing. There has been a drop in those working in agriculture, forestry and fishing.

In 2011, key employment by occupation groups in South Gippsland were managers (22.0%), technicians and trades workers (15.1%) and professionals (13.7%). The Shire's employment by occupation compared with that of Regional Victoria are as follows:

Occupation	South Gippsland	Regional Victoria
Managers	22.0%	15.2%
Technicians and trades Workers	15.1%	15.4%
Professionals	13.7%	16.7%
Labourers	12.4%	12.3%
Clerical and administrative services	10.2%	11.7%
Sales workers	8.9%	9.7%
Community and personal service workers	8.4%	10.3%
Machinery operators and drivers	7.4%	6.9%
Inadequately described and not stated	1.9%	2.0%

(ABS 2011 Census)

4.1.3 Community Infrastructure

South Gippsland boasts a wide range of community assets that are appreciated and enjoyed by our residents and visitors. These include:

- Three public hospitals and five medical centres;
- Aged care residential services located in five towns;
- Home and Community Care services provided by Council, including Meals on Wheels, Personal Care, Respite Care, Home Maintenance and Community Transport;
- Childcare centres operate in Leongatha, Korumburra and Mirboo North and Foster. Uniting Care Gippsland facilitate Family Day Care which is available across the Shire;
- Five public libraries plus a mobile service;
- Increased daily V/Line Coach services to and from Melbourne and the Latrobe Valley, Yarram and Wonthaggi;
- 29 galleries and museums, a cinema, theatres and clubs;
- Over 200 sporting clubs with facilities such as a cycling velodrome and indoor basketball stadiums, a regional leisure centre incorporating a heated indoor swimming pool, six public swimming pools of which two are heated, and seven golf courses;
- The Great Southern Rail Trail, which includes 50km of bike/walking trails and is being extended from Foster to Welshpool;
- The 13km Grand Ridge Rail Trail; and
• Over 50 parks, reserves and sanctuaries including coastal/beach assets, trails in the Strzelecki Ranges, Coal Creek Community Park and Museum and Mossvale Park at Berry's Creek.

South Gippsland is well serviced by modern education facilities. These include:

- 16 Primary Schools, including three Private Schools;
- 6 Secondary Colleges, including two Private Colleges;
- Leongatha Specialist School;
- Community College Gippsland;
- Central Gippsland TAFE (GippsTAFE);
- South Gippsland Bass Coast Local Learning and Employment Network;
- Apprenticeships Australia Group;
- 12 Kindergartens: and
- 4 Neighbourhood/Community Houses.

4.1.4 Budget Implications

As a result of the Shire's demographic profile and new challenges there are a number of budget implications in the short and long term as follows:

The large area of South Gippsland Shire Council increases transport costs when compared to metropolitan and regional Councils. Also, services can be centralised as most citizens are able to reach Council facilities without extensive travel times;

Over 13% of ratepayers are entitled to the pensioner rebate. As pensioners are often asset rich but income poor, the adoption of significant rate increases has a real impact on the disposable income of a significant proportion of our community; and

The Shire is experiencing steady population and business growth. The budget implications arise with Council having to provide new infrastructure and services as well as cope with replacement of ageing infrastructure to support this growth. As the rates received from new dwellings do not offset the significant infrastructure costs, how they are funded represents a significant challenge.

4.2 External Influences

In preparing the 2013/14 budget there were a number of external influences, which were taken into consideration, because they were likely to impact significantly on the services delivered by Council in the ensuing twelve months. These include:

- Wages growth is projected to be 3.8% for 2013/14 and increase to around 3.9% per annum in following years. (Commonwealth Bank economic forecast);
- Projected consumer price index (CPI) increases on goods and services being 2.6% for 2013/14 and to increase to around 2.9% in the following years;
- The 'Engineering Construction' and 'Non-Residential Building' Indices prepared by the Construction Forecasting Council are forecast at 2.4% and 3.8% respectively for 2013/14;
- Reduction of \$165,000 in Victoria Grants Commission funding;
- Legislative changes to the way councils have to calculate and charge interest on overdue rates and charges means that Council will receive substantially less revenue;
- Flow on negative impacts from Reserve Bank reducing official interest rates on several occasions last year. This results in a reduction in income being generated on investments;
- The requirement to pay its \$4.61m unfunded superannuation call by 1 July 2013;
- A new fire levy will apply to all private property owners including persons and organisations who do not currently pay council rates, such as churches, charities and private schools - from 1 July 2013. A number of Council properties will also be subject to the fire levy. Under new legislation, the Fire Services Property Levy Act 2012 (FSPL), introduced as a result of recommendations by the Victorian Bushfires Royal Commission (VBRC) will be collected by Council on behalf of the State government, to fund the operations of the Melbourne Fire Brigade (MFB) and Country Fire Authority (CFA);
- Receipt of significant capital and major works funding of \$1.64m for the completion of Commonwealth funded Roads to Recovery projects; and
- Prevailing world economic conditions, following the global financial crisis, are expected to remain uncertain during the budget period. Significant risks remain and are concentrated around the prospects of major advanced economies. The budget impact for South Gippsland is the likelihood of further calls being made upon Council to fund defined benefits superannuation liabilities.

4.3 Internal Influences

As well as external influences, there were also internal influences arising from the 2012/13 year which have had a significant impact on the setting of the 2013/14 budget. These included:

- The cash available for projects carried forward, both capital and operational expenditure of which a significant portion of it is tied to grant funds; and
- Expected closing cash position as at 30 June 2013 of \$9.66m.

4.4 Budget Principles

In response to these significant influences, guidelines were prepared and distributed to all Council officers with budget responsibilities. The guidelines set out the key budget principles upon which the officers were to prepare their budgets. The principles included:

- Grants to be based on confirmed funding levels;
- New revenue sources to be identified where possible;
- Service levels to be maintained at 2012/13 levels with an aim to use less resources with an emphasis on innovation and efficiency;
- New service level initiatives and associated staff resource proposals to be justified through a business case;
- New initiatives or projects which are not cost neutral to be justified through a business case, and lifecycle costing analysis;
- Real savings in expenditure and increases in revenue identified in 2012/13 to be preserved; and
- Borrowing \$4.00m to fund the unfunded superannuation call that is payable by 1 July 2013.

4.5 Legislative Requirements

Under the Local Government Act 1989 (the Act), Council is required to prepare and adopt an Annual Budget for each financial year. The Budget is required to include certain information about the rates and charges that Council intends to levy as well as a range of other information required by the Local Government (Finance and Reporting) Regulations 2004 (the Regulations) which support the Act.

The Budget 2013/14, which is included in this report, is for the year 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014 and is prepared in accordance with the Act and Regulations. The Budget includes Standard Statements being the budgeted Statement of Financial Performance, Financial Position, Cash Flows and Capital Works. These statements have been prepared for the year ended 30 June 2014 in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements and in accordance with the Act and Regulations. It also includes detailed information about the rates and charges to be levied, the capital works program to be undertaken and other financial information, which Council requires in order to make an informed decision about the adoption of the budget.

The Budget includes consideration of a number of long-term strategies, plans and other information to assist Council in considering the Budget in a proper financial management context. These include the Financial Strategy and Long Term Financial Plan (section 9), Rating Information (section 12), Borrowing Information (section 13) and Infrastructure Information (section 14).

5. Analysis of Operating Budget

This section of the Annual Budget report analyses the expected revenues and expenses of the Council for the 2013/14 year.

5.1 Budgeted Income Statement

	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Fav (Unfav <u>)</u> Variance \$'000
Total operating revenue	5.2	54,628	49,005	(5,623)
Total operating expenditure	5.3	56,709	53,757	2,952
Underlying surplus (deficit)		(2,081)	(4,752)	(2,671)
Total Non Recurrent income	5.4	6,479	5,963	(516)
Surplus (deficit) for the year		4,398	1,211	(3,187)

5.1.1 Underlying surplus (\$2.67m decrease)

The underlying result is the net surplus or deficit for the year adjusted for capital grants, contributions of non-monetary assets and other once-off adjustments. It is a measure of financial sustainability and Council's ability to achieve its service delivery objectives as it is not impacted by non-recurring or once-off items of income and expenses which can often mask the operating result.

The underlying result for the 2013/14 year is a deficit of \$4.75m which is an increase of \$2.67m over the 2012/13 year. In calculating the underlying result, Council has excluded grants received for capital purposes, as funding for the capital works program is once-off and usually non-recurrent. Contributions of non-monetary assets are excluded as the value of assets assumed by Council is dependent on the level of development activity each year.

A key strategic objective is to achieve underlying surpluses in the medium to long term.

Council projects a surplus of \$1.21m for 2013/14 which is a decrease of \$3.19m over the 2012/13 year.

5.2 Income

Revenue Types	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Fav (Unfav <u>)</u> Variance \$'000
Rates & charges	5.2.1	31,374	33,924	2,550
Operating grants	5.2.2	17,567	9,206	(8,361)
Reimbursements	5.2.3	377	373	(4)
Contributions	5.2.4	316	60	(256)
Interest	5.2.5	740	589	(151)
User charges	5.2.6	2,436	3,006	570
Statutory Fees	5.2.7	482	519	37
Net gain / (loss) on disposal of assets	5.2.8	356	372	16
Other	5.2.9	980	956	(24)
Total operating revenue		54,628	49,005	(5,623)



5.2.1 Rates and Charges (\$2.55m increase)

It is projected that general rates and charges income which includes estimated \$494,000 in supplementary rates will increase by 8.1% over the base that was raised last year to \$33.92m.

General rates and charges have overall been increased by 6.48% for the 2013/14 year. This includes general rates, municipal charges and waste services charges. The general

rate will increase by 6.75%. The waste services charges for garbage collection / recycling / street sweeping / litter bins will increase by 2.5%.

Section 12, 'Rating Information' includes a more detailed analysis of the rates and charges to be levied for 2013/14.

5.2.2 Operating Grants (\$8.36m decrease)

Operating grants include all monies received from State and Federal sources for the purposes of funding the delivery of Council's services to ratepayers as well as one-off funding for projects undertaken on behalf of community organisations. Overall, the level of grants has decreased by 47.6% or \$8.36m compared to 2012/13.

Major recurrent grant funding will be received include the \$4.07m Victoria Grants Commission allocation, \$1.30m for Home and Community Care (HACC) programs, \$24,000 for Community programs, \$19,000 for Immunisation, \$241,000 for Maternal & Child Health, \$69,000 for Pre School Inclusion program, \$45,000 for Supported Playgroups, \$21,000 for Coal Creek, \$25,000 for Community Safety, \$40,000 for Regulatory Services, \$90,000 for Rural Access, \$5,000 for Environmental Health and a \$6,800 State Revenue Office valuation grant.

The previous year's recurrent funding included \$7.69m Victoria Grants Commission allocation.

One-off funding for 2013/14 includes \$60,000 for Emergency management, \$195,000 for the Advancing Country Towns, \$172,000 for Community Strengthening program, \$12,000 for Rural Access, \$600,000 for Engineering Services projects, \$52,000 for Depot management, \$1.91m for Storm response / recovery, \$41,000 for Biodiversity, \$69,000 for Fires Services Levy and \$132,000 for Sustainability services.

5.2.3 Reimbursements (\$4,000 decrease)

There is a \$4,000 or 1.1% decrease in the level of reimbursements expected to be received. The more notable items being increases in Work Cover reimbursements (\$20,000) insurance reimbursements (\$4,000) and a reduction in swimming pool reimbursements (\$22,000) and legal fee reimbursements associated with rate recovery processes (\$8,000).

5.2.4 Contributions (\$256,000 decrease)

There is a \$256,000 or 81.0% decrease in the level of contributions expected to be received in 2013/14. Contributions are expected for statutory open space contributions (\$50,000) and from the RSL for garbage services (\$9,000).

The reduction is predominantly due to receiving a \$150,000 community project contributions, \$82,000 Community Services projects and \$50,000 Biodiversity contributions in the previous financial year.

5.2.5 Interest Revenue (\$151,000 decrease)

There is a decrease of \$151,000 or 20.4% in interest revenue due to expected lower amounts of cash being available for investment than in previous years and decreasing interest rates. Reduced levels of interest are expected to be collected for outstanding rates and charges.

The Reserve Bank of Australia economic forecasts indicates there is a possibility to be some further downward pressure on interest rates in the budget period. Interest income on outstanding rates and charges is also expected to fall due to changed methods for calculating such charges coming in to effect in 2013/14.

5.2.6 User Charges (\$570,000 increase)

There is an increase of \$570,000 or 23.4% for user charges. The charges relate mainly to the recovery of service delivery costs through the charging of fees to users of Council's services. These include use of leisure, entertainment and other community facilities and the provision of human services such as aged and disabled services.

Fees and charges increases are generally modelled to increase by the same general rates increase until full cost recovery is achieved for the direct costs of service provision. The approach is to ensure that applicable fees and charges are reviewed beyond just CPI movements in line with the annual rate rise.

Landfill operations and Transfer Station income of \$1.66m is expected to increase substantially from the previous financial year (\$1.15m) as a result of introducing green waste fees and increasing tonnage fees.

Appendix F, 'Fees and Charges' details all user charges and statutory fees.

5.2.7 Statutory Fees (\$37,000 increase)

Statutory fees relate mainly to fees and fines levied in accordance with legislation and include animal registrations, Planning, Health Act registrations and parking fines.

Statutory fees are expected to increase by \$37,000 or 7.7% compared to the previous year. The increase expected is predominantly in Statutory planning fees.

5.2.8 Net Gain / (Loss) on asset disposals (\$16,000 increase)

This line item records the net difference between the sale prices received for disposing of assets and the written down value of the asset as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

A degree of volatility is expected in Net Gain / (Loss) on asset disposals. This is due to the differing nature of items being disposed of each year.

5.2.9 Other Revenue (\$24,000 decrease)

Other revenue relates to a range of unclassified items such as cost recoupment's and other miscellaneous income items including income from private works (\$329,000), Coal Creek sales (\$235,000) and rental income (\$346,000).

Other revenue is projected to decrease by \$24,000 or 2.4% in 2013/14. This is predominantly due to expecting less income from private works sealing income (\$28,000).

5.3 Expenditure

Expenditure Types	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Fav (Unfav) Variance \$'000
Employee costs	5.3.1	19,238	21,133	(1,895)
Materials and consumables	5.3.2	25,589	19,843	5,746
Depreciation	5.3.3	8,716	9,300	(584)
Other expenses	5.3.4	3,142	3,286	(144)
Borrowing cost expenses	5.3.5	24	195	(171)
Total operating expenditure		56,709	53,757	2,952



5.3.1 Employee Costs (\$1.89m increase)

Employee costs include all labour related expenditure includes wages and salaries and oncosts such as allowances, leave entitlements, employer superannuation and fringe benefits tax.

Employee costs are forecast to increase by 9.9% or \$1.89m compared to 2012/13.

The 2013/14 budgeted employee costs takes into account:

- An allowance for Council's Enterprise Agreement, banding and contract staff increments in 2013/14 and higher duties as well as the flow on effect to oncost expenses;
- The increase in superannuation contributions from 9.00% to 9.25%; and
- A 4.01 increase in Effective Full Time (EFT) across all four directorates from 2012/13. The additional positions include an Occupational Health and Safety Coordinator, Governance Officer and two additional engineering staff.

The range of services undertaken by Council involves the abilities, efforts and competencies of 257 Equivalent Full Time (EFT) staff. The skill base of Council's workforce is diverse, with staff holding qualifications in areas such as aged care, civil engineering, accounting, valuations, health care, planning, building, and other fields.

In delivering services to the community, Council may choose to use in-house or outsourced resources. The efficiency of Council's service delivery relies on a combination of both to achieve best value for the community.

There are also a vast number of volunteers that provide unpaid assistance across many services of Council.

The following table summarises the non-financial resources for the next four years. It should be noted that the employee costs include the costs that are capitalised to the balance sheet. No additional staffing resources have been modelled into the Long Term Financial Plan.

	Forecast Actual	Budget	Long Term Projections	Financial Pla	n
Indicator	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Employee costs	19,776	21,699	22,371	23,576	24,697
Employee numbers (EFT)	253	257	257	257	257

Council's staff based strategies include:

- Attracting and retaining quality staff members;
- Building a healthy and safer workplace;
- Developing a comprehensive workforce plan;
- Developing a learning and development program; and
- Rewarding our successes.

5.3.2 Materials and Consumables (\$5.75m decrease)

Materials and consumables are forecast to decrease by 22.5% or \$5.75m compared to 2012/13.

The significantly decreased expenditure on materials and consumables in 2013/14 can be attributed to having to incur \$5.57m expenditure on Storm Response and Recovery events in 2012/13, \$1.54m less on Civil Infrastructure works, \$313,000 less on Engineering projects \$121,000 less on Coal Creek and \$39,000 less on Planning and Environmental Health projects.

Section 3.1 'Key Projects, Initiatives and Annual Plan Activities' provide a more detailed analysis of the activities and initiatives being undertaken by Departments.

5.3.3 Depreciation (\$584,000 increase)

Depreciation relates to the usage of Council's property, plant and equipment including infrastructure assets such as roads and drains. Depreciation systematically allocates the cost of the 'consumption of the service potential' over the useful life of the asset to the Income Statement.

Periodic revaluation of infrastructure asset classes, the completion of the 2012/13 Capital Works Program and the full year effect of depreciation on the 2011/12 Capital Works Program impacts upon the depreciation charges. Refer to Section 7. 'Analysis of Capital Budget' for a more detailed analysis of Council's Capital Works Program for the 2013/14 year.

5.3.4 Other Expenses (\$144,000 increase)

Other expenses relate to a range of unclassified items including contributions to community groups, advertising, insurances, motor vehicle registrations, Library service, future known cost commitments associated with landfill rehabilitation and other miscellaneous expenditure items.

There has been \$145,000 increase in expenditure on recreation facilities, \$81,000 in Executive grants and contribution expenses and a \$78,000 cost decrease associated with the library services in 2013/14.

5.3.5 Borrowing Cost Expenses (\$171,000 increase)

Borrowing cost expenses represent the interest cost associated with borrowed funds. Borrowing costs are forecast to increase by \$171,000 compared to 2012/13 as a result of having to borrow \$4.00m to help finance Council's unfunded defined benefits superannuation obligations.

5.4 Non recurrent Income

Non Recurrent Income	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Fav (Unfav) Variance \$'000
Capital Grants and Contributions	5.4.1	5,237	4,659	(578)
Granted Assets	5.4.2	1,242	1,304	62
Total Non Recurrent Income		6,479	5,963	(516)

5.4.1 Capital Grants and Contributions (\$578,000 increase)

Capital grants include all monies received from State and Federal governments and community sources for the purposes of funding the capital works program. Overall the level of grants has increased by 11% or \$578,000 compared to 2012/13.

Capital grants and contributions are expected in 2013/14 for Local Government Infrastructure program (\$1.25m), Vic Road Bridge Maintenance (\$1.00m), Waratah Bay Caravan Park Rotunda and Camp Kitchen (\$110,000), Sandy Point Neighbourhood Safer Place (\$103,000), Roads to Recovery funding (\$1.64m) and Storm Response / Recovery Grant (\$560,000).

Section 7, 'Analysis of Capital Budget' includes a more detailed analysis of the grants and contributions that are expected to be received during the 2013/14 year.

5.4.2 Granted Assets (\$62,000 increase)

Granted Assets include gifted assets to Council such as roads, footpath and kerb and channels from developers who create new subdivisions.

There is a marginal increase compared to the previous year.

6. Analysis of Budgeted Cash Position

This section of the budget report analyses the expected cash flows for the 2013/14 year. The analysis is based on three main categories of cash flow. In summary these are:

- Operating activities these activities refer to the cash generated or used in carrying out the normal service delivery functions of Council;
- Investing activities these activities refer to cash generated or used in the enhancement or creation of infrastructure and other assets. These activities also include the acquisition and sale of other assets such as vehicles, property and equipment; and
- Financing activities these activities refer to cash generated or used in the financing of Council functions and include borrowings from financial institutions and advancing of repayable loans to other organisations. These activities also include repayment of borrowings.

The significance of budgeting cash flows for Council is that it is a key factor in setting the level of rates each year.

	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Variance \$'000
Operating Activities	6.1.1			
Receipts		59,509	53,292	(6,217)
Payments		(52,495)	(44,172)	8,323
Net cash inflow (outflow)		7,014	9,120	2,106
Investing Activities	6.1.2			
Receipts		1,211	924	(287)
Payments		(12,077)	(15,247)	(3,170)
Net cash inflow (outflow)		(10,866)	(14,323)	(3,457)
Financing Activities	6.1.3			
Receipts		0	4,000	4,000
Payments		(341)	(818)	(477)
Net cash inflow (outflow)		(341)	3,182	3,523
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(4,193)	(2,021)	2,172
Cash at beginning of year		13,852	9,659	(4,193)
Cash at end of year	6.1.4	9,659	7,638	(2,021)
Represented by:				

6.1 Analysis of budgeted statement of cash flows

	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Variance \$'000
Reserve cash and investments				
- Statutory		298	0	(298)
- Discretionary		878	45	(833)
- Working capital		8,483	7,593	(890)
	6.2	9,659	7,638	(2,021)

6.1.1 Operating Activities (\$2.11m increase)

The increase in net cash inflows from operating activities are due mainly to expending \$5.75m less on materials and consumables, \$2.71m less on employee costs and receiving \$2.55m additional rate income and an additional \$570,000 in user charges. This is partially offset by receiving \$8.84m less in grants.

6.1.2 Investing Activities (\$3.46m increase)

The \$3.46m decrease in net payments for investing activities is due mainly to actual gross expenditure on capital being \$3.17m more than as it was for 2012/13 and receiving less income of \$267,000 in capital sales compared with the previous year.

6.1.3 Financing activities (\$3.52m increase)

Financing activities includes new borrowings, the principal component of loan repayments for the year as well as the interest costs. For 2012/13 the total of principal and interest repayments was \$341,000. Council will borrow \$4.00m in 2013/14. Total principal and interest payments budgeted for 2013/14 is \$818,000.

6.1.4 Cash at End of the Year (\$2.02m decrease)

Overall, total cash and investments are forecast to be \$2.02m less than 2012/13. The opening cash position of \$9.66m and contribution of cash from operating activities (\$9.12m) as well as from financing activities (\$3.18m) has provided significant funds for the investing (\$14.32m) The cash is expected to be \$7.64m as at 30 June 2014, which is less than the previous year (\$9.66m).

6.2 Reserve Cash, Investments and Working Capital

The Cash Flow Statement above indicates that Council is estimating that at 30 June 2014 it will have cash of \$7.64m, which has been earmarked as follows:

• Working Capital (\$7.59m) - these funds are free of all specific Council commitments (after allowing for unexpended capital and grant funding) and represent funds available to meet daily cash flow requirements and unexpected short term needs. Council regards these funds as the absolute minimum necessary to ensure that it can meet its commitments as and when they fall due without borrowing further funds. This

level of working capital is required because 60% of Council's rate revenue is not received until February each year.

Statutory Purposes (\$Nil) – It is projected that there will be Nil funds in statutory
reserves for open space contributions. Statutory reserves funds must be applied for
specified statutory purposes in accordance with various legislative and contractual
requirements. Whilst these funds earn interest revenues for Council, they are not
available for other purposes.

Council estimates that it will receive \$50,000 public open space contributions in 2013/14. This will be transferred to the Open Space Contributions Reserve.

Council in 2013/14 will be utilising all of its Open Space Contributions reserve (\$362,000) to fund the Corner Inlet Tourism – Great Southern Rail Trail project (in 2012/13 it utilised \$50,000 reserve funds for the project).

• **Discretionary Purposes (\$45,000)** – It is projected that there will be \$45,000 funds in discretionary reserves allocated to Henry's Road Nyora.

\$639,000 will be transferred from the accumulated surplus to discretionary internal reserves. This reflects the allocation of funds to the General reserve (\$318,000) and to the Caravan Park reserve (\$321,000). Further inflation adjustment transfers are scheduled to be made for Corner Inlet Drainage (\$1,000), Henry's Road Nyora (\$2,000), and Caravan Parks (\$16,000).

\$1.49m will be transferred from discretionary internal reserves to accumulated surplus. Council in 2013/14 will be utilising \$26,000 Corner Inlet Seawall Drainage Reserve to offset the Section 86 Committee's costs, \$804,000 General reserve to fund defined benefit scheme unfunded superannuation call and \$661,000 Caravan Park reserve to help fund the Toilet Block, Rotunda and Camp Kitchen in Waratah Bay.

Allocations to discretionary reserves normally only occur when underlying surplus operating results that are at least equivalent to the reserve transfer is achieved. These funds will be available for whatever purpose Council decides is their best use.

There are no restrictions on the use of these funds other than as Council may itself impose. Any changes in future use of the funds will be made in the context of the future strategic funding requirements. The decisions about future use of these funds can then be updated into Council's Long Term Financial Plan.

7. Analysis of Capital Budget

This section of the Budget report analyses the planned capital expenditure budget for the 2013/14 year and the sources of funding for the budget.

7.1 Capital works

Capital Works Areas	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Variance \$'000
Works for 2013/14 *				
Roads	7.1.1	4,240	6,278	2,038
Footpaths	7.1.2	827	575	(252)
Kerb & Channel	7.1.3	12	10	(2)
Bridges	7.1.4	187	785	598
Drains & Culverts	7.1.5	330	554	224
Car parks	7.1.6	0	0	0
Other Structures	7.1.7	1,403	2,151	748
Buildings (including aquatic facilities)	7.1.8	1,429	1,502	73
Land	7.1.9	0	0	0
Plant & Machinery	7.1.10	3,179	2,559	(620)
Furniture & Equipment	7.1.11	470	833	363
Total capital works		12,077	15,247	3,170
Works for 2013/14 represented by:				
Capital expenditure				
New assets		1,768	1,579	(189)
Asset renewals		10,309	13,668	3,359
Total capital works		12,077	13,668	3,359
Works carried forward				
* Includes works carried forward from previous year	6.1.12	2,640	2,149	(491)



7.1.1 Roads (\$6.28m)

For 2013/14 this includes reseals including Betterment Works (\$840,000), Rehabilitation program (\$1.14m), Reseals including reseal preparation works (\$2.42m), Anderson Street Town Entrance – Leongatha (\$16,000), Kongwak Inverloch Road – Kongwak (\$260,000), Station Street Rehabilitation – Korumburra (\$557,000), Lower Franklin Road Rehabilitation - Foster (\$508,000) Lower Toora Road – Toora (\$42,000), Bridge Street – Korumburra (\$65,000), Koonwarra Pound Creek Road deviation – Leongatha (\$21,000), Stoney Creek Dollar Road improvements – Stony Creek (\$180,000) and Neighbourhood Safer Place – Sandy Point (\$230,000).

7.1.2 Footpaths (\$575,000)

For 2013/14 this includes Footpaths Renewal program (\$266,000), Shingler Street-Leongatha (\$156,000), Beach Parade – Sandy Point (\$72,000) and Footpath – Venus Bay (\$80,000).

7.1.3 Kerb & Channel (\$10,000)

For 2013/14 \$10,000 funds has been allocated to Foster Streetscape works.

7.1.4 Bridges (\$785,000)

For 2013/14 this includes Summers Road Bridge replacement – Fish Creek (\$102,000), Goads Road Bridge replacement (\$472,000) and Agnes River Bridge replacement (\$211,000).

7.1.5 Drains & Culverts (\$554,000)

For 2013/14 this includes Flood Mitigation Hanna Rise Crescent, Jumbunna Road and Melville Avenue (\$507,000) and the Drainage Rehabilitation program (\$47,000).

7.1.6 Car Parks (Nil)

For 2013/14 no funds have been allocated to car parks.

7.1.7 Other Structures (\$2.15m)

For 2013/14 this includes Capital Works design costs (\$209,000), Guard rails Wild Dog Valley Road – Amiet's Bridge (\$63,000), Guard rails Yannathan Road – Nyora (\$18,000), Coal Creek Heritage Village (\$199,000), General purchase (\$250,000), Playground replacement program (\$159,000), Future unplanned Sports Recreation Victoria works (\$150,000), Kindergartens Playground Replacement program (\$15,000), Public Jetty Upgrade – Port Welshpool (\$121,000), McIndoe Park Rotunda Extension (\$43,000), Landfill (\$24,000) and Koonwarra Cell construction (\$899,000).

7.1.8 Buildings (\$1.50m)

For 2013/14 this includes Office Accommodation (\$540,000), Korumburra Child Care Hub (\$348,000), Caravan Park Toilet Block – Waratah Bay (\$397,000) and Caravan Park Rotunda and Camp Kitchen – Waratah Bay (\$216,000).

7.1.9 Land (Nil)

For 2013/14 no funds have been allocated to sundry land purchases.

7.1.10 Plant & Equipment (\$2.56m)

This predominantly relates to ongoing cyclical replacement of the plant and vehicle fleet (\$2.56m).

7.1.11 Office Furniture & Equipment (\$833,000)

For 2013/14 there is an allocation for computer related equipment and software (\$833,000).

7.1.12 Carried forward works (\$2.15m)

At the end of each financial year there are projects which are either incomplete or not commenced due to planning issues, weather delays, extended consultation or other delays.

The following capital projects have had budgets carried forward from 2012/13 to 2013/14. These include:- Office accommodation (\$440,000), Korumburra Child Care Hub (\$216,000), Foster Streetscape (\$9,600), Port Welshpool Jetty upgrade (\$121,000), McIndoe Park Rotunda (\$43,000), Anderson Street Leongatha (\$16,000), Stony Creek Dollar Road (\$180,000), Plant / Fleet purchases (\$308,000), Coal Creek projects (\$87,000), Landfill (\$24,000), Kongwak Inverloch Road (\$260,000), Bridget street Korumburra (\$65,000), Sandy Point Neighbourhood Safer Place (\$230,000), Koonwarra cell construction (\$88,000) Venus Bay footpath (\$80,000) and Koonwarra –Pound Creek Road deviation (\$21,000). These costs are included in the above described capital works areas as appropriate.

In the last financial year \$2.64m of capital projects had budgets carried forward.

Sources of Funding	Reference	Forecast Actual 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Variance \$'000
External				
Grants and contributions	7.2.1	5,237	4,659	(578)
Borrowings	7.2.2	0	0	0
Proceeds on sale of assets	7.2.3	1,211	924	(287)
Sub total		6,448	5,583	(865)
Internal				
Operations	7.2.4	1,436	4,461	3,025
Working Capital & Reserves	7.2.5	4,193	1,203	(2,990)
Sub total		5,629	5,664	35
Total funding sources		12,077	11,247	(830)

Funding Sources

7.2.1 Grants and contributions (\$578,000 decrease)

Capital grants and contributions include all monies received from State, Federal and community sources for the purposes of funding the capital works program. Overall the level of grants has decreased by \$578,000 compared to 2012/13

7.2.2 Borrowing (nil movement)

There are no borrowing's budgeted for in the 2013/14 financial year for capital projects. (The \$4.00m borrowings are financing Council's unfunded defined benefits superannuation obligations).

7.2.3 Proceeds from sale of assets (\$287,000 decrease)

Proceeds from sale of assets include motor vehicle sales in accordance with Council's fleet renewal policy of \$283,000 for plant sales, \$390,000 for vehicle sales and general land sales of \$250,000.

7.2.4 Operations (\$3.03m increase)

During the year Council generates cash from its operating activities, which is used as a funding source for the capital works program. It is forecast that \$4.46m will be generated from operations to fund the 2013/14 capital works program (after allowing for capital grants

and contributions as discussed in Section 7.2.1). Refer section 6. 'Analysis of Budgeted Cash Position' for more information on funds from operations.

1.2.5 Working Capital & Reserves (\$2.99m decrease)

Council also has cash and investments, which represent internal reserves, working capital and funds preserved from the previous year mainly as a result of grants and contributions, being received in advance and funding for projects that were budgeted for but not completed in the previous financial year.

It is forecast that \$4.19m working capital will be available from the 2012/13 year to fund the 2013/14 Capital Works program.

8. Analysis of Budgeted Balance Sheet

This section of the budget report analyses the movements in assets, liabilities and equity between 2012/13 and 2013/14.

1.1 Budgeted Balance sheet

	Reference	Forecast Actual 30 Jun 13	Budget 30 Jun 14	Variance
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Assets	8.1.1	17,623	15,591	(2,032)
Liabilities	8.1.2	(10,371)	(10,780)	(409)
Net current assets		7,252	4,811	(2,441)
Non Current				
Assets	8.1.3	473,579	528,293	54,714
Liabilities	8.1.4	(271)	(3,318)	(3,047)
Net non current assets		473,308	524,975	51,667
Net assets		480,560	529,786	49,226
Equity				
Accumulated surplus		192,823	195,164	2,341
Reserves		287,737	334,622	46,885
Total equity	8.1.5	480,560	529,786	49,226

8.1.1 Current Assets (\$2.44m decrease)

The current assets are projected to be less than 2012/13, the main contributor being a \$2.02m decrease in the cash position. A more detailed analysis of this change is included in section 6. 'Analysis of Budgeted Cash Position'. Rate and other debtors are not expected to change significantly.

8.1.2 Current Liabilities (\$409,000 increase)

There is a increase of \$409,000 in current liabilities (obligations that Council must pay within the next 12 months). This is predominantly due to increased current liability loan obligations as a result of borrowing \$4.00m. A more detailed analysis of loan obligations is included in section 13, 'Borrowing Information'.

8.1.3 Non current assets (\$51.67m increase)

The increase in non-current assets is due to the net result of the capital works program (\$15.25m), revaluation of infrastructure assets (\$48.02k), gifted and donated assets (\$1.30m), the depreciation of all non-current assets with the exception of land (\$9.30m) and the written down value of property, plant and equipment sales (\$552,000).

8.1.4 Non current liabilities (\$3.05m increase)

The increase in movements in non-current liabilities is due primarily to borrowing \$4.00m.

8.1.5 Equity (\$49.23m increase)

The increase in the accumulated surplus is impacted by the forecast operating surplus of \$49.23m after allowing for \$4.66m capital grants, \$1.30m donated and granted assets and \$48.02m in infrastructure assets revaluation increments.

In addition to this overall change in Equity, \$724,000 will be transferred from the accumulated surplus to internal reserves. This reflects the allocation of funds from Open Space Contributions to the internal reserve (\$50,000), allocations to the General reserve (\$318,000) and to the Caravan Park reserve (\$321,000). Further inflation adjustment transfers are scheduled to be made for Open Space Contributions (\$15,000), Corner Inlet Drainage (\$1,000), Henry's Road Nyora (\$2,000), and Caravan Parks (\$16,000).

\$1.85m will be transferred out of the internal reserves to the accumulated surplus. This includes \$363,000 from the Open Space Contributions (fund Corner Inlet Tourism – Great Southern Rail Trail project), \$26,000 from the Corner Inlet Seawall Drainage (fund Section 86 Committee's costs), \$803,000 from the General reserve (fund defined benefit scheme unfunded superannuation call) and \$661,000 from the Caravan Park reserve (fund Toilet Block, Rotunda and Camp Kitchen in Waratah Bay).

As these transfers are movements between balances within equity, it has no effect on the total balance of equity.

8.2 Key assumptions

In preparing the budgeted Balance Sheet for the year ended 30 June 2014 it was necessary to make a number of assumptions about key assets, liabilities and equity balances. The key assumptions are as follows:

- The collection level of rates and charges that will be collected in 2013/14 will be at similar levels to that of previous years;
- Trade creditors and other creditors and debtors to remain consistent with 2012/13 levels;
- Proceeds from the sale of property in 2013/14 will be received in full in 2013/14;
- Employee entitlements to be increased to allow for wage movements. No increase in the average rate of leave taken is expected;
- Repayment of loan principal is to be \$623,000;
- Total capital expenditure to be \$15.25m;
- A total net \$1.85m to be transferred from internal reserves to accumulated surplus; and
- \$4.66m in capital grants will be received by 30 June 2014.

9. Financial Strategy and Long Term Financial Plan

9.1.1 Long Term Financial Plan and the concept of sound financial management

Council is required by the Local Government Act 1989 to prepare a Strategic Resource Plan covering both financial and non-financial resources for at least the next four financial years to support the Council Plan. The Act also requires Council to comply with the following *Principles of Sound Financial Management*:

- 'Prudently manage financial risks relating to debt, assets and liabilities;
- Provide reasonable stability in the level of rate burden;
- Consider the financial effects of Council decisions on future generations; and
- Provide full, accurate and timely disclosure of financial information'.

The Standard Statements in the Strategic Resource Plan are a subset of the 15 year Long Term Financial Plan.

A high level 10 year Long Term Financial Plan was first developed by Council in 2003. It has been reviewed and refined every year since. This 15 year Long Term Financial Plan for the years 2013/14 to 2027/28 has been further refined as part of Council's strategic financial planning framework. It ensures that Council adopts a financially responsible and accountable Annual Budget and Strategic Resource Plan that sits within a longer term framework.

The budgeted financial statements of the Long Term Financial Plan are in Appendix C.

Sound financial management can best be described as a series of financial objectives classified on a hierarchical needs basis, as shown in the pyramid diagram on the following page.



The bottom tier's financial objective 'Critical Short Term Sustainability' relates to issues of liquidity, debt ratios and working capital, which are fundamental to good business planning. In order for Council to operate successfully, it is essential that these 'fundamentals' are both understood and adhered to. Council commenced strategic financial management practices in 2003/04. In that year, the Financial Strategy, the Long Term Financial Plan and the resulting 2003/04 Annual Budget focussed on and addressed these fundamental issues.

The Long Term Financial Plan from 2004/05 through to 2008/09 primarily focused on continuing to produce progressively improving financial outcomes to strengthen Council's financial position. The Long Term Financial Plan was to a large degree financial centric as opposed to being service level centric.

Commencing from 2009/10 and on an annual basis thereafter, substantial and progressively more funding is now available to fund desired service level requirements and in particular, asset renewal needs. The strategic focus since 2009/10 has centred on second tier 'Strengthening Performances', dealing more with operational issues, such as levels of service and asset renewal requirements.

Unfortunately in 2012/13 Council experienced a number of financial challenges as a result of the higher than anticipated unfunded superannuation call, reduced Victoria Grants Commission allocation and other cost pressures. This had a material financial impact on the first tier 'Critical Short Term Sustainability' working capital and cash liquidity levels. Council has in the 2013/14 Annual Budget process addressed these concerns. It is projected that Council's working capital will progressively improve and be fully restored to its strategic target level of 1.5 to 1 by 2017/18.

At the same time a concerted effort will be made to actually review current service level requirements and identify productivity savings equivalent to \$210,000 in the 2013/14 year.

It is vitally important to define and then consistently achieve planned operational and financial outcomes, before seriously beginning to attempt to address the ultimate third tier goal of 'Long Term Financial Sustainability'. This is achieved when adequate funding is being provided in current and forward budgets for a defined level of services, including associated infrastructure asset requirements, which the community is satisfied with and prepared to pay for.

A financially sustainable council would be capable of:

- Providing and funding the service needs of its community;
- Meet contingencies without needing to make radical changes to spending and / or revenue policies;
- Maintain stability and equity in rating levels; and
- Preserve intergenerational equity.

When developing long term financial plans it is important that an assessment is made of the community's capacity and preparedness to pay for current and desired service expectations.

There needs to be an informed understanding of what is the sustainable financial capacity of Council's community. It is important to consider the inherent structural characteristics of the community, namely the community income and population, on Council's ability to raise revenue and contain costs.

Similarly, it is important that Council's corporate performance to plan and provide services and assets to its community is both transparent and measurable.

The assessment of the community's capacity to pay for service level requirements and the effectiveness and efficiency of Council planning and delivering planned outcomes are fundamental precursors to developing and then performance managing long term financial plans.

9.2 Key Financial Strategies

The Financial Strategy developed and adopted by Council aligns with the financial objectives in the 'financial pyramid'. They are in effect business rules. Logic being, keep

to the rules and over a period of time the financial objectives will be achieved. The financial strategies that underpin the development of the Long Term Financial Plan, Strategic Resource Plan and Annual Budget include:

- 1. Target consistent underlying surpluses that provide sufficient funds for both recurrent service level and asset renewal and upgrade requirements.
- 2. Target the Balance Sheet having at least a 1.5 to 1 underlying working capital ratio in the Long Term Financial Plan.
- 3. Transfers to discretionary reserves will only be included in the Annual Budget if matched by an equivalent budgeted underlying surplus in the Income Statement to preserve the accumulated surplus position of Council.
- 4. Material favourable budget variations realised at year's end in a given financial year will be allocated to a general reserve (unless required to finance projects deemed as 'unavoidable') that can be used as a funding source for future one off, unexpected or unavoidable costs.
- 5. Annual transfers of equivalent to 0.5% of rate income be made to the general reserve and to target increasing the annual transfer to be equivalent to 1% of rate income to the general reserve in the later years of the Long Term Financial Plan.
- 6. Annual transfers equivalent to the average interest earned on investments during the financial year be made to the following reserves; Public Open Space, Car Parking, Corner Inlet Seawall Drainage and Henry Road Nyora Reserve and to the General Reserve in later years when it is financially viable to do so.
- 7. Budgeted underlying cash at the end of each year shall be measured by referencing it against the underlying working capital ratio in the Long Term Financial Plan.
- 8. Service level funding gaps will be identified and classified as primary or secondary in nature to clearly distinguish the cash flow requirements of maintaining existing service levels (primary gaps) and for service level enhancements (secondary gaps).
- 9. A series of key financial performance indicators, with appropriate threshold targets, will be utilised to strategically analyse the financial integrity of the Plan. These include:
 - underlying working capital ratio greater than 1.5
 - underlying result greater than 0.0
 - financial sustainability indicator greater than 95%
 - self financing greater than 20%
 - indebtedness less than 40%
 - total debt as a % of rate revenue less than 60%
 - debt service costs as a % of total revenue less 5%
- 10. The amount of asset renewal funding required to maintain specified service levels as documented in asset management plans will be updated into the Long Term

Financial Plan subject to the available resource requirements to ensure that the financial integrity of the Plan is not compromised.

- 11. Any new capital work (capital extension) proposals must include a lifecycle cost evaluation that identifies the asset's construction, maintenance and operating cash flow requirements as well as the depreciation impact.
- 12. Capital income must only be utilised as a funding source for capital or 'one off' expenditure requirements
- 13. Council consider borrowing for new capital projects only when consistent underlying operating surplus results are being achieved.
- 14. For borrowings to be considered, projects must have had a full lifecycle cost analysis undertaken, proving that future cash inflows will exceed the cash outlays, or alternatively that the additional costs are quantified in the Long Term Financial Plan and the integrity of the financial strategies are not compromised.
- 15. Where reasonably possible, fees and charges are increased by the same general rates increase until full cost recovery is achieved for direct service provision. Any fees that are not increased in line with the planned rate rise be clearly identified and documented for Council's consideration
- 16. Council consider the most appropriate rating strategy to provide adequate funds to:
 - achieve sustainable underlying surpluses;
 - achieve sustainable cash flows; and
 - fund capital renewal projects;

This will be included in both the Annual Budget and Long Term Financial Plan to support defined service and infrastructure asset requirements.

9.3 Budgeting Methodology for the Long Term Financial Plan

The Long Term Financial Plan has been prepared at the lowest accounting level within the Council's general ledger system. At this level, certain accounts were coded for manual adjustment rather than broad percentage increases. For example, election expenses occur only once every four years. It is therefore not possible to simply multiply the previous year's base by a percentage and achieve the same outcomes as presented.

The Long Term Financial Plan also takes past, current and future economic forecasts into consideration. For instance, Australia and South Gippsland were not immune from the impact of the global financial crisis that occurred in mid 2008. From a Shire wide perspective there was a significant impact on global demand for milk products and the flow on impact of milk prices paid to dairy farmers.

Although it is broadly acknowledged that the world is now in a recovery phase, Australia did not fair too badly in relative terms but it needs to be noted that economically speaking, the world situation is still somewhat fragile. There are real sovereign debt concerns in Europe and concerns with the United States of America's credit rating.

Similarly from a Council perspective, there was great concern about the potential likelihood of all councils to contribute to unfunded defined superannuation contributions. In August 2012 there was a call for all Victorian councils to make contributions to the defined benefits unfunded liabilities. South Gippsland Shire Council's share was \$4.61m. A further actuarial assessment was scheduled to occur in December 2014 and there is a reasonable probability that a further call for unfunded contributions will again occur in the 2014/15 year.

Council's strategic response includes the following:

- Actively plan to financially accommodate any calls for funds by allocating funds on an annual basis to a General Reserve; and
- Minimise the rate rise as much as practically possible and not compromise the financial integrity of the financial strategies and plan.

The financial modelling used in the Long Term Financial Plan utilises both Commsec and the Reserve Bank's economic forecasts.

The Reserve Bank of Australia target rate for inflation (as measured in the CPI), is that it remains between 2% and 3%.

CommSec forecasts that inflation will be 2.6% for 2013/14, increasing in the following financial year to 2.9%.

The base point used for modelling forward budgets has been the last financial year's Long Term Financial Plan.

Where an inflation movement has been used in material and consumable calculations, it has been modelled at being 2.5% in 2013/14. In the following years, the default inflation index in the Long Term Financial Plan has been modelled to remain at 2.5% per annum.

CommSec Wages Prices Index project a 3.8% movement to occur in 2013/14 and then to increase to 3.9% in following years. Past wage movements granted to Council employees have had a very close parity with the Wages Prices Index.

Council is party to Enterprise Agreement that remains in force until June 2016. The quantum and timing of salary increases under the agreement is an increase of 4% or \$40 per week, whichever is the greater payable September each year.

The employee costs for 2013/14 and forward budgets have also been adjusted to take into account Enterprise Agreement wage movements and banding movements. It also has factored in the increase in superannuation contributions from 9% to 12% by July 2019.

Program service delivery areas that include construction type projects will have a tendency to have costs that increase more than CPI. The Australian Bureau of Statistics showed that the Road Bridge Construction Index for Victoria increased by 4.3% for the year on year period ending March 2013. The 'Engineering Construction' and 'Non-Residential

Building' Indices prepared by the Construction Forecasting Council are forecast at 2.4% and 3.8% respectively for 2013/14.

The budgeting methodology used in the capital works program depends on the nature and timing of the projects. For the majority of infrastructure projects that occur yearly, such as roads, bridges culverts and drains, the costing in future years is based on an indexed increase of 5.25% per annum, being the estimated increase applicable to infrastructure project costs by Council's Engineering Services Directorate. The increase allows for regional cost impacts of the recently closed quarry and creates a conservative buffer for the forward capital works program.

In the later years of the Long Term Financial Plan there are pools of funds allocated for various asset classes.

As the 15 year capital works program stabilises, one would anticipate that this would allow the Engineering Services Directorate to schedule and prioritise design work and as a result, further refine the required budgets for individual projects. This would be reflected in subsequent versions of the Long Term Financial Plan produced in future years.

Fees and charges increases are generally modelled to increase by greater than CPI until full cost recovery is achieved for the direct costs of service provision.

The overall rates and charges rises are projected to increase by 6.48% for 2013/14. The following years overall rates and charges rises are projected to be 6.25% in 2014/15, 5.32% in 2015/16 and 2016/17 and 5.09% in 2017/18. From 2018/19 onwards, rate rises are projected to reduce to 4.87%. The objective is to smooth the rises over the future years in the Long Term Financial Plan.

The rationale for rate rises being above CPI and inflation indexes is to generate progressively increasing revenue streams to fund a steadily increasing capital works program and increasing service level requirements.

In past budgets, the modelling had only allowed, in a very limited manner, a growth inflator for income and associated costs to cater for increased population growth. This current Annual Budget and Long Term Financial Plan has allowed for a growth factor of 200 additional supplementary valuations each year. This has a significant compounding impact on rate income in the forward budgets.

9.4 Key Financial Performance Indicators

Council uses a series of key performance indicators to assess the financial integrity of the budgeted financial statements in the Long Term Financial Plan.

They are not dissimilar to the indicators that the Victoria Auditor General's Office use to assess the financial sustainability of all Victorian councils. In fact Council can and does have the ability to set some additional and in some instances more sophisticated performance measures. The underlying operating and working capital Key Performance Indicators are examples of technically more sound and therefore more appropriate indicators.

Listed on the following pages are the financial performance indicators including a brief description of what is measured, why and the relevant thresholds.

Financial Performance

Underlying result

Adjusted net surplus / underlying revenue

Adjusted net surplus is underlying revenue less expenses

Underlying revenue does not include developer contributions and capital grants.

Measures strength of financial result

Indicator	Range	Comment
Green	>0	Low risk of financial sustainability concerns.
Yellow	0 - (-10)%	Risk of long term run down of cash reserves and inability to fund asset renewals.
Red	>(-10%)	Insufficient revenue to fund operations and asset renewal.

Underlying Working Capital

Current assets / current liabilities				
Current assets a	s per Balance Shee	et not including cash backed reserves		
Current liabilities	as per Balance Sh	eet		
Measures ability	y to pay existing li	abilities		
Indicator	Range	Comment		
Green	> 1.5	Low risk of financial sustainability concerns		
Yellow	1.0 - 1.5	Caution with cash flow as issues could arise with meeting obligations as they fall due.		
Red	<1	Immediate sustainability issues with insufficient current assets to cover liabilities.		

Funding Capacity

Self-financing

Net operating cash flows / underlying revenue and capital grants

Net operating cash flows as per Cash Flow Statement

Underlying revenue does not include developer contributions.

Measures ability to self-fund asset replacement

Indicator	Range	Comment							
Green	>20%	Generating enough cash from operations to fund assets.							
Yellow	10% - 20%	May not be generating sufficient cash from operations to fund new assets							
Red	<10%	Insufficient funds from operations to fund new assets and renewals.							

Sustainability Index

Capital spend / de	epreciation										
Capital renewal an	d upgrade spend as pe	r Cash Flow Statement									
Depreciation as pe	er Income Statement.										
Measures level of	spending on assets										
Indicator	Range Comment										
Green	>100%	Low risk of insufficient spending on asset renewal and upgrades.									
Yellow	90%-100%	May indicate that spending on asset renewals is insufficient									
Red	<90%	Spending on asset renewals and upgrades has not kept pace with consumption of assets.									

At best this is a poor ad hoc asset spend indicator. It is useful in that it assesses financial 'spend effort' over a period of time. Ideally this should in time be replaced by ratio analysis of 'Written Down Value' to 'Replacement Value' when credible consumption based depreciation is introduced.

Borrowing capacity

Indebtedness

Non current liabilities / own sourced revenue

Non current liabilities as per Balance Sheet

Own sourced revenue does not include operational and capital grants and contributions

Measures ability to cover long term liabilities from own revenue

Indicator	Range	Comment
Green	<40%	No concern over the ability to repay debt from own source revenue.
Yellow	40%-60%	Some concern over the ability to repay debt from own source revenue
Red	>60%	Potential long term concern over the ability to repay debt levels from own source revenues.

Total Debt as a % of rate revenue										
Includes current and non current liabilities in Balance Sheet										
Rate income as per Incom	ne Statement									
Measures level of rate in	come relative to	total debt								
Indicator	ndicator Range Comment									
Green	<60%	Reasonable reliance on rate revenue to fund debt.								
Yellow	40%-60%	Undesirable reliance on rate revenue to fund debt.								
Red	>60%	Unsustainable reliance on rate revenue to fund debt.								

Debt servicing costs as a % of total revenue

Borrowing cost expenses as per Income Statement

Total revenue in Income Statement not including donated assets and gain/loss on asset disposals

Measures portion of revenue committed to fund debt finance costs

Indicator	Range	Comment
Green	<5%	Reasonable proportion of total revenue to fund debt finance costs.
Yellow	5%-10%	Undesirable reliance on proportion of total revenue to fund debt finance costs.
Red	>10%	Unsustainable reliance on proportion of total revenue to fund debt finance costs.

The table below shows a series of key performance indicators to assess the financial integrity of the budgeted financial statements in the Long Term Financial Plan. They are not dissimilar to the indicators that the Victoria Auditor General's Office uses to assess the financial sustainability of all Victorian Councils.

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Financial performance															
Underlying result	-9.70%	4.37%	4.95%	6.93%	7.47%	8.01%	8.16%	8.94%	9.34%	22.87%	10.30%	10.67%	11.46%	12.10%	12.88%
Underlying Working Capital	1.44	1.31	1.33	1.46	1.76	1.78	2.18	1.70	1.48	2.16	1.78	1.92	2.35	2.50	2.38
Funding capacity															
Self-financing	16.99%	29.49%	26.94%	30.19%	29.08%	30.12%	30.47%	32.16%	32.86%	33.32%	34.81%	35.17%	35.91%	36.45%	37.10%
Sustainability Index	133%	159%	138%	115%	103%	107%	123%	161%	1 06%	175%	165%	95%	129%	149%	167%
Borrowing capacity															
Indebtedness	8.27%	6.58%	5.14%	3.74%	2.41%	1.19%	1.26%	1.33%	1.40 %	1.23%	1.54%	1.60%	1.67%	1.73%	1.78%
Total Debt as a % of Rate revenue	10.35%	8.17%	6.35%	4.60%	2.96%	1.44%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Debt servicing costs as a % of Total revenue	0.37%	0.28%	0.24%	0.18%	0.13%	0.08%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00

Ratios coloured red indicate either short term / immediate sustainability concerns, yellow denotes medium risk and green low risk.

The 'Underlying Result' compares recurrent income and recurrent expenditure. The underlying result is forecast to be in the yellow zone in 2013/14. This is because Council was prepaid half of its Victoria Grants Commission allocation in the preceding 2012/13 financial year. From 2014/15 and all the forward budgets it is projected to be in the green zone.

The 'Underlying Working Capital' assesses Balance Sheet strength and in particular Council's ability to pay existing liabilities. In the forward plan the ratio falls below the

strategic target of 1.50 to 1 from 2013/14 through to 2016/17 and once again in 2021/22. Although it does not present as an immediate financial concern it does indicate that Council has less financial capacity to accommodate unforseen strategic opportunities or unavoidable cost events that may arise in that period of time.

The 'Self Financing' indicator compares net operating cash flows to underlying revenue and capital grants. It is forecast to be in the yellow zone for 2013/14. The ratio is impacted by the prepayment of half of its Victoria Grants Commission allocation in the preceding 2012/13 financial year. This does not present as a strategic concern. From 2014/15 and beyond, the ratio is projected to be in the green zone.

The 'Sustainability Indicator' assesses asset renewal and upgrade expenditure spend effort over a period of time. It is forecast to be in the green zone for 2013/14 and all the forward budgets with the exception of 2024/25. It is worth noting that there are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets. There are adequate funds for recurrent cost requirements for all major asset classes for the current defined service levels as documented in Asset Management Plans.

The three borrowing capacity indicators, 'Indebtedness', 'Total Debt as a percentage of Rate Revenue' and 'Debt Servicing Costs as a percentage of Total Revenue' are forecast to be in the green zone for 2013/14 and all the forward budgets.

The key financial performance indicators in the Long Term Financial Plan serve as very important lead indicators to identify future years' financial ramifications of decisions that are made in the present period. Longer term, the trend is positive.

The financial performance indicators for the preceding year's Long Term Financial Plan are shown below.

2012/13 Original Budget	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Financial performance															
Underlying result	5.27%	3.80%	1.67%	2.59%	2.74%	3.22%	3.06%	-0.87%	2.83%	2.16%	2.03%	1.13%	1.72%	1.49%	5
Underlying Working Capital	1.64	1.46	1.59	1.48	1.62	1.68	1.82	1.58	1.42	1.48	1.51	1.52	1.52	. 1.57	
Funding capacity															
Self-financing	27.11%	28.87%	24.83%	25.95%	26.21%	27.23%	27.26%	25.59%	27.91%	28.13%	28.19%	28.17%	28.79%	29.64%	5
Sustainability Index	118%	157%	107%	132%	111%	115%	106%	105%	127%	110%	110%	106%	108%	106%	
Borrowing capacity															
Indebtedness	1.33%	1.39%	1.46%	1.51%	2.03%	2.51%	2.96%	3.35%	3.74%	4.08%	4.38%	4.67%	4.92%	5.14%	5
Total Debt as a % of Rate revenue	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5
Debt servicing costs as a % of Total revenue	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5

The table on the following page shows the variance between the two plans.
Variation of 2013/14 to 2012/13 Budget	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Financial performance															
Underlying result	-14.96%	0.57%	3.28%	4.34%	4.72%	4.78%	5.11%	9.82%	6.51%	20.71%	8.27%	9.55%	9.75%	10.61%	
Underlying Working Capital	(0.20)	(0.15)	(0.26)	(0.02)	0.14	0.10	0.36	0.12	0.05	0.68	0.27	0.40	0.83	0.93	
Funding capacity															
Self-financing	-10.11%	0.63%	2.11%	4.24%	2.88%	2.89%	3.21%	6.57%	4.96%	5.19%	6.62%	6.99%	7.12%	6.82%	
Sustainability Index	14.88%	1.50%	30.93%	-16.35%	-7.79%	-8.16%	16.70%	55.19%	-20.27%	65.54%	55.71%	-11.07%	20.34%	42.98%	
Borrowing capacity															
Indebtedness	6.94%	5.19%	3.68%	2.23%	0.38%	-1.32%	-1.69%	-2.02%	-2.33%	-2.85%	-2.84%	-3.06%	-3.25%	-3.41%	
Total Debt as a % of Rate revenue	10.35%	8.17%	6.35%	4.60%	2.96%	1.44%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6
Debt servicing costs as a % of Total revenue	0.36%	0.28%	0.24%	0.18%	0.13%	0.08%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6

Overall, the proposed plan for 2013/14 has parity with the previous year's plan. The underlying working capital is weaker than the previous year's financial plan in the immediate years. Contributing factors for this include reduced Victoria Grants Commission income and less interest income.

As mentioned previously, the self financing ratio in 2013/14 is impacted by the prepayment of the Victoria Grants Commission allocation in the previous financial year.

The marginal weakening of sustainability index in some forward years shows that some 'renewal' and 'upgrade' funds are now being redirected to 'new' capital works.

As expected, the borrowing capacity indicators movements are impacted by having to borrow \$4.00m in 2013/14 but do not present a strategic concern.

The following financial indicators are used as measures for the 2013/14 Financial Key Strategic Activity (KSA).

•	Indebtedness	8.27%;
•	Underlying working capital ratio	1.44;
•	Self financing	16.99%;
•	Investment gap	1.33; and
•	Underlying result	(-9.70)%.

Target: Weighted average of key financial ratios is greater than or equal to 98%.

10. Analysis of current Long Term Financial Plan to previous years plans

10.1 Introduction

South Gippsland Shire Council has been producing strategic financial plans over the past 10 years. The following graphs benchmark the current 2013/14 Long Term Financial Plan against the average of the previous financial plans, the lines representing:

Average (yellow line) Average of previous 10 years Long Term Financial Plans.

Average past 5 years (green line) Average of previous 5 years Long Term Financial Plans.

Current Plan (red line) 2013/14 Long Term Financial Plan.

Actual result (blue line) Actual past years financial results achieved

Cash & Investments 30,000 25,000 20,000 80 15,000 10,000 5,000 0 103,004,005,000,001,00 AN22120 202 Average past 10 years ----Average past 5 years -Cash Current Plan Actual Result

10.1.1 Liquidity

The strategic intent of building up and then utilising cash to pay off long term debt was quite evident leading up to 2007/08.

The objective after reducing debt was to gradually and purposefully build up cash and then in the later years when the working capital position of Council was sufficiently strong, release funds for capital works.

The spike in cash from 2008/09 through to 2012/13 was due to a combination of receiving 'new' grant funds at year end, advanced payment of first quarter Victoria Grants Commission allocations and not completing current work programs within the financial year.

The overall cash position in the forward years in the current plan is stronger than the average of previous plans because the internal reserves are now fully cash backed and long service leave funds are recorded as cash. In past years' financial plans the reserves were notionally expensed in the forward years capital works program.



10.1.2 Underlying Working Capital

The underlying working capital ratio looks at the relativities of unencumbered current assets (not including funds for cash backed reserves) and current liabilities.

The strategic intent of allocating as much possible cash to retire debt in the early years of the Long Term Financial Plan was evident in the declining working capital ratio up until 2006/07. From 2007/08 and onwards, the underlying working capital ratio was purposefully strategically strengthened.

The current financial plan's underlying working capital is weaker than the previous plans. The cash flow implications in the forward plan the ratio falls below the strategic target of 1.50 to 1 from 2013/14 through to 2016/17 and once again in 2021/22.

The unfunded superannuation liability costs, net cost impacts of storm events and reduced Victoria Grants Commission funding had an adverse financial impact on the underlying working capital ratio.

Although it does not present as an immediate financial concern, it does indicate that Council has less financial capacity to accommodate unforseen strategic opportunities or unavoidable cost events that may occur from 2013/14 through to 2016/17.

The dips in the later years are attributable to releasing funds to finance substantial capital works projects.

10.1.3 Income Statement



The operating result (sometimes referred to as the bottom line or headline result) in the forward budgets in the current plan are generally stronger when compared with previous years plans. The spike in 2022/23 is where it has been modelled that Council will receive \$13.28m Special Charge Scheme income for a major roads and drainage project.

The dip 2013/14 is because we only will receive two quarters of Victoria Grants Commission allocations (we received 5 quarters in 2008/09 and in 2011/12). In 2008/09 we also received grants in advance whereas the actual expenditure took place in the following years.



Longer term, Council projects strengthening operating results.

The underlying operating result is the operating result less any capital funding received. This gives a more meaningful comparison of recurrent revenue to recurrent expenditure streams in the operating statement.

The graph and explanations for the spikes and dips of the underlying operating result mirrors that of the operating result discussed above.

Very importantly, longer term consistent strengthening underlying surplus results are being projected to occur. In the immediate years this will help restore the underlying working capital ratio in the Balance Sheet, and in later years provide significant levels of funding for a substantially increasing capital works program.



10.1.4 Capital Works Program

The capital works program has maintained parity with previous plans with the exception of the later years where there is a substantial increase. The profile was flat for a number of years while the strategic focus was paying off long term debt and restoring Balance Sheet strength. From 2009/10 and onwards there has been increased funding available for capital works.

In the later years there is a substantial increase in capital works expenditure projected. A substantial portion of these works are reliant on Developer Contributor funds.



There are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets. There are adequate funds for recurrent cost requirements for all major asset classes for the current defined service levels as documented in Asset Management Plans.



The bar chart above shows the level of 'expenditure effort' being allocated to asset renewal and upgrade projects compared with new capital projects. It also shows the asset sustainability index.

It is very evident that because asset renewal funding gaps have been bridged in the financial plan, funds in later years are being progressively diverted to new capital works.



The sustainability index assesses the relationship between capital renewal and upgrade expenditure and depreciation costs for infrastructure assets. The index shows increasing expenditure effort on renewing and upgrading assets when compared with previous year's plans.

There are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets.



10.1.5 Borrowings

There was significant improvement in paying off borrowings relative to previous plans. This was achieved by applying 'capital income' from the sale of assets and material favourable financial outcomes achieved against long term debt.

The spike in the current plan is attributable to borrowing funds to pay the unfunded superannuation obligations of Council.

11. Analysis of Current Long Term Financial Plan to Other Large Rural Councils

Long Term Financial Plans on face value always model improving positions over time. This is to be expected, but it can also give a false sense of comfort. To bring some perspective to the plan it is worth benchmarking against other large rural councils past and current plans.

The following graphs benchmark the current 2013/14 Long Term Financial Plan against the average of large councils current financial plans, the lines representing:

- South Gippsland (red line) 2013/14 Long Term Financial Plan
- Large councils (black line) Average of large councils financial plans
- Actual result (blue line) Actual past years financial results for South Gippsland

11.1 Liquidity



The gradual strengthening of the liquidity position in the early years is very evident. The objective was to build up cash for loan redemption that was paid out in 2007/08.

Our cash position is projected to have parity with large rural councils in the coming years. In later years there is a significant strengthening of our planned liquidity relative to the average of other large rural councils. Caution is required to be exercised because cash backed reserves provide a favourable impact to the liquidity position.

11.2 Working Capital Ratio



From a strategic financial management perspective, the working capital ratio is an important financial indicator. Aside from the technical dip in 2006/07 (recognising \$4.5M loan liability as a current liability) and the spike in 2009/10 (receiving grants in advance) the working capital ratio was comparable to that of the other large rural councils.

The current and longer term trend is however somewhat weaker than the large rural councils. Having low debt relative to the other councils helps take pressure off the working capital ratio. Again, caution is required to be exercised because cash backed reserves provide a favourable impact to the working capital ratio.

11.3 Income Statement



In preceding years, it was evident that Council had poorer operating results than other large rural councils. There is a very pronounced dip in 2013/14.

The dip in 2013/14 is because we expect to only receive two quarters of Victoria Grants Commission allocations (we received 5 quarters in 2008/09 and in 2011/12).

Council's strategic intent is to produce strengthening results. The spike in 2022/23 is where it has been modelled that Council will receive \$13.28m Special Charge Scheme income for a major roads and drainage project.



The underlying operating result is not unlike the operating result discussed above.

Aside from the dip in 2011/12 projected deficits in 2012/13 and 2013/14 Council has in past years consistently produced marginal underlying surpluses. On the other hand large rural Councils are projecting to make underlying surpluses from 2014/15 onwards.

The critical strategic challenge will be to ensure that longer term Council begins again to produce consistent underlying operating surpluses.



11.4 Borrowings

Although Council in prior years had very high debt, the strategic intent to reduce debt is clear. Council's debt levels are now significantly less than the average of other large rural councils. The spike in 2013/14 is due to borrowings to fund the unfunded superannuation obligations of Council.

11.5 Summary

Council's overall key financial performance indicators show its position to be approaching the average of large rural councils as far as financial performances are concerned. Council's performances are improving and the gap is being bridged over future years.

Concurrently the annual rate increases have been below the state average for large rural shires in most years. If this trend continues it can be expected that Council's performances in coming years will be above the average being produced by large rural councils.



12. Rating Information

12.1 Rating context

In developing the Long Term Financial Plan, rates and charges were identified as an important source of revenue, accounting for over 60% of the total recurrent revenue received by Council annually. Planning for future rate increases has therefore been an important component of the long term financial planning process. The level of required rates and charges has been considered in this context, with reference to Council's other sources of income and the planned expenditure on services and works to be undertaken for the South Gippsland community.

However, it has also been necessary to balance the importance of rate revenue as a funding source with community sensitivity to increases, particularly given the change to biennial general revaluations and significant valuation increases that occurred last decade. In recent years there have also been fluctuations in valuations and subsequently rates for some properties in the municipality.

12.2 Current year rate increase

It is proposed that general rates and charges increase on average by 6.48% for the 2013/14 year. The general rate will increase by 6.75%. The waste services charges for garbage collection / recycling / street sweeping / litter bins will increase by 2.50%.

Council has had to raise the general rates higher than what was documented in the previous year's financial plan (5.00%). Council had to account for the adverse cash flow implications of unfunded superannuation liability costs, net cost impacts of storm events, reduced interest income and reduced Victoria Grants Commission funding.

General rates and charges overall will raise \$33.92m, including supplementary rates in 2013-2014.

It is still necessary to achieve future revenue growth whilst containing costs, in order to achieve surplus operating results and then progressively strengthening underlying operating results over the next few years, as set out in the Long Term Financial Plan.

The Victorian Auditor General's report 'Results of the 2010/11 Audits of Local Government' assessment of this Council is that it is not spending enough on asset renewals.

Council considers it important that in the longer term adequate funding is made available for infrastructure asset replacement works. Council is however committed to minimise the rate rise in 2013/14.

It should be noted that ever since Council commenced preparing annual budgets with a strategic long term financial planning framework in 2003/04 that it has not only produced strengthening financial results over the years but the rate increases have been below the state average for large rural shires in most years.

During the 2011/12 year, a revaluation of all properties within the municipality was carried out and applied from 1 January 2012 for the 2012/13 and 2013/14 year. The outcome of the general revaluation has seen some significant changes in property valuations

throughout the municipality. Overall, property valuations across the municipal district have increased by 4.9%. Of this increase, residential properties have increased on average by 5.1%, commercial by 2.5%, industrial by 11.8%, vacant land by 7.6%, farm by 4.6% and cultural and recreational land by 2.5%. There are significant variations from the average for some individual properties.

The following table sets out future proposed rates and charges increases and total rates to be raised, (including supplementary and special charge rate income) based on the forecast financial position of Council as at 30 June 2013.

Year	Increase (%)	Total Rates and Charges Raised \$'000
2012/13	4.85%	31,362
2013/14	6.48%	33,924
2014/15	6.25%	36,681
2015/16	5.32%	38,669
2016/17	5.32%	41,066

It should be noted that each financial year an allowance or contingency is factored in for rate abandonments. Every second financial year when the biennial re-valuations are conducted, an even greater allowance is allowed for.

12.3 Rating structure

Council has established a rating structure that is comprised of several key elements. These are:

- Property values, which reflect capacity to pay;
- A fixed municipal charge per property to cover some of the administrative costs of the Council; and
- User pays component to reflect usage of garbage services provided by Council includes garbage / recycling / street sweeping / litter bins.

Striking a reasonable balance between these elements provides equity in the distribution of the rate burden across residents.

Council makes a further distinction within the property value component of rates based on the purpose for which the property is used. The distinction is based on the concept that different property type users should pay a fair and equitable contribution to rates, taking into account the benefits derived from and to the local community.

Council re-affirmed to apply a Capital Improved Value (CIV) basis of applying rates.

In 2009/10 Council introduced a new differential classification 'Vacant land – Restricted use'. This applies to land located in the municipality that is vacant and where residential development has been disallowed due to planning restrictions. This enables any property in the farming zone that has had planning permits refused from either a planning permit

application or Victorian Civil Appeals Tribunal (VCAT) decision to have a 100% 'Vacant land – Restricted use' differential of the residential rate base as opposed to the 150% 'Vacant land differential'.

The rating structure provides a concession for farm land (90% differential) and encourages vacant land owners to develop their land (150% differential).

Council can raise a municipal charge to cover some of its administrative costs. The total revenue from the municipal charge must not exceed 20% of the sum total of the Council's total rate revenue from a municipal charge and total revenue from general rates. Council has set its municipal charge at 20%. The municipal charge (\$343.65) is applicable to all rateable properties. Farmers that own a number of rateable properties that form part of a single farming enterprise can make application to Council to not pay multiple municipal charges. This strategically benefits single farming enterprises consisting of a number of properties because they only receive one municipal charge.

The rating structure also allows for a rate concession for recreational land. These rates are structured in accordance with the requirements of section 161 'Differential Rates' of the Act. Under the Cultural and Recreation Lands Act 1963, provision is made for a Council to grant a rating concession to any 'recreational lands' which meet the test of being 'rateable land' under the Local Government Act 1989.

Council believes the rating differentials provide the most equitable distribution of rates across the municipality. This included the municipal charge being set at 20% of total rates. Council also has a number of waste services charges as allowed under the Act.

The existing rating relativities between property types and municipal and service charges are:

•	Residential	Base rate;
•	Commercial	100% of Residential rate;
•	Cultural or Recreational land	40% of Residential rate;
•	Industrial	100% of Residential rate;
•	Vacant land	150% of Residential rate;
•	Vacant land – Restricted use	100% of Residential rate; and
•	Farm land	90% of Residential rate.

The following table summarises the rates to be made for the 2013/14 year. A more detailed analysis of the rates to be raised is contained in Appendix B 'statutory disclosures'.

Rate type	2012/2013	2013/2014
Residential rates – rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00356124	0.00379739
Commercial rates – rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00356124	0.00379739
Industrial rates- rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00356124	0.00379739
Vacant Land – rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00534186	0.00569609
Vacant Land Restricted Use- rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00356124	0.00379739
Farm land – rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00320512	0.00341765
Cultural / Recreational rates - rate in the \$ of CIV	0.00142450	0.00151896
Municipal charge - \$ per property	\$320.50	\$343.65
Waste Services Charge A	\$208.00	\$213.20
Waste Services Charge B	\$208.00	\$213.20
Waste Services Charge C	\$301.55	\$309.10
Waste Services Charge D	\$215.80	\$221.20
Waste Services Charge E	\$250.45	\$256.70
Waste Services Charge G	\$0.00	\$130.55
Waste Services Charge H	\$0.00	\$232.95
Waste Services Charge J	\$0.00	\$151.85
Waste Services Charge K	\$0.00	\$268.65

13. Borrowing Information

13.1 Borrowing context

In developing the Financial Strategy and Long Term Financial Plan (see Section 9), borrowings was identified as an important funding source for capital works programs. In the past, Council had borrowed strongly to finance infrastructure projects, fleet purchases and for financing unfunded superannuation liabilities. Council since 2004/05 began a phase of debt reduction. This resulted in a reduction in debt servicing costs, but has meant that there was a heavy reliance on cash and investment reserves as an alternate funding source to maintain its capital works programs.

Now that long term debt has been significantly reduced, this has enabled significant increases in levels of funding to be released in coming years for the capital works program.

Council in 2013/14 will have to borrow \$4.0m to fund the unfunded superannuation obligations of Council.

The following table shows a history of Council borrowings for the last 13 years and also the prudential ratios applicable, as well as the budgeted outcome for 2013/14.

Year	Total Borrowings 30 June \$'000	Liquidity CA/CL Ratio	Debt Mgt Debt/Rates %	Debt Mgt Serve Costs/ Revenue %
2000/2001	10,893	2.2	87%	3.18%
2001/2002	12,588	2.1	95%	2.61%
2002/2003	12,380	2.0	83%	2.63%
2003/2004	13,698	1.5	85%	2.64%
2004/2005	12,498	1.2	71%	2.52%
2005/2006	11,418	1.7	61%	2.22%
2006/2007	10,438	1.0	50%	2.08%
2007/2008	4,893	1.2	22%	1.44%
2008/2009	3,777	2.0	16%	0.72%
2009/2010	2,639	1.8	10%	0.54%
2010/2011	1,580	2.1	6%	0.32%
2011/2012	452	1.7	2%	0.15%
2012/2013	135	1.7	1%	0.05%
2013/2014	3,511	1.3	10%	0.35%
	Threshold	<1.1	>80%	>5%

The table above shows that Council's borrowing level at 30 June 2014 will be \$3.51m. It also shows that Council had for a number of years previously been trending the wrong way with the Victorian State Government's prudential ratio limits. By implementing the debt reduction strategy, the Long Term Financial Plan has shown positive trends emerge for the 2005/06 year and this has continued up to and including the 2013/14 year.

Council's Financial Strategy gives very definitive guidance in relation to borrowing for capital works projects. Rather than rely on prudential ratios the strategies provide more commercially acceptable business guidance in relation to borrowing for capital projects.

13.2 Current year borrowings

For the 2013/14 year, Council has decided to take out new borrowings of \$4m. Therefore after making loan repayments of \$623,000, Council will decrease its total borrowings to \$3.51m as at 30 June 2014. The following table sets out future proposed borrowings, based on the forecast financial position of Council as at 30 June 2013.

Year	New Borrowings \$'000	Loan Principal Paid \$'000	Loan Interest Paid \$'000	Balance 30 June \$'000
2004/2005	0	1,009	870	12,498
2005/2006	0	1,081	797	11,417
2006/2007	0	980	726	10,437
2007/2008	0	5,544	539	4,893
2008/2009	0	1,116	290	3,777
2009/2010	0	1,138	217	2,639
2010/1011	0	1,059	146	1,580
2011/2012	0	1,128	79	452
2012/2013	0	317	23	135
2013/2014	4,000	623	195	3,511
2014/2015	0	514	166	2,997
2015/2016	0	541	139	2,456
2016/2017	0	569	111	1,887
2017/2018	0	598	82	1,289
2018/2019	0	629	51	660
2019/2020	0	660	19	0

In future years Council still has the financial capacity to consider borrowing for a major capital project if it deems it will benefit the community. The Financial Strategy gives specific guidance in relation to borrowings. This will ensure that any decision made will be financially responsible and viable.

14. Infrastructure Information

14.1 Infrastructure context

Businesses generally acquire assets because they provide some future economic benefit to the business. That is, over a period of time, the assets actually contribute to the wealth of the business. Local Government by definition is a 'not for profit' business. Most infrastructure assets owned or controlled by Local Government do not fulfil these criteria.

The infrastructure assets owned or controlled by Local Government are required as part of 'service delivery', not for profit making. Council's core business objective is not to make profits for profit sake, but rather, it is to provide services at a specified level. Local government's financial planning objective therefore, is to produce sufficient and consistent level of operating surpluses or 'profits' to fund asset replacement, rather than to increase company or shareholder wealth.

Service provision, and in particular the service levels, ultimately determine the infrastructure asset requirements of Council. Legislation actually requires some service levels to be quantified (Road Management Act). Good business practice suggests that service levels should be quantified for all services.

All assets that are required for a particular service have to be properly managed. They have to be adequately maintained and replaced over a period of time to ensure that the specified service levels are actually achieved now and in the future. This of course, needs to be done in a cost efficient and effective manner.

Council has an important stewardship function in relation to the large portfolio of assets that are provided for the community's benefit. The Council's role as stewards of community assets include:

- ensuring that Council 's legal obligations in regard to risk management are met;
- to represent the community as the asset owners / stakeholders;
- to ensure that the community's service needs are being met; and
- to ensure the asset / service is maintained for future generations at equitable cost.

Council staff have the responsibility to provide appropriate technical and professional advice so that Council can make the best decisions in relation to infrastructure assets.

Expenditure on infrastructure (both maintenance and capital renewal programs) is a significant financial resource requirement now and into the future.

The challenge that the Local Government industry faces now and into the future is adequately maintaining and systematically renewing assets in order to maintain a particular desired service level. The shortfall of what is being spent and what should be spent is essentially the 'funding gap'.

South Gippsland is fortunate that there are no asset renewal primary funding gaps for all major classes of assets. There are adequate funds for recurrent cost requirements for all

major asset classes for the current defined service levels as documented in Asset Management Plans

14.2 Identification and funding infrastructure funding gaps

Identification of 'funding gaps' should not be confused with the 'sustainability gap index', or with associated costings, such as depreciation.

Funding requirements for assets are very dependent upon the service level requirements of the community and where the assets are in their lifecycle. Assets nearing the end of their economic life will require a specific amount of funding at a certain point in time. This has a direct impact on longer term cash flow requirements for long term financial plans.

Funding gaps can also be broken down into two levels. A primary (or critical) funding gap is when there is not enough funds available to continue to provide a predetermined existing level of service in current and future years. This means that the infrastructure assets required for the service requirements will in fact deteriorate over a period of time and subsequently the service levels being provided will also reduce. Deferring rehabilitating assets to later years invariably can be a very costly exercise.

A simple example can be used to illustrate what constitutes as a primary funding gap. Council may have a predetermined level of transport service that would be expected to be provided based on 17 year cycle for reseal renewal program. If there is not enough funding allowed for in forward budgets for a 17 year cyclical reseal renewal program, the resealing program would have to lengthen to say 18 or 19 years cycle.

The condition of the sealed roads would deteriorate from their current levels, which would translate to lower levels of transport services being provided and higher annual maintenance costs being incurred. This would be classified as a primary funding gap, which would need to be addressed as a matter of priority.

A secondary funding gap exists when an existing service level currently being provided is deemed to be inadequate and a higher level of service is desired by Council and ratepayers. For example, wanting to have a 14 year cycle for reseal renewal programs (instead of 17 years) or to make roads wider than they currently are assuming traffic levels are constant. These would result in increased service standards. As such any funding shortfalls between what is required and what has been allowed for in forward budgets, can be described as a secondary funding gap.

There is a possibility in some instances that bridging funding gaps may lead to reduced funding requirements for maintenance work, which can be used as an offset against the increased capital requirements. Realistically an increase in service level requirements will invariably require additional financial resources (capital funding requirements will exceed the maintenance cost reductions).

It is important not to confuse primary and secondary fund requirements. Primary funding gaps are a 'need' and as such should be a high priority consideration. Secondary funding gaps are a 'want' and are more a discretionary consideration. If Council wants to improve service standards Council and the community must also be prepared to fund it.

By identifying primary funding gaps and then strategically going ahead and bridging that gap in the reasonably shortest timeframe possible, is an exercise in achieving financial

efficiency gains. Conversely, by ignoring or unnecessarily delaying bridging primary funding gaps by definition would be promoting inefficient financial management practices.

From a 'lifecycle' asset management point of view, Council must also take into account funding requirements for both programmed and reactive maintenance works associated with infrastructure assets. The difference of what is required and what is currently being provided in current and future budgets is sometimes referred to as the 'maintenance gap'. Any shortfall between what is required and allowed for in forward budgets can also be considered as a funding gap. Together asset renewal gaps and maintenance gaps are commonly referred to as lifecycle funding gaps.

The funding gaps can be financially expressed as being the difference between what the asset lifecycle (both renewal and associated maintenance cost requirements) cash flows are and the actual amount that has been allowed / allocated for those in forward budgets.

It is important that service levels be clearly defined and documented. The challenge then is to actually quantify what the actual cost requirements for asset renewal programs (as well as the associated maintenance costs) are for infrastructure assets and allocate to future years budgets.

If not enough funds have been allowed for asset renewal in previous years, the resulting 'backlog' of works would be expected to have an impact on forward budgets. Also, if the longer term asset management funding shortfalls are ignored, deferred or not properly financed, the greater the costs will be in later years to rectify the current funding shortfall. It therefore pays to identify and address primary funding gap short falls sooner, rather than later.

A properly prepared and funded asset management plan is the most cost effective way to manage the assets and the overall service provision long term. This is sometimes referred to as optimised decision making process.

South Gippsland Shire Council joined the MAV STEP Asset Management Program in 2003. The core objective of the program is to be able to provide sustainable local government infrastructure.

The asset renewal modelling exercises conducted in the MAV STEP program confirmed that Victorian councils were not allocating sufficient resources to asset renewal works. Councils' were found to be inadvertently compounding the funding gap challenge by allocating much needed 'renewal funds' to expanding their asset base.

South Gippsland Shire Council fortunately has for some years now strategically acknowledged the importance of prioritising funds to renewal of its infrastructure asset portfolio.

In September 2012 the Council was advised by STEP consultants that they were well placed to achieve core maturity in asset management and were well ahead of all other Gippsland Shires and among the top 10 in Victoria.

14.3 Depreciation and Sustainability Index

Depreciation is a financial costing mechanism that systematically allocates the cost of the 'consumption of the assets service potential', over the useful life of the asset to the Income Statement. This does not imply that the depreciation cost incurred in a specific period, typically a year, ought to be spent on asset replacement in that year.

The benchmarking of depreciation to capital expenditure incurred in renewing assets (the sustainability index) is purely a 'level of expenditure effort' performance indicator, and should not be considered a key driver of asset management plans. Generating surpluses and subsequently being able to spend more on asset renewal projects would result in improving sustainability index. It does not necessarily mean that an adequate amount is being spent at that particular point in time.

There is a perception that if after bringing to account the cost of depreciation in the Income Statement there is a surplus or 'profit', this could infer that the depreciation has been funded. This does not necessarily mean that the asset renewal funding gap has been bridged. Irrespective of whether depreciation costed to the Income Statement is substantially increased or decreased, this action alone would not generate any more or less funding for asset management.

If this in fact was the case, the implication would be that if a 100% sustainability index result is achieved, then the funding gap has been resolved. Nothing could be further from the truth. It is worth repeating, the sustainability index is a 'level of expenditure effort' performance indicator and at best makes for a rough way of estimating how much funding is required in current and future years for specific capital works renewal requirements.

In reality, depreciation costs tend to be very consistent and relatively stable over a period of time. Capital expenditure requirements tend to be more variable.

It is for this reason that the financial strategy for South Gippsland Shire Council originally stated that the sustainability target be to exceed 95% (as opposed to reaching 100%). The index indicates whether capital renewal funding is trending in the right direction over a period of time.

Now Council has prepared Asset Management Plans for all its asset classes it was considered appropriate to review this strategy in 2013. The revised strategy is significantly different in that it emphasises the importance of asset management funding needs driving the funding requirements in the Long Term Financial Plan.

The life cycles established for the different classes of assets are as follows:

- Pavements 100 years;
- Seal 17 years;
- Footpaths 60 years;
- Kerb and Channel 60 years;
- Bridges 100 years;
- Culverts 60 years;
- Under Ground Drains 60 years;

• Play Grounds

10 years; and

• Buildings 80 years.

The following table sets out the sustainability index percentage for Council's fixed assets, class by class, based on the forecast capital expenditure on existing assets for the 2013/14 year.

	Replacement Cost 30 Jun 13 \$'000	Average Annual Consumption \$'000	Average Annual Preservation \$'000	Sustainability Index %
Roads	328,687	3,643	5,936	163
Bridges	26,559	299	785	263
Footpaths	16,327	263	266	101
Kerb & Channel	18,932	251	10	4
Drains & Culverts	41,195	474	554	117
Buildings	101,295	2,108	909	43
Car parks	5,886	78	0	0
Other structures	11,208	604	1,816	301
Total capital works	550,089	7,711	10,276	133

The table indicates that the 2013/14 capital works program will achieve a sustainability index of 133%.

As mentioned earlier, currently depreciation in the Long Term Financial Plan is expensed on a straight line to the Income Statement. The asset condition and engineering estimates on remaining useful life estimates have a direct impact on what the depreciation cost actually is.

There is consideration being given to changing the depreciation methodology from a straight line basis to consumption based depreciation in future years, subject to auditor approval. Australian Centre for Excellence in Asset Management's (ACEAM), who have provided support to Council in asset management practices, strongly support this methodology for calculating depreciation. This has several benefits. The costs expensed to the financial statements would reflect more accurately the consumption or the annual deterioration of the assets (as opposed to a uniform straight line depreciation cost methodology reflecting consumption of service potential). This means that the written down value of the assets in the Balance Sheet would also reflect more accurately the remaining value of the asset.

Council could then utilise the written down asset value in the Balance Sheet for strategic asset management planning purposes. In future years, Council could assess more accurately the financial performance and management practices associated with the assets. Strategic management of assets can only currently be done on a very limited basis using the sustainability gap methodology.

When this objective of generating sufficient funds for asset renewal has been satisfactorily identified and is being strategically addressed, Council can then consider funding asset

expansion works in a financially responsible manner. The immediate challenge however, is to quantify how many funds are required now and into the future for asset management.

14.4 Capital Works 15 Year Program

The 15 year capital works program provides progressively increasing levels of funding for capital works programs. As per the financial strategies the expenditure allocated to renewals and upgrades is given priority to that allocated to extension works.

It should be noted that capital projects, particularly in future years are budgeted with a contingency or safety margin. When future capital works programs stabilise and can be scheduled over a number of years this would enable appropriate design work and more accurate estimates to be made.

The current and forward capital expenditure budgets classified as 'General Land Purchases / Sales' in the 15 year capital works program is dependent upon equivalent funding being realised from general land sales.

The Long Term Financial Plan puts the focus onto sustainable long term infrastructure asset management as being one of the highest priorities, because there is significant expenditure involved coupled with the ever increasing risk management obligations being imposed on Councils in respect to overall asset management.

Financial strategies supporting increasing funding allocations for asset renewals clearly complement overall asset management strategies. The development of appropriate Asset Management Plans add a level of sophistication by driving the funding requirements in the Long Term Financial Plan.

The ultimate goal is to have a viable business outcome that clearly documents services and service levels, including the required assets being fully funded, as well as being managed efficiently and effectively.

14.5 Key influences for 2013/14

The following influences had a significant impact on the infrastructure strategy for the 2013/14 year:

- Progressively increasing level of net cash flows from operating activities being released in 2013/14 and later years budgets for capital works in a financially responsible manner;
- Availability of significant federal funding for upgrade of roads;
- Projects not started or completed that were funded in the 2012/13 year being carried over to the 2013/14 year;
- The capital projects listed in Appendix D, Capital Works Program, are subject to annual review and refinement.

15. Appendix Nature of Information

15.1 Overview to Appendices

The following appendices include voluntary and statutory disclosures of information, which provide support for the analysis contained in sections 1 to 14 of this report.

This information has not been included in the main body of the budget report in the interests of clarity and conciseness. Whilst the budget report needs to focus on the important elements of the budget and provide appropriate analysis, the detail upon which the annual budget is based should be provided in the interests of open and transparent government.

The contents of the appendices are summarised below:

- A Budgeted Standard Financial Statements for 2013/14;
- B Statutory Disclosures in the Annual Budget;
- C Long Term Financial Plan 2013/14 2027/28;
- D Capital Works Program;
- E Key Strategic Activities; and
- F Fees & Charges Schedule.

APPENDIX A – Budgeted Standard Statements

- Budgeted 'Standard Statement of Financial Performance'
- Budgeted 'Standard Statement of Financial Position'
- Budgeted 'Standard Statement of Cash Flows'
- Budgeted 'Standard Statement of Capital Works'

This section sets out the Budgeted Standard Statements for 2013/14 and the following three years. This information is the basis of the disclosures and analysis of the Annual Budget in the report.

STANDARD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected 2012/13	Budget 2013/14	Budget 2014/15	Budget 2015/16	Budget 2016/17
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BUDGETED INCOME STATEMENT					
REVENUES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Rates & charges	31,374	33,924	36,681	38,669	41,066
Operating grants	17,567	9,206	11,279	10,546	11,086
Reimbursements	377	373	378	388	399
Contributions	316	60	56	57	1,038
Interest	740	589	573	587	602
User charges	2,436	3,006	3,157	3,314	3,480
Statutory fees	482	519	523	536	569
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets	356	372	344	316	265
Other	980	956	992	1,011	1,037
TOTAL REVENUES	54,628	49,005	53,983	55,424	59,542
EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Employee costs	19,238	21,133	21,779	22,938	24,026
Materials & consumables	25,589	19,843	16,092	15,281	15,829
Depreciation	8,716	9,300	10,032	10,819	11,836
Other	3,142	3,286	3,398	3,503	3,613
Borrowing cost expenses	24	195	166	139	111
TOTAL EXPENSES	56,709	53,757	51,622	52,680	55,415
NET RESULT BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS AND NON MONETARY CONTRIBUTIONS	(2,081)	(4,752)	2,361	2,744	4,127
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Capital grants	5,237	4,659	4,902	1,983	2,959
Donated / Granted Assets	1,242	1,304	1,337	1,370	1,404
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	4,398	1,211	8,600	6,097	8,490
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Net Asset revaluation increment	3,658	48,015	7,717	56,987	2,394
Previously unrecognised assets	0	0	0	0	0
COMPREHENSIVE RESULT	8,056	49,226	16,317	63,084	10,884

STANDARD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Budget 2014/15 \$'000	Budget 2015/16 \$'000	Budget 2016/17 \$'000
BUDGETED BALANCE SHEET					
Current Assets					
Cash assets	9,659	7,638	6,601	7,418	9,730
Receivables	3,577	3,566	3,556	3,556	3,556
Other financial assets	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750
Assets held for resale	0	0	0	0	0
Inventories	317	317	317	317	317
Other	320	320	320	320	320
Total Current Assets	17,623	15,591	14,544	15,361	17,673
Non Current Assets					
Receivables	0	0	0	0	0
Investments	478	478	478	478	478
Fixed Assets	132.346	143,492	147,683	159,476	163,519
Roads Streets & Bridges	340,755	384,323	397,066	447,097	451,159
Total Non Current Assets	473,579	528,293	545,227	607,051	615,156
Total Assets	491,202	543,884	559,771	622,412	632,829
Total Assets	451,202	545,004	555,771	022,412	032,023
Current Liabilities					
Payables	4,955	4,944	4,934	4,934	4,934
Trust funds	369	369	369	369	369
Provisions	4,913	4,953	4,993	5,033	5,073
Interest bearing liabilities	134	514	541	569	598
Total Current Liabilities	10,371	10,780	10,837	10,905	10,974
Non Current Liabilities					
Payables	0	0	0	0	0
Provisions	271	321	375	433	495
Interest bearing liabilities	0	2,997	2,456	1,887	1,289
Total Non Current Liabilities	271	3,318	2,831	2,320	1,784
Total Liabilities	10,642	14,098	13,668	13,225	12,758
Net Assets	480,560	529,786	546,103	609,187	620,071
Equity					
Accumulated Surplus	192,823	195,164	203,467	209,046	216,760
Reserves	287,737	334,622	342,636	400,141	403,311
Total Equity	480,560	529,786	546,103	609,187	620,071

STANDARD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BUDGETED CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
Rates	31,374	33,924	36,681	38,669	41,066
Statutory fees & fines	482	519	523	536	- 1,000
User charges	2.436	3,006	3,157	3,314	3.480
Grants	22,706	13,865	16,181	12,529	14.045
Reimbursements	377	373	378	388	399
Interest received	740	589	573	587	602
Rents	327	329	337	346	354
Other receipts	1.067	687	711	722	1,721
Payments to Suppliers	(25,590)	(19,844)	(16,093)	(15,282)	(15,830)
Payments to Employees	(23,764)	(21,043)	(21,685)	(22,840)	(23,924)
Other payments	(3,141)	(3,285)	(3,397)	(3,502)	(3,612)
Net cash from Operating	7,014	9,120	17,366	15,467	18,870
Investing					
Proceeds from sale of plant property & Equipmer	1,211	924	913	1,388	828
Repayment of loans and advances	0	0	0	0	0
Payments for property, plant & equipment	(12,077)	(15,247)	(18,636)	(15,358)	(16,706)
Loan advances to community groups	0	0	0	0	0
Net cash from Investing	(10,866)	(14,323)	(17,723)	(13,970)	(15,878)
Financing					
Financing					
Proceeds from borrowing	0	4,000	0	0	0
Repayment of loans and advances	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment of borrowings	(317)	(623)	(514)	(541)	(569)
Finance costs	(24)	(195)	(166)	(139)	(111)
Trust Funds and deposits	Ó	Ó	Ó	0	Ó
Net cash from Financing	(341)	3,182	(680)	(680)	(680)
Net Cash increase (decrease)	(4,193)	(2,021)	(1,037)	817	2,312
Cash at beginning	13,852	9,659	7,638	6,601	7,418
Cash at end	9,659	7,638	6,601	7,418	9,730

STANDARD STATEMENT OF CAPTIAL WORKS

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BUDGETED CAPITAL WORKS					
Roads	4,240	6,278	6,354	4,668	4,761
Footpaths	827	575	355	591	439
Kerb & Channels	12	10	0	208	0
Bridges	187	785	1,576	214	225
Drains & Culverts	330	554	56	247	162
Car parks	0	0	0	208	0
Other Structures	1,403	2,151	1,554	4,253	1,991
Buildings	1,429	1,502	5,871	2,688	6,861
Land	0	0	0	0	0
Plant & equipment	3,179	2,559	2,343	1,738	1,648
Furniture & Equipment	470	833	527	543	619
Total Capital Works	12,077	15,247	18,636	15,358	16,706
Represented by					
Renewals	9,883	10,826	13,732	12,075	12,988
Upgrades	426	2,842	2,682	2,725	890
Extensions	1,768	1,579	2,222	558	2,828
Total Capital Works	12,077	15,247	18,636	15,358	16,706

APPENDIX B - Statutory Disclosures

• Section 127(2)(e) of the Local Government Act 1989

• Regulation 8 of the Local Government Regulations 2004

This section sets out additional disclosures pursuant to the above legislation in respect to the Council's Annual Budget.

The information set out below is required under the Local Government Act (1989) to be disclosed in South Gippsland Shire Council's Annual Budget.

1. Borrowings

The total amount proposed to be borrowed for the 2013/14 year is \$4m.

The total amount of debt redemption for the 2013/14 year is \$623,000.

The projected debt servicing cost for the 2013/14 year is \$195,000.

2. Rates and charges

2.1 The proposed rate in the dollar for each type of rate to be levied:

- a) A general rate of 0. 379739 cents in the dollar of all rateable residential properties;
- b) A general rate of 0. 379739 cents in the dollar of all rateable commercial properties;
- c) A general rate of 0. 379739 cents in the dollar of all rateable industrial properties;
- d) A general rate of 0. 341765 cents in the dollar of all rateable farm land properties;
- e) A general rate of 0. 569609 cents in the dollar of all rateable vacant residential, commercial or industrial properties;
- f) A general rate of 0. 379739 cents in the dollar of all rateable vacant land, restricted use properties; and
- g) A general rate of 0. 151896 cents in the dollar of all rateable Cultural and Recreational Lands act properties;

2.2 The estimated amount to be raised by each type of rate to be levied:

Type of Property	2012/13 \$	2013/14 \$
Residential	11,437,777	12,470,363
Commercial	1,072,303	1,160,844
Industrial	353,165	400,689
Farm Land	9,065,538	9,696,157
Vacant Land	1,298,858	1,297,626
Vacant land – Restricted use	40,887	43,913
Cultural & Recreational Lands	11,630	12,539

2.3 The estimated total amount to be raised by rates is \$25,082,131

2.4 The proposed percentage change in the rate in the dollar for each type of rate to be levied compared to that of the previous financial year.

Type of Property	Percentage Change	
	2012/13	2013/14
Residential	1.33%	6.63%
Commercial	1.33%	6.63%
Industrial	1.33%	6.63%
Farm Land	1.33%	6.63%
Vacant Land	1.33%	6.63%
Vacant Land – Restricted use	1.33%	6.63%
Cultural & Recreational Lands	1.33%	6.63%

General revaluation of properties

During the 2011/12 year, a revaluation of all properties within the municipality was carried out and will apply from 1 January 2012 for the 2012/13 and 2013/14 year. The outcome of the general revaluation has seen some significant changes in property valuations throughout the municipality. Overall, property valuations across the municipal district have increased by 4.9%. Of this increase, residential properties have increased on average by 5.1%, commercial by 2.5%, industrial by 11.8%, vacant land by 7.6%, farm by 4.6% and cultural and recreational land by 2.5%.

2.5 The number of assessments for each type of rate to be levied compared to the previous year:

Type of Property	2012/13	2013/14
Residential	11,888	12,089
Commercial	788	791
Industrial	144	150
Farm Land	3,997	4,000
Vacant Land	1,938	1,821
Vacant Land – Restricted use	179	177
Cultural & Recreational Lands	22	22
Total number of assessments	18,956	19,050

- 2.6 The basis of valuation to be used is the Capital Improved Value (CIV).
- 2.7 The estimated total value of land in respect of which each type of rate is to be levied compared to the previous year:

TYPE OF PROPERTY	2012/13	2013/14
	\$	\$
Residential	3,211,740,000	3,283,928,000
Commercial	301,104,000	305,695,000
Industrial	99,169,000	105,517,000
Farm Land	2,828,458,500	2,837,080,500
Vacant Land	243,147,000	227,810,000
Vacant land – Restricted use	11,481,000	11,564,000
Cultural & Recreational Lands	8,164,000	8,255,000
Total	6,703,263,500	6,779,849,500

2.8 The proposed unit amount to be levied for each type of charge under section 159 and 162 of the Act:

Type of Charge	Per Rateable Property 2012/13 \$	Per Rateable Property 2013/14 \$
Municipal Charge – To cover some of the administrative costs of the Council.	320.50	343.65
Waste Services Charge A - Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service charge – Residential (120 litre weekly garbage/240 litre fortnightly recycling), street sweeping and litter bins.	208.00	213.20
Waste Services Charge B - Kerbside recycling only collection service charge - Commercial (2 x 240 litre fortnightly recycling service only), street sweeping and litter bins.	208.00	213.20
Waste Services Charge C - Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service – Commercial premises only (240 litre weekly garbage / 240 litre fortnightly recycling), street sweeping and litter bins.	301.55	309.10

Type of Charge	Per Rateable Property 2012/13 \$	Per Rateable Property 2013/14 \$
Waste Services Charge D – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service - Sandy Point (120 litre weekly garbage/240 litre fortnightly recycling, plus 3 additional recycling collections during Summer), street sweeping and litter bins.	215.80	221.20
Waste Services Charge E – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service - Waratah Bay (120 litre weekly garbage/240 litre fortnightly recycling, plus 3 additional recycling collections during Summer), street sweeping and litter bins.	250.45	256.70
Waste Services Charge G – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service – Venus Bay (120 litre weekly garbage / 240 litre fortnightly recycling) for 6 months from November to April.	0.00	130.55
Waste Services Charge H – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service – Venus Bay (120 litre weekly garbage / 240 litre fortnightly recycling) for 12 months.	0.00	232.95
Waste Services Charge J – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service – Walkerville (120 litre weekly garbage / 240 litre fortnightly recycling) for 6 months from November to April.	0.00	151.85
Waste Services Charge K – Kerbside garbage & recycling collection service Walkerville (120 litre weekly garbage / 240 litre fortnightly recycling) for 12 months.	0.00	268.65

2.9The estimated amounts to be raised for each type of charge to be levied compared to the previous year are:

Type of Charge	2012/13 \$	2013/14 \$
Municipal Charge	5,819,821	6,270,533
Waste Services Charge A	1,726,773	1,806,870

Type of Charge	2012/13	2013/14
	\$	\$
Waste Services Charge B	6,865	8,102
Waste Services Charge C	60,915	64,909
Waste Services Charge D	141,140	146,652
Waste Services Charge E	25,547	26,184
Waste Services Charge G	0	2,350
Waste Services Charge H	0	21,897
Waste Services Charge J	0	0
Waste Services Charge K	0	806
Total	7,781,061	8,348,303

2.10 The estimated amount to be raised by rates and charges: \$33,430,434.

2.11 There are no known significant changes which may affect the estimated amounts to be raised by rates and charges. However, the total amount to be raised by rates and charges may be affected by:

- The making of supplementary valuations;
- The variation of returned levels of value (e.g. valuation appeals);
- Changes of use of land such that rateable land becomes non-rateable land and vice versa; and
- Changes of use of land such that vacant land becomes residential, commercial or industrial; farmland becomes residential land or other changes in land use.
3. Differential Rates

3.1 Rates levied

The rate and amount of rates payable in relation to land in each category of the rate and amount of rates payable in relation to land in each category of differential are:

- A general rate of 0.379739% (0.379739 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable residential properties;
- A general rate of 0.341765% (0.341765 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable farm land properties;
- A general rate of 0.379739% (0.379739 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable commercial properties;
- A general rate of 0.379739% (0.379739 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable industrial properties;
- A general rate of 0.569609% (0.569609 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable vacant residential, commercial, rural living or industrial properties;
- A general rate of 0.379739% (0.379739 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable vacant land restricted use properties; and
- A general rate of 0.151896% (0.151896 cents in the dollar of CIV) for all rateable cultural and recreational lands act properties;

Each differential rate will be determined by multiplying the capital improved value of each rateable land (categorized by the characteristics described below) by the relevant percentages indicated above.

Council considers that each differential rate will contribute to the equitable and efficient carrying out of Council functions. Details of the objectives of each differential rate, the types of classes of land which are subject to each differential rate and uses of each differential rate are set out below.

3.2 Residential land

Residential land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is residential, meaning rateable land upon which is erected a private dwelling which is used primarily for residential purposes.

Land located within the municipality that is rural living, meaning land which is generally outside the established townships and which is primarily used and developed for residential purposes in a rural location.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

The types of buildings on the land within this differential rate are all buildings which are now constructed on the land or which are constructed prior to the expiry of the 2013/14 financial year.

3.3 Commercial Land

Commercial land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is commercial, meaning rateable land, which is used primarily for business or commercial purposes, including structures, which are used in conjunction with or for purposes ancillary to business or commercial purposes.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district, without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

The types of buildings on the land within this differential rate are all buildings which are now constructed on the land or which are constructed prior to the expiry of the 2013/14 financial year.

3.4 Cultural and Recreational Land

Cultural and recreational land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is cultural or recreational land, as defined in Section 2 of the Cultural and Recreational Land Act 1960.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district, without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

The types of buildings on the land within this differential rate are all buildings which are now constructed on the land or which are constructed prior to the expiry of the 2013/14 financial year.

3.5 Industrial Land

Industrial land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is industrial, meaning land upon which is erected a factory or workshop which is primarily used for industrial purposes and includes any land which is used in conjunction with or for purposes ancillary to industrial purposes for which the factory or workshop is being used for industry including but not being limited to the operations included in the definition of industry in the South Gippsland Shire Council Planning Scheme.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district, without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

The types of buildings on the land within this differential rate are all buildings which are now constructed on the land or which are constructed prior to the expiry of the 2013/14 financial year.

3.6 Vacant Land

Vacant land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is vacant, meaning land upon which no improvements have been made. Improvements being work actually done or material use on and for the benefit of the land, so far as the work done or material used increases the value of the land which is capable of being developed for residential, commercial, rural living or industrial purposes.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district, without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is un-improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

3.7 Vacant Land – Restricted use

Restricted use is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is vacant, meaning land upon which no improvements have been made, and where residential development has been dis-allowed due to planning restrictions.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is un-improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

3.8 Farm Land

Farm Land is any land, which is:

Land located within the municipality that is farm land as defined in Section 2 of the Valuation of Land Act 1960.

The objective of this differential rate is to ensure that all rateable land makes an equitable financial contribution to the cost of carrying out the functions of Council, including (but not limited to) the:

Construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets;

Development and provision of health and community services; and

Provision of general support services.

The types and classes of rateable land within this differential are those having the relevant characteristics described above.

The money raised by the differential rate will be applied to the items of expenditure described in the Budget by Council. The level of rate for land in this category is considered to provide for an appropriate contribution to Council's budgeted expenditure, having regard to the characteristics of the land.

The geographic location of the land within this differential rate is wherever located within the municipal district, without reference to ward boundaries.

The use of land within this differential rate is any use of land.

The classification of land which is improved will be determined by the occupation of that land and have reference to the planning scheme zoning.

APPENDIX C - Long Term Financial Plan (2013/14 – 2027/28)

- 1. Income Statement
- 2. Balance Sheet
- 3. Cash Flow Statement

This section includes Council's forecast financial performance and financial and cash positions for the years 2013/14 to 2027/28.

Income Statement

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected 2012/13	Budget 2013/14	Budget 2014/15	Budget 2015/16	Budget 2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22	Budget 2022/23	Budget 2023/24	Budget 2024/25	Budget 2025/26	Budget 2026/27	Budget 2027/28
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BUDGETED INCOME STATEMENT																
REVENUES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES																
Rates & charges	31,374	33,924	36,681	38,669	41,066	43,491	45,954	48,554	51,299	54,197	70,538	60,486	63,896	67,495	71,294	75,305
Operating grants	17,567	9,206	11,279	10,546	11,086	11,079	11,645	11,638	12,168	12,226	12,771	13,083	13,404	13,732	14,069	14,413
Reimbursements	377	373	378	388	399	410	422	434	446	459	472	486	499	514	529	537
Contributions	316	60	56	57	1,038	1,091	1,146	1,204	1,865	1,960	2,060	2,165	2,276	2,392	2,514	2,643
Interest	740	589	573	587	602	617	633	648	665	681	698	716	734	752	771	790
User charges	2,436	3,006	3,157	3,314	3,480	3,654	3,837	4,029	4,250	4,484	4,731	4,991	5,265	5,555	5,833	6,124
Statutory fees	482	519	523	536	569	578	577	592	628	639	637	653	694	705	703	721
Net gain/ (loss) on disposal of assets	356	372	344	316	265	403	373	385	608	460	466	472	479	486	489	499
Other	980	956	992	1,011	1,037	1,064	1,092	1,122	1,151	1,181	1,213	1,244	1,278	1,302	1,325	1,347
TOTAL REVENUES	54,628	49,005	53,983	55,424	59,542	62,387	65,679	68,606	73,080	76,287	93,586	84,296	88,525	92,933	97,527	102,379
EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES																
Employee costs	19,238	21,133	21,779	22,938	24.026	25,168	26,363	27.615	28,928	30,303	31,744	33,254	34,835	36,493	38,228	39,988
Materials & consumables	25,589	19.843	16.092	15,281	15.829	16,211	16,568	16,988	17.699	17,764	18,188	18,805	19,503	19.844	20.353	20.838
Depreciation	8,716	9,300	10,032	10,819	11,836	12,539	13,593	14,414	15,820	16,860	17,880	19,036	20,070	21,119	20,333	23,211
Other	3,142	3,300	3,398	3.503	3.613	3,727	3,846	3.969	4.098	4,232	4,371	4,516	4,667	4.824	4.988	5,151
Borrowing cost expenses	24	195	166	139	111	82	51	5,505	4,030	4,232	4,5/1	4,510	4,007	4,024	4,500	3,131
TOTAL EXPENSES	56,709	53,757	51,622	52,680	55,415	57,727	60,421	63.005	66,545	69,159	72,183	75,611	79,075	82,280	85.726	89,188
		00,101	UTJULL	02,000	00,110	01,121	00,121	00,000	00,010	00,100	12,100	10,011	10,010	02,200	00,120	00,100
NET RESULT BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS																
AND NON MONETARY CONTRIBUTIONS	(2,081)	(4,752)	2,361	2,744	4,127	4,660	5,258	5,601	6,535	7,128	21,403	8,685	9,450	10,653	11,801	13,191
Capital grants	5.237	4,659	4,902	1,983	2,959	1,636	1,636	1,636	1.636	2,107	1,636	1,636	1,636	1,636	1.636	1.636
Donated / Granted Assets	1.242	1,304	1,337	1,370	1,404	1,440	1,475	1,512	1,550	1,589	1,629	1,669	1,711	1,754	1,798	1,843
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	4,398	1,211	8,600	6,097	8,490	7,736	8,369	8,749	9,721	10,824	24,668	11,990	12,797	14,043	15,235	16,670
· · ·																
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME																
Net Asset revaluation increment	3,658	48,015	7,717	56,987	2,394	0	4,976	71,262	10,999	82,741	10,438	105,807	5,964	106,945	21,271	0
Previously unrecognised assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COMPREHENSIVE RESULT	8,056	49,226	16,317	63,084	10,884	7,736	13,345	80,011	20,720	93,565	35,106	117,797	18,761	120,988	36,506	16,670

Balance Sheet

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected 2012/13 \$'000	Budget 2013/14 \$'000	Budget 2014/15 \$'000	Budget 2015/16 \$'000	Budget 2016/17 \$'000	Budget 2017/18 \$'000	Budget 2018/19 \$'000	Budget 2019/20 \$'000	Budget 2020/21 \$'000	Budget 2021/22 \$'000	Budget 2022/23 \$'000	Budget 2023/24 \$'000	Budget 2024/25 \$'000	Budget 2025/26 \$'000	Budget 2026/27 \$'000	Budget 2027/28 \$'000
BUDGETED BALANCE SHEET																
Current Assets																
Cash assets	9,659	7,638	6,601	7,418	9,730	14,131	15,574	17,695	12,206	10,080	11,421	9,443	12,998	19,852	23,745	24,883
Receivables	3,577	3,566	3,556	3,556	3,556	3,556	3,556	3,556	3,556	3,556	12,410	11,525	10,640	9,755	8,870	7,985
Other financial assets	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750
Assets held for resale	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inventories	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317	317
Other	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320
Total Current Assets	17,623	15,591	14,544	15,361	17,673	22,074	23,517	25,638	20,149	18,023	28,218	25,355	28,025	33,994	37,002	37,255
Non Current Assets																
Receivables	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Investments	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478	478
Fixed Assets	132,346	143,492	147,683	159,476	163,519	163,390	163,034	179,570	190,201	216,787	214,819	237,436	244,453	268,357	267,647	267,027
Roads Streets & Bridges	340,755	384,323	397,066	447,097	451,159	454,132	465,872	526,682	542,382	611,614	638,626	736,808	746,027	837,294	871,660	888,863
Total Non Current Assets	473,579	528,293	545,227	607,051	615,156	618,000	629,384	706,730	733,061	828,879	853,923	974,722	990,958	1,106,129	1,139,785	1,156,368
Total Assets	491,202	543,884	559,771	622,412	632,829	640,074	652,901	732,368	753,210	846,902	882,141	1,000,077	1,018,983	1,140,123	1,176,787	1,193,623
Current Liabilities																
Payables	4,955	4,944	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934	4,934
Trust funds	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369
Provisions	4,913	4,953	4,993	5,033	5,073	5,113	5,153	5,193	5,233	5,273	5,313	5,353	5,393	5,433	5,473	5,513
Interest bearing liabilities	134	514	541	569	598	629	660	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Current Liabilities	10,371	10,780	10,837	10,905	10,974	11,045	11,116	10,496	10,536	10,576	10,616	10,656	10,696	10,736	10,776	10,816
Non Current Liabilities																
Payables	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provisions	271	321	375	433	495	562	633	709	791	878	971	1.070	1,175	1,287	1,405	1.531
Interest bearing liabilities	0	2,997	2,456	1,887	1,289	660	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,001
Total Non Current Liabilities	271	3,318	2,831	2,320	1,784	1,222	633	709	791	878	971	1,070	1,175	1,287	1,405	1,531
Total Liabilities	10,642	14,098	13,668	13,225	12,758	12,267	11,749	11,205	11,327	11,454	11,587	11,726	11,871	12,023	12,181	12,347
Net Assets	480,560	529,786	546,103	609,187	620,071	627,807	641,152	721,163	741,883	835,448	870,554	988,351	1,007,112	1,128,100	1,164,606	1,181,276
Equity																
Accumulated Surplus	192.823	195,164	203,467	209.046	216,760	223,489	230,750	240.461	250,755	261.377	283,169	294,102	305,751	318,555	332,453	347,682
Reserves	287.737	334.622	342,636	400,141	403.311	404.318	410.402	480,702	491,128	574.071	587,385	694,249	701.361	809,545	832,453	833,594
Total Equity	480,560	529,786	546,103	609.187	620.071	627,807	641,152	721,163	741.883	835,448	870.554	988,351	1,007,112	1,128,100	1,164,606	1,181,276

Cash Flow Statement

SOUTH GIPPSLAND SHIRE COUNCIL	Projected	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
BUDGETED CASH FLOW STATEMENT																
Rates	31,374	33,924	36,681	38,669	41,066	43,491	45,954	48,555	51,299	54,197	61,684	61,371	64,781	68,380	72,179	76,190
Statutory fees & fines	482	519	523	536	569	578	577	592	628	639	637	653	694	705	703	721
User charges	2,436	3,006	3,157	3,314	3,480	3,654	3,837	4,029	4,250	4,484	4,731	4,991	5,265	5,555	5,833	6,124
Grants	22,706	13,865	16,181	12,529	14,045	12,715	13,281	13,274	13,804	14,333	14,407	14,719	15,040	15,368	15,705	16,049
Reimbursements	377	373	378	388	399	410	422	434	446	459	472	486	499	514	529	537
Interest received	740	589	573	587	602	617	633	648	665	681	698	716	734	752	771	790
Rents	327	329	337	346	354	363	372	382	391	401	411	421	432	433	433	433
Other receipts	1,067	687	711	722	1,721	1,792	1,866	1,944	2,625	2,740	2,862	2,988	3,122	3,261	3,406	3,557
Payments to Suppliers	(25,590)	(19,844)	(16,093)	(15,282)	(15,830)	(16,212)	(16,569)	(16,989)	(17,700)	(17,765)	(18,189)	(18,806)	(19,504)	(19,845)	(20,354)	(20,839)
Payments to Employees	(23,764)	(21,043)	(21,685)	(22,840)	(23,924)	(25,061)	(26,252)	(27,499)	(28,806)	(30,176)	(31,611)	(33,115)	(34,690)	(36,341)	(38,070)	(39,822)
Other payments	(3,141)	(3,285)	(3.397)	(3,502)	(3,612)	(3,726)	(3.845)	(3,968)	(4.097)	(4.231)	(4.370)	(4,515)	(4,666)	(4,823)	(4,987)	(5,150)
Net cash from Operating	7,014	9,120	17,366	15,467	18,870	18,621	20,276	21,402	23,505	25,762	31,732	29,909	31,707	33,959	36,148	38,590
Investing																
Proceeds from sale of plant property & Equipment	1,211	924	913	1.388	828	1,037	1,008	1,038	1,372	1,176	1,200	1,225	1,251	1,278	1,305	1,333
Repayment of loans and advances	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payments for property, plant & equipment	(12,077)	(15,247)	(18,636)	(15,358)	(16,706)	(14,577)	(19,161)	(19,639)	(30,366)	(29,064)	(31,591)	(33,112)	(29,403)	(28,383)	(33,560)	(38,785)
Loan advances to community groups	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net cash from Investing	(10,866)	(14,323)	(17,723)	(13,970)	(15,878)	(13,540)	(18,153)	(18,601)	(28,994)	(27,888)	(30,391)	(31,887)	(28,152)	(27,105)	(32,255)	(37,452)
Financing																
Proceeds from borrowing	0	4,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment of loans and advances	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Repayment of borrowings	(317)	(623)	(514)	(541)	(569)	(598)	(629)	(661)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finance costs	(24)	(195)	(166)	(139)	(111)	(82)	(51)	(19)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trust Funds and deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net cash from Financing	(341)	3,182	(680)	(680)	(680)	(680)	(680)	(680)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash increase (decrease)	(4.193)	(2.021)	(1.037)	817	2,312	4,401	1,443	2,121	(5,489)	(2.126)	1,341	(1.978)	3,555	6.854	3.893	1,138
Cash at beginning	13.852	9,659	7,638	6,601	7,418	9,730	14,131	15,574	17,695	12,206	10,080	11,421	9,443	12,998	19.852	23,745
Cash at end	9.659	7.638	6.601	7,418	9.730	<u>9,730</u> 14.131	14,131	15,574	17,695	12,200	11,421	9,443	9,443 12.998	12,990	23.745	23,745
	5,009	1,000	0,001	1,410	5,130	14,131	13,374	17,095	12,200	10,000	11,421	5,443	12,390	15,032	25,145	24,003

APPENDIX D – Capital Expenditure Program

				15 Year Cap	ital Works P	Program 201	3 - 14								
Cost Centre	2013 2014 Budgets	2014 2015 Budgets				2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021 Budgets	2021 2022 Budgets	2022 2023 Budgets	2023 2024 Budgets	2024 2025 Budgets	2025 2026 Budgets	2026 2027 Budgets	2027 2028 Budgets
9575 - Bridge - Major Repairs Bridges	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
9657 - Bridge - Rehabilitation - Consolidated Future Program	0	0	214,222	225,362	237.081	249,409	262.378	276.022	290,375	305,475	321,359	338.070	355.650	374,143	393,599
9679 - Bridge - Summers Rd Bridge Replacement - Fish Creek (CRandB)	102.248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
9705 - Bridge - Allambee Estate Rd Bridge Rehab - Allambee Reserve		387,986	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0
9706 - Bridge - Goads Road Bridge Replacement - Dumbak North (CRandB)	471,912		0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0
9709 - Bridge - Agnes River Bridge Replacement - Agnes (CRandB)	211,491	476,846	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0 0	0
9758 - Bridge - Wyghts Bridge Replacement - Meeniyan (CRandB)	0	523,154	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	0 0	0
Bridges Total	785,651	1,576,126	214,222	225,362	237,081	249,409	262,378	276,022	290,375	305,475	321,359	338,070	355,650	374,143	393,599
8120 - Buildings - Bowling Club Mens Toilet Refurbishment - Fish Creek	0	44,323	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	1 0) 0	0
8121 - Buildings - Memorial Hall RoofReplacement - Leongatha	0	0	0	201,234	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
8122 - Buildings - Leongatha Memorial Hall - Paint Exterior and Interior	0	0	0	259,656	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	0
8123 - Buildings - Preschool Buildings Renewal - Toora	0	0	0	1,038,625	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
8124 - Buildings - Caravan Park - ToiletRefurbishment - Yanakie	0	0	0	415,450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
8125 - Buildings - Neeting Room ToiletRefurbishment - Korumburra	0	0	0	128,603	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	
8126 - Buildings - Historical Society Toilet Refurbishment - Korumburna	0	0	121,102	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0 0	
8127 - Buildings - Coal Creek V.I.C. replace Atrium - Korumburra	0	0	0	73,488	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	0 0	0
8135 - Buildings - Community Hub - Korumburra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,023,639	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	0
8138 - Buildings - Allora Pre School Extension - Leongatha	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,396,626	0) (0 0	(
8144 - Buildings - Sports Pavilion - Leongatha South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,620,128	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	
8145 - Buildings - Community Centre and Library - Leongatha	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,349,349) (0 0	(
8147 - Buildings - Community Hub - Nyora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,340,903	0	0	0) (0 0	(
9425 - Buildings - Child Care Hub - Korumburra	348,000	4,555,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
9470 - Buildings - Consolidated Future Program	0	0	0	0	1,832,893	2,083,379	2,289,964	3,577,786	2,154,417	1,487,031	3,493,037	3742,840	3,865,758	4,066,777	4,573,021
9520 - Buildings - Caravan Park Tolet Block - Waratah Bay	397,477	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	
9521 - Buildings - Caravan Park ToletBlock - PortWelshpool	0	0	0	393,845	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	(
9523 - Buildings - Public Toilets Reconstruction - Toora	0	152,504	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	0 0	0
9524 - Buildings - Public Toilets Reconstruction - Fish Creek	0	152,504	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	0
9527 - Buildings - Nemorial Hall Tolets Refurbishment - Leongatha	0	140,773	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0) (0 0	
9531 - Buildings - Caravan Park Rotunda and Camp Kitchen - Waratah Bay	216,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0) (0 0	0
9533 - Buildings - Main Office New Ar Conditioner - Leongatha	0	0	43,194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) () 0	0
9534 - Buildings - Replace Public Tolet - Waratah Bay	0	0	246,822	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	0
9535 - Buildings - Pre School Upgrade Toilets Kitchen/Office - Fish Creek	0	0	222,139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0) (0 0	0
9537 - Buildings - Depot Office Refurbishment - Leongatha	0	398,603	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0) (0 0	1 (
9539 - Buildings - Main Office Major Refurbishment - Leongatha	0	0	1,746,379	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0 0	(
9816 - Buildings - Neighbourhood Saler Place - Sandy Point	230,489	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	0
Buildings Total	1,191,966	5,443,707	2,379,636	2,510,901	1,832,893	2,083,379	2,289,964	11,221,553	11,495,320	1,487,031	4,889,663	11,092,189	3,865758	4,066,777	4573,021

				15 Year Cap	ital Works F	Program 201	3 - 14								
	2013 2014	2014/2015	20152016	2016/2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	20232024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Cost Centre	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets
8313 - Civil - Loch Streetscape (Stage-1)	0	0	0) () () (0	0	941,575	5 0	0) 0) () (i 0
8314 - Civil - Foster Streetscape (Main and Station Street)	9,625	0	693,650) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
8316 - Civil - Korumburra Commercial Streetscape	0	0	55,468	-) () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8770 - Civil - Capital Works Design	208,545	215,102	221,855	228,810	235,975	243,354	250,955	258,783	266,84	7 276,711	286,976	297,659	311,576	316,708	326,509
9512 - Civil - Long Jety Restoration / Community Hub Funding	0	0	1,000,000) (0 0) (0	0) (0 0	0) (0 0) (i 0
Civil Total	218,170	215,102	1,970,971	228,810	235,975	243,354	250,955	258,783	1,208,42	2 276,711	286,976	297,659	311,576	316,708	326,509
8128 - Culvert - Stevart and Dunlops Rd (C096) - Middle Tarwin	0	0	64,034) () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
8129 - Culvert - Farmers Rd (C036) - Dumbalk North	0	0	0	42,868	3 0) (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
8130 - Culvert - Farmers Rd (C038) - Dumbalk North	0	0	0) (96,636) (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
9685 - Culvert - Consolidated Future Program	0	0	0) () (104,938	110,393	116,133	122,17	2 128,525	135,208	142,239	9 149,638	157,417	165,602
Culvert Total	0	0	64,084	42,868	96,636	104,936	110,393	116,133	122,17	2 128,525	135,208	142,239	149,636	157,417	165,602
8697 - Drainage - Harma Rise Cr, Jumbunna Rd and Melville Ae - Korumburra															
(LGP)	506,725	0	0) (0 0) (0	0) (0 0	0) 0	0 0	0	0
9721 - Drainage - Rehabilitation Program (LGIP)	47,281	55,887	113,397	119,294	125,497	132,023	138,888	146,110	153,70	8 161,701	170,109	178,955	5 188,260	198,050	208,349
Drainage Total	554,006	55,887	113,397	119,294	125,497	132,023	138,888	146,110	153,70	8 161,701	170,109	178,955	5 188,260	198,050	208,349
8131 - Fodpaths - Pioneer Street (Ch 107 to 402) - Foster	0	0	0	62,318	3 0) (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8132 - Fodpaths - McCartin Street (Begg to Worthy Sts) - Foster	0	0	0	67,511	1 0) (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8841 - Fodpaths - Renewal	265,625	279,437	293,958	309,254	4 325,336	342,253	360,050	378,773	398,46	9 419,189	440,987	463,918	488,042	513,420	540,118
8849 - Fodpaths - Footpath Extension Program	0	0	0) (136,579	143,681	151,153	159,013	3 167,28	1 175,980	185,131	194,758	3 204,885	215,539	226,747
8854 - Fodpaths - Shingler Steet - Leongatha	156,117	0	0) () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8855 - Fodpaths - Turner Street - Leorgatha	0	0	88,856	6 () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8863 - Fodpaths - Beach Parade over crest - Sandy Point	72,483	0	0) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
8870 - Fodpaths - Steele Street Extension - Leongatha	0	58,565	0) () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8871 - Fodpaths - James Street Extension - Korumburra	0	17,149	0) () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
Footpaths Total	494,225	355,151	382,824	439,083	461,915	485,934	511,203	537,786	565,75	595,169	626,118	658,676	692,927	728,959	766,865
8133 - Guard Rails - Mardan Rd (C059) - Koorooman	0	0	76,268	6 () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
8134 - Guard Rails - Old Koonwarra Meeniyan Rd (C078) - Koonwarra	0	0	76,266	6 () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
9415 - Guard Rails - Wild Dog Valley Road (Amiets Bridge) - Wild Dog Valley	63,120	0	0) () () (0	() (0 0	0) () () (0
9578 - Guard Rails - Consolidated Future Program	0	0	0	119,362	2 126,524	134,116	142,162	150,692	2 159,73	4 169,317	179,477	190,245	201,660	196,993	208,813
9803 - Guard Rails - Yannathan Rd - Nyora	18,584	0	0) () () (0) (0 0	0) 0) () (0
9804 - Guard Rails - Lower Toora Road - Bernison	0	51,130	0) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
9805 - Guard Rails - Mine Rd - Korumburra	0	64,578	0) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) 0) () (0
9806 - Guard Rails - Ferriers Rd - Loch	0	23,462	0) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
9807 - Guard Rails - Leongatha Yarragon Rd - Leongatha Nth	0	23,462	0		0 0) (0	0) (0 0	0) (0 0) (0
9808 - Guard Rails - Toora-Wonyip Rd - Hazle Park	0	23,462	0		0 0) (0	0) (0 0	0) (0 0) (0
9809 - Guard Rails - Farmers Rd - Dumbalk North	0	19,300	0) () () (0	0) (0 0	0) () () (0
Guard Rails Total	81.704	205.394	152.532	119362	126.524	134,116	142.162	150.692	159.73	4 169.317	179477	190,245	201,660	196,993	208.813

			1	L5 Year Capi	ital Works P	rogram 201	3 - 14			•					
	2013 2014	20142015	20152016	20162017	20172018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	20222023	20232024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Cost Centre	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets
8004 - Office Accomodation	540,101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) (0	0
8030 - Information Services	832,877	527,470	543,294	619,030	637,601	656,729	676,431	696,724	717,625	739,154	761,329	784,168	807,694	831,924	856,882
8060 - General Land Purchases / Sales	250,000	257,500	265,225	273,181	281,377	289,818	298,513	307,468	316,692	326,193	335,978	346,058	356,440	367,133	378,147
9781 - Corner Inlet Projects	0	110,000	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
OtherTotal	1,622,978	894,970	808,519	892,211	918,978	946,547	974,944	1,004,192	1,034,317	1,065,347	1,097,307	1,130,226	5 1,164,134	1,199,057	1,235,029
8040 - Plant/Fleet - Fleet Purchases	930,000	957,900	986,637	1,016,236	1,046,723	1,078,125	1,110,469	1,143,783	1,178,096	1,213,439	1,249,842	1,287,337	1,325,958	1,365,736	1,406,708
8050 - Pant/Fleet- Plant Purchases	1,629,253	1,385,566	751,559	631,804	1,232,859	1,542,979	1,897,362	2,713,466	1,526,623	1,572,422	1,619,594	1,668,182	1,718,228	1,718,228	1,718,228
PantFleet Total	2,559,253	2,343,466	1,738,196	1,648,040	2,279,582	2,621,104	3,007,831	3,857,249	2,704,719	2,785,861	2,869,436	2,955,519	3,044,186	3,083,964	3,124,936
8143 - Pools - Splash Hydro Therapy Pool - Leongafta	0	0	0	2,204,629	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
8149 - Pools - Plant Room - Poowong	0	0	0	67,364	0	0) 0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
8150 - Pools - Replace Sand Fiter - Korumburra	0	0	0	51,931	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9471 - Pools - Consolidated Future Program	0	0	0	0	524,413	0	226,729	3,021,241	0	422,352	598,357	629,472	662,204	696,639	732,864
9499 - Pools - Design	0	0	0	25,966	i 0	28,736	i 0	31,803	0	35,196	0	38,952	2 0	43,108	0
9586 - Pools - Refurbishment Design - Mirboo North	0	198,100	0	0	0	0	0 0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9588 - Pools - Refurbishment - Mirboo North	0	0	0	1,947,422	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9590 - Pools - Install Liner - Poowong	0	228,756	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9593 - Pools - Replace Sand Fiters - Toora	0	0	0	51,931	0	0) 0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9995 - Pools - Renew Plant Room - Foster	0	0	308,527	0	0	0	0 0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
Pools Total	0	426,856	308,527	4,349,243	524,413	28,736	226,729	3,053,044	. 0	457,548	598,357	668,424	662,204	739,747	732,864
1670 - Other - CCHV - Capital Projects	199,539	119,102	126,248	133,823	141,852	150,363	159,385	168,948	179,085	189,830	201,220	213,293	226,090	226,090	226,090
8146 - Recreation - SoccerHockeyfields (x3) - Leongatha South	0	0	0	0	0	2,710,968	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
8664 - Recreation - Paths and Trails Implementation	0	0	159,464	167,756	176,480	185,657	195,311	205,467	216,151	227,391	239,215	251,655	264,741	278,507	292,989
9510 - Recreation - Public Jetty Upgrade - Port Welshpod	120,864	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0	0) 0	0) 0
9511 - Recreation - Kindergartens Plaground Replacement Program	15,000	15,750	16,538	17,364	18,233	19,144	20,101	21,107	22,162	23,270	24,433	25,655	26,938	28,285	29,699
9515 - Recreation - McIndoe Park Rotunda Extension - Leorgatha	42,900	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0
9563 - Playgrounds - Replacement Program	159,375	167,662	176,381	185,553	195,201	205,352	216,030	227,264	239,081	251,514	264,592	278,351	292,825	308,052	324,071
9570 - Recreation - Footpath Existing to CBD - Venus Bay	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0
9602 - Recreation - Future Unplanned Works (SRV Grants)	150,000	157,875	166,163	174,887	184,069	193,732	208,903	214,608	225,875	237,733	250,214	263,351	277,177	291,728	307,044
Recreation Total	767,678	460,389	644,794	679,383	715,835	3,465,216	794,730	837,394	882,354	929,738	979,674	1,032,305	i 1,087,771	1,132,662	1,179,898

				15 Year Capi	ital Works P	rogram 201	3-14								
	2013/2014	2014/2015	2015 2016			2018/2019	2019/2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	20252026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Cost Centre	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets	Budgets
2459 - Better ment Works - NDFA	840,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	(
8136 - Roads - Jumbunna Rd, Bena Rd, Princess Stand George St- Korumburra	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,277,908	C	0) 0	0	0	0	0	C
8137 - Roads - Sth Gipps Hwy and Radovick St - Korumburra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,505,910	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
8139 - Roads - Nerrena Rd connection b/t Parr Stand Nerrena Rd - Leongatha	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	918,669	0	0	(
8140 - Roads - Parr Street - Leongatha	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,320,377	0	0) 0	0	(
8141 - Roads - Simons Lane / South Gippsland Highway - Leorgatha	0	0	0	0	0	2,710,968	0	0	0) 0	0	0) 0	0	(
8148 - Roads - Roads/Drainage (Special Charge Scheme 33.33%) - Nyora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,961,131	10,479,110	0) 0	0	(
8152 - Roads - Rehabilitation Program (CRand Band R2R)	1,135,270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0) 0	0	(
8153 - Roads - Dale Drive turning area - Leongatha	0	20,891	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0) 0	0	(
8772 - Roads - Reseals (Partially funded R2R)	1,673,161	1,732,524	1,805,687	1,882,306	1,962,545	2,046,587	2,134,620	2,226,842	2,323,462	2,424,697	2,530,778	2,641,951	2,755,481	2,865,319	2,860,73
8774 - Roads - Reseal Preparation	751,008	743,818	775,148	807,886	842,098	877,859	915,237	954,309	995,155	1,037,860	1,082,511	1,129,200	1,178,024	1,229,084	1,239,85
8850 - Roads - Safe Intersections Program	0	117,864	123,993	130,441	137,223	144,399	151,866	159,763	168,070	176,810	187,282	196,646	206,479	216,803	227,643
9096 - Roads - Henrys Road - Nyora	0	709,729	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9722 - Roads - Unallocated Future Capex	0	0	1,368,541	1,940,302	3,694,413	2,873,626	3,023,055	3,974,693	4,367,593	5,373,680	5,634,712	5,812,666	11,363,226	17,053,861	21,420,66
9738 - Roads - Gray St - Leongatha	0	617,563	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	(
9739 - Roads - Anderson St Town Entrance - Leongatha	16,294	332,011	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9748 - Roads - Kongwak Inverloch Rd - Kongwak (R2R)	260,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9762 - Roads - Station Street Rehabilitation - Korumburra (R2R)	557,550	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9764 - Roads - Lower Frank in Road Rehabilitation - Foster (LGIP)	507,906	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9769 - Roads - Bass Valley Road - Bena	0	703,864	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9785 - Roads - Lower Toora Road (ID 1013) - Toora	42,080	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9787 - Roads - Grip Road (ID 661) - Toora	0	583,233	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9788 - Roads - Leorgatha Yarragon Road - Leorgatha North	0	386,793	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9789 - Roads - Farmers Road (ID 456) - Dumbalk North	0	405,164	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9790 - Roads - Bridge Street (ID 239) - Korumburra	64,720	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	(
9793 - Roads - Buffalo Waratah Road (ID 262)- Buffalo	0	0	316,793	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9795 - Roads - Restlee Drive (ID 1347) - Nyora	0	0	277,674	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9814 - Roads - Deviation of Koonwarra-Pound Creek Road - Leongatha	21,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
9815 - Roads - Stony Creek Dollar Road Improvements - Stony Creek	180,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	() 0	0	0) 0	0	(
Roads Total	6,048,999	6,353,454	4,667,836	4,760,935	6,636,279	8,653,399	10,502,686	8,821,517	7,854,280	22,294,555	19,914,393	10,699,132	15,503,210	21,365,067	25,748,89
8555 - Waste - Transfer Station Capital	0	243,475	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	(
8967 - Waste - Koonwarra Cell Construction - (LGIP - Partial funding 13/14)	898,663	62,175	1,912,867	689,558	385,153	13,555	426,251	84,276	2,592,861	934,686	1,044,138	18,373	1,155,552	0	120,176
8968 - Waste - Landfill ET Cap	24,002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	(
Waste Total	922,665	305,650	1,912,867	689,558	385,153	13,555	426,251	84,276	2,592,861	934,686	1,044,138	18,373	1,155,552	0	120,17
GrandTotal	15,247,295	18,636,152	15,358,355	16,705,050	14,576,761	19,161,708	19,639,114	30,364,751	29,064,012	31,591,664	33,112,215	29,402,012	28,382,524	33,559,544	38,784,546

APPENDIX E - Key Strategic Activities

This section sets out program initiatives to be undertaken by Council in 2013/14, including appropriate measures and targets that are subject to audit at year end.

Strategy	Action	Measure and Target	Responsible Unit
Outcome 1: A Prosperous Shire	*Number of representations made to State and Federal politicians.	At least one delegation annually	Chief Executive Officer
Strategy 1.2.2: We will advocate for priority projects that assist in stimulating economic growth, agricultural development, tourism infrastructure and community facilities.	*Identify and advocate adopted Priority Projects	Developed and advocated by 30 June 2014	Chief Executive Officer
Strategy 1.3.1: We will actively engage businesses, farmers, industries and individuals in creating a clean, green Shire, where environmental sustainability is embraced and practiced.	Commence implementation of Council's Roadside Weeds and Pest Management Plan in conjunction with South Gippsland Land-Care.	 By 30 June 2014 Consultation program developed, and 4 meetings held with Land-Care groups Progress reported in the Quarterly Performance Report 	Community Services
Strategy 1.3.2: We will promote sustainable waste management practices, energy efficiency and management of our natural resources.	Sustainability Strategy actions implemented: • Green street lighting project implemented	Project implemented by 30 June 2014	Community Services
Strategy 2.1.1: We will develop a continually evolving Vision for the Shire that encourages community participation in defining what it wants, needs and can afford to guide rationalisation, consolidation and achievement of desired community outcomes.	Develop and commence implementation of new approaches to engage community participation in creating a continually evolving Vision for the Shire	A report presented to Council outlining approaches to be introduced in 2013-2014 by 30 September 2013	Corporate Services

Strategy	Action	Measure and Target	Responsible Unit
Strategy 3.1.6: We will refine the provision of Council services through reviews focused on evolving community needs, realistic and affordable service standards and efficient management of resources.	Develop Master Plans for swimming pools • Toora • Poowong • Foster	Master Plans completed and reported to Council for adoption by 30 June 2014	Community Services
Strategy 4.1.1: We will explore innovative ways of increasing revenue and reducing expenditure.	Review and revise Council's Rating Strategy to align with amended State Government requirements and ensure equity as far as practicable	Report presented to Council by 30 June 2014	Corporate Services
Strategy 4.1.1: We will explore innovative ways of increasing revenue and reducing expenditure.	The Long Term Financial Plan implemented to ensure financial sustainability	Weighted average of 5 key financial ratios being indebtedness, underlying working capital ratio, self- financing, investment gap and underlying result for the 2013-2014 Budget is greater than or equal to 98%	Corporate Services

APPENDIX F - Fees and Charges

This section sets out all fees and statutory charges of Council

Description	2012/13 Fee Incl.GST	2013/14 Fee Incl.GST	% Increase	2013/14 Budget Excl. GST
Domestic Animal Business Registration	\$208.00	\$250.00	20.19	\$1,750
Dogs / Cats - First Offence	\$64.00	\$80.00	25.00	\$7,273
Dogs / Cats - Subsequent Offence	\$100.00	\$130.00	30.00	\$4,136
Cattle (First animal)	\$100.00	\$120.00	20.00	\$545
Cattle (Subsequent animals)	\$5.00	\$6.00	20.00	\$55
Vic Roads (Stock Control on Declared				
Roads)	\$504.00	\$605.00	20.04	\$55,000
Goats & Pigs (First animal)	\$41.00	\$50.00	21.95	\$0
Late Application for Cattle Crossing	\$298.00	\$358.00	20.13	\$0
Droving of Livestock - Application fee (no refund)	\$174.00	\$209.00	20.11	\$0
Droving of Livestock - Bond	\$1,558.00	\$1,870.00	20.03	\$0
Droving Cattle - daily fee per head	\$2.30	\$2.80	21.74	\$0
Droving Sheep - daily fee per head	\$1.10	\$1.40	27.27	\$0
Droving Other Livestock - daily fee per head	\$2.30	\$2.80	21.74	\$0
Grazing of Livestock - Application Fee (no refund)	\$87.00	\$105.00	20.69	\$0
Grazing Cattle - daily fee per head	\$1.10	\$1.40	27.27	\$0
Grazing Sheep - daily fee per head	\$.70	\$.90	28.57	\$0
Grazing Other Livestock - daily fee per	• • • • •	• • • • •		
head	\$1.10	\$1.40	27.27	\$0
Goats & Pigs (Subsequent animals)	\$5.00	\$6.00	20.00	\$0
Sheep (First animal)	\$20.50	\$25.00	21.95	\$0
Sheep (Subsequent animals)	\$2.30	\$2.80	21.74	\$0
Other (Per animal)	\$2.30	\$2.80	21.74	\$0
Exotic Animals (First animal)	\$41.00	\$50.00	21.95	\$0
Exotic Animals (Subsequent animals)	\$5.00	\$6.00	20.00	\$0
Sustenance Stock	\$11.00	\$13.50	22.73	\$123
Sustenance Cat & Dog	\$9.00	\$12.00	33.33	\$2,727
Access - Additional Records	\$6.30	\$8.00	26.98	\$0
Access - All Records	\$11.30	\$14.00	23.89	\$0
Dog registration for dangerous, menacing and restricted breeds (RDM)	\$205.00	\$250.00	21.95	\$2,000
Animal registration undesexed dogs and cats (C2)	\$36.00	\$44.00	22.22	\$35,200
Pensioner fee for undesexed dogs and cats (C2P)	\$18.00	\$22.00	22.22	\$7,700
Animal registration for micro-chipped and desexed dogs and cats (C3)	\$36.00	\$44.00	22.22	\$105,600

Pensioner fee for micro-chipped and		1		
desexed dogs and cats (C3P)	\$18.00	\$22.00	22.22	\$17,600
Animal Registration Late Fee	\$10.00	\$12.00	20.00	\$9,600
Pensioner fee for dog registration for	<i><i><i>ϕ</i> 10100</i></i>	¢12.00	20100	\$0,000
working dogs, microchipped only (C4P)	\$18.00	\$22.00	22.22	\$880
Dog registration for working dogs,	<i></i>	\$ 22.00		4000
microchipped only (C4)	\$36.00	\$44.00	22.22	\$7,920
NC1 – Dogs/Cats not included under NC2	\$108.00	\$130.00	20.37	\$32,500
NC1P - Dogs/Cats not included under	φ100.00	ψ130.00	20.07	ψ32,000
NC2 Pension	\$54.00	\$65.00	20.37	\$7,800
NC2 – Dogs/Cats that qualify for reduced	ψ0-1.00	φ00.00	20.07	ψ1,000
fee	\$36.00	\$44.00	22.22	\$44,000
NC2P – Dogs/Cats that qualify for	ψ00.00	ψ-+-00		φ++,000
reduced fee Pension	\$18.00	\$22.00	22.22	\$13,200
Animal Control Total	φ10.00	φ22.00		
				\$355,609
Road Reserve Activity Permit (Road	¢60.00	¢74.00	7.05	¢10.000
RAP)	\$69.00	\$74.00	7.25	\$13,320
Unused Road Opening Application Fee	\$588.00	\$632.00	7.48	\$2,298
Assets Total				\$15,618
Non Commercial - Whole Complex Hire	\$688.00	\$739.00	7.41	\$0
Non Commercial - Whole Complex Hire				
1/2 Day	\$359.00	\$386.00	7.52	\$0
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Rental - full day or evening	\$488.00	\$525.00	7.58	\$1,909
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall 1/2 day use set up rehearsals	\$244.00	\$262.00	7.38	\$476
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall set up where hall deemed unusable				
by other parties (Weddings Expos Lyric				
Theatre Catwalks) full day	\$370.00	\$398.00	7.57	\$0
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Rehearsals 1-4 hours	\$41.00	\$44.00	7.32	\$120
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Full week hire 7 days	\$2,193.00	\$2,357.00	7.48	\$2,143
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall meeting Rm 1 full week hire 7 days	\$683.00	\$734.00	7.47	\$0
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Meeting Rm 1 - full day	\$154.00	\$166.00	7.79	\$1,509
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Meeting Rm 1 - 1/2 day	\$78.00	\$84.00	7.69	\$2,291
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	•	•		• -
Hall Meeting Rm 2 - Full week hire 7 days	\$547.00	\$588.00	7.50	\$0
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	• • • • • • •	A 1		•
Hall Meeting Rm 2 - full day	\$121.00	\$130.00	7.44	\$591
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	*• • • • •	* • = = = =		* • • = ·
Hall Meeting Rm 2 - 1/2 day	\$61.00	\$65.50	7.38	\$1,191
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	A	Aa 4 a 5		Aa i a i
contractor Set up Costs (if used)	\$22.00	\$24.00	9.09	\$3,164

Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall Kitchen full day	\$121.00	\$130.00	7.44	¢1 772
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	φ121.00	\$130.00	7.44	\$1,773
Hall Kitchen 1/2 day	\$78.00	\$84.00	7.69	\$1,145
Non Commercial - Leongatha Memorial				
Hall Crockery Hire per setting	\$3.20	\$3.50	9.38	\$955
Non Commercial - Balcony Seating full				
day	\$154.00	\$166.00	7.79	\$0
Non Commercial - Balcony Seating 1/2				
day	\$78.00	\$84.00	7.69	\$0
Non Commercial - Behind Stage full day	\$78.00	\$84.00	7.69	\$0
Non Commercial - Behind Stage 1/2 day	\$46.00	\$49.00	6.52	\$89
Non Commercial - Hall Bond where liquor	<i><i>ϕ</i> 10100</i>	<i><i><i>ϕ</i></i> 10100</i>	0.02	\$00
is served (refundable)	\$610.00	\$656.00	7.54	\$0
Non Commercial - Hall Bond where liquor	\$010.00	\$000.00	7.01	ψ0
is not served (refundable)	\$154.00	\$166.00	7.79	\$0
Non Commercial - Korumburra Office	 10 1.00	 100.00	1.10	ψ0
Meeting Room Full Day	\$81.00	\$87.00	7.41	\$0
Non Commercial - Korumburra Office	φ01.00	φ07.00	7.11	φ0
Meeting Room 1/2 Day / night	\$44.00	\$47.00	6.82	\$0
Commercial - Whole Complex Hire	\$855.00	\$919.00	7.49	\$0
Commercial - Whole Complex Hire 1/2	\$000.00	\$919.00	7.49	<u>Ф</u> О
•	¢447.00	¢100.00	7.38	¢O
Day	\$447.00	\$480.00	7.30	\$0
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	¢610.00	¢656.00	7 5 4	¢5 267
Rental - full day or evening	\$610.00	\$656.00	7.54	\$5,367
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall 1/2 day use set up rehearsals	\$305.00	\$328.00	7.54	\$0
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ305.00	φ <u>3</u> 20.00	7.54	φU
set up where hall deemed unusable by				
other parties (Weddings Expos Lyric				
Theatre Catwalks) full day	\$459.00	\$493.00	7.41	\$896
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ 4 39.00	φ 4 95.00	7.41	4090
Rehearsals 1-4 hours	\$54.00	\$58.00	7.41	\$527
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ 34.00	φ56.00	7.41	φ <u>υ</u> Ζ1
Full week hire 7 days	\$2,743.00	\$2,949.00	7.51	\$2,681
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ2,743.00	φ2,949.00	7.51	φ2,001
meeting Rm 1 full week hire 7 days	\$855.00	\$919.00	7.49	\$0
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ000.00	\$919.00	7.49	φU
Meeting Rm 1 - full day	\$188.00	¢202.00	7 45	\$1,469
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	φ100.00	\$202.00	7.45	φ1,409
Meeting Rm 1 - 1/2 day	\$97.00	¢104.00	7 22	\$756
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	\$97.00	\$104.00	7.22	\$7.50
	\$683.00	¢724.00	7 47	¢O
Meeting Rm 2 - Full week hire 7 days	φυο δ.00	\$734.00	7.47	\$0
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	¢154.00	¢165.00	7 1 4	¢1 500
Meeting Rm 2 - full day	\$154.00	\$165.00	7.14	\$1,500
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	¢77.00	¢02.00	7 70	やファァ
Meeting Rm 2 - 1/2 day	\$77.00	\$83.00	7.79	\$755
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial	¢20 50	¢22.00	0 47	ድር
contractor Set up Costs (if used)	\$29.50	\$32.00	8.47	\$0

Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall	•			••••
Kitchen full day	\$154.00	\$165.00	7.14	\$300
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall Kitchen 1/2 day	\$97.00	\$104.00	7.22	\$378
Commercial - Leongatha Memorial Hall				
Crockery Hire per setting	\$4.20	\$4.50	7.14	\$0
Commercial - Balcony Seating full day	\$191.00	\$205.00	7.33	\$0
Commercial - Balcony Seating 1/2 day	\$97.00	\$104.00	7.22	\$0
Commercial - Behind Stage full day	\$97.00	\$104.00	7.22	\$0
Commercial - Behind Stage 1/2 day	\$59.00	\$63.00	6.78	\$0
Commercial - Hall Bond where liquor is				
served (refundable)	\$765.00	\$822.00	7.45	\$0
Commercial - Hall Bond where liquor is				
not served (refundable)	\$188.00	\$202.00	7.45	\$0
Commercial - Korumburra Office Meeting	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		•
Room Full Day	\$102.00	\$110.00	7.84	\$0
Commercial - Korumburra Office Meeting	* ••	* • • • • •		• (• •
Room 1/2 Day / night	\$57.00	\$61.00	7.02	\$166
Buildings - Operations Total				\$32,151
Education Program - Guided Tour	\$2.80	\$4.00	42.86	\$4,411
Education Program - Coal Tour	\$2.80	\$4.00	42.86	\$364
Education Program - School Lesson	\$3.45	\$4.00	15.94	\$2,724
Education Program - Pioneer Timber				
Skills	\$3.45	\$4.00	15.94	\$1,775
Education Program - Old Fashioned Craft	\$4.60	\$4.95	7.61	\$2,250
Education Program - Bush Tramway Ride	\$3.45	\$4.00	15.94	\$7,273
Education Program - Bush Tractor Ride	\$2.80	\$4.00	42.86	\$0
Education Program - Spinning				
Demonstration	\$3.45	\$3.50	1.45	\$2,507
Auditorium /Boardroom Hire-1/2 day	\$60.00	\$65.00	8.33	\$1,005
Auditorium/Boardroom Hire-full day	\$115.00	\$115.00	.00	\$0
Activity for group tours-heritage craft	\$4.60	\$4.60	.00	\$0
Demonstration for Tour groups-spinning	•	· · · · · · ·		
Demo	\$3.15	\$3.15	.00	\$0
Rides for group tours-Tramway	\$6.30	\$6.30	.00	\$0
Guided tours for groups-Coal Tour	\$3.15	\$3.15	.00	\$0
Group tours-Guided tours	\$3.15	\$3.15	.00	\$0
Demonstration for group tours-Bush Skills	\$3.15	\$3.15	.00	\$0
Activity for group Tours-Bush Cooking	\$4.60	\$4.60	.00	\$0
Rides for Wedding Parties-Bush	ψ+.00	φ+.00	.00	ΨΟ
Tramway	\$4.80	\$4.80	.00	\$0
Venue Hire-Wattle & Daub	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Venue Hire-Jeetho School	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Venue Hire-Boston's	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0 \$0
Venue Hire-Courthouse	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0 \$0
Venue Hire-Pig& Whistle	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0 \$0
Venue Hire-Mechanics Inst	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0

Venue Hire-Mine Mangers House	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Venue Hire-Sport Oval	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Venue Hire-Rotunda	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Loads of Fire wood sold to volunteers	\$64.00	\$70.00	9.38	\$636
Events-Venue Hire	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	<u>φ030</u> \$0
Events-Electricity fee	\$30.00	\$35.00	16.67	\$636
Venue Hire- Krowera Church	-	-		
	\$330.00	\$355.00	7.58	\$0
Train Rides	\$6.50	\$6.50	.00	\$39,195
Education Program - Bush Cooking	\$3.45	\$4.00	15.94	\$1,615
Coal Creek Package - Coal Creek	¢0.50	¢10.00	5.06	¢0 545
Experience 1 Coal Creek Package - Coal Creek	\$9.50	\$10.00	5.26	\$9,545
Experience 2	\$6.75	\$7.00	3.70	\$1,591
Coal Creek Package - Coal Creek	φ0.75	ψ7.00	5.70	ψ1,331
Experience 3	\$6.75	\$7.25	7.41	\$6,261
Coal Creek Package - Coal at the Creek	\$6.50	\$6.50	.00	\$709
Coal Creek Package - It's a child's life!	ψ0.00	ψ0.50	.00	ψ/05
1901 Style	\$10.00	\$11.00	10.00	\$9,850
Coal Creek Package - A Pioneers Life	\$9.30	\$10.00	7.53	\$2,000
Coal Creek Package - Lessons from the	φ0.00	φ10.00	1.00	φ2,000
Past	\$6.00	\$6.50	8.33	\$709
Coal Creek Total	·			\$95,056
Non Standing Street Lighting Contribution				<i>400,000</i>
(10% per job)	N/A	N/A	.00	\$0
Design and Service Management Total				\$0
Permit to Install a septic tank	\$566.00	\$610.00	7.77	\$115,900
Permit to alter a septic tank system -				
Major Works	\$411.10	\$432.00	5.08	\$4,320
Permit to alter a septic tank - Minor				
Works	\$324.00	C210 00		
Request for copies of plans for septic.		\$340.00	4.94	\$3,400
	\$60.00	\$65.00	4.94 8.33	\$3,400 \$591
Request for Assessment of the Waste	\$60.00			· · ·
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed	\$60.00			· · ·
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or		\$65.00	8.33	\$591
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection	\$60.00 \$159.10			· · ·
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank	\$159.10	\$65.00 \$171.00	8.33 7.48	\$591 \$311
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI		\$65.00	8.33	\$591
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability	\$159.10 \$312.20	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00	8.33 7.48 7.62	\$591 \$311 \$1,344
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment	\$159.10	\$65.00 \$171.00	8.33 7.48	\$591 \$311
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13)	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises Class 2 - Food Act Premises	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30 \$562.30	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00 \$605.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59 7.59	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260 \$91,355
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises Class 2 - Food Act Premises Class 3 - Food Act Premises	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30 \$562.30 \$359.10	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00 \$605.00 \$386.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59 7.59 7.49	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260 \$91,355 \$21,230
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises Class 2 - Food Act Premises Class 3 - Food Act Premises Hair/Beauty- Health Act	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30 \$562.30 \$359.10 \$159.10	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00 \$605.00 \$386.00 \$171.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59 7.59 7.49 7.48	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260 \$91,355 \$21,230 \$4,446
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises Class 2 - Food Act Premises Class 3 - Food Act Premises Hair/Beauty- Health Act Skin Penetration - Health Act	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30 \$562.30 \$359.10 \$159.10 \$199.50	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00 \$605.00 \$386.00 \$171.00 \$215.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59 7.59 7.59 7.49 7.48 7.77	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260 \$91,355 \$21,230 \$4,446 \$645
Request for Assessment of the Waste Water Disposal System for a constructed dwelling or extra initial, construction or Final Inspection Extension of time to existing Septic Tank PTI Assessment of Land Capability Assessment Class 1 (Non Standard FSP) Food Act Premises Class 2 - Food Act Premises Class 3 - Food Act Premises Hair/Beauty- Health Act	\$159.10 \$312.20 \$173.50 \$562.30 \$562.30 \$359.10 \$159.10	\$65.00 \$171.00 \$336.00 \$90.00 \$605.00 \$605.00 \$386.00 \$171.00	8.33 7.48 7.62 (48.13) 7.59 7.59 7.49 7.48	\$591 \$311 \$1,344 \$1,636 \$7,260 \$91,355 \$21,230 \$4,446

Transfer of Registrations (50% of rego				
fee)	N/A	N/A	.00	\$0
Inspection on request (50% of registration fee)	N/A	N/A	.00	\$0
Minor permit amendment - no inspection	\$86.70	\$93.50	7.84	\$187
Major permit amendment - includes				
inspection	\$159.00	\$171.00	7.55	\$342
Class 1 (Standard FSP) Food Act				
Premises	\$795.40	\$855.00	7.49	\$0
PAFC2	\$708.80	\$762.00	7.51	\$13,716
PAFC3	\$505.60	\$543.00	7.40	\$543
PAFC4	\$147.00	\$158.00	7.48	\$3,792
PA8FC2	\$354.90	\$380.00	7.07	\$2,280
PA8FC3	\$252.50	\$271.00	7.33	\$542
New Premises Establishment Fee - Large	\$350.00	\$375.00	7.14	\$682
Request for Septic Plans and Permit	\$108.00	\$116.00	7.41	<u>\$527</u>
New Premises Establishment Fee -	ψ100.00	φ110.00	1.41	ψυζΙ
Medium	\$.00	\$185.00	.00	\$505
New Premises Establishment Fee - Small	\$.00	\$90.00	.00	\$818
Registration of Temporary or Mobile Food	φ.00	ψ30.00	.00	ψ010
Premises (attached to principal premises)	\$.00	\$95.00	.00	\$1,295
Environmental Health Total		+		\$280,076
Block Clearing (Fire Prevention /				+200,010
Hazards)	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$2,700
Fire Prevention Total				\$2,700
Applicant B&W Photocopying (Amount				T)
per A3 page)	\$2.20	\$2.40	9.09	\$22
Applicant B&W Photocopying (Amount				
per A1 page)	\$10.00	\$10.75	7.50	\$98
Governance Operations Total				\$120
Private Works - Meals on Wheels	\$11.60	\$12.60	8.62	\$12,600
Bus Self Drive Hire-Only hired to NFP				. ,
organisations- managed under A&D fee				
structure as a community service	\$1.00	\$1.20	20.00	\$2,727
HACC Bus Nyora Loch Bena Kongwak to				
Leongatha	\$.00	\$5.00	.00	\$520
Community Transport Cars Revenue -				
fees based on 34 per kilometre, minimum				
fee \$6.00, over 100 kms charge both				
ways (as can receive refund through				
VPTAS), any trip under 100km charge one way	\$.32	\$.34	6.25	\$39,875
HACC Bus Leongatha and Meeniyan	\$4.40	\$5.00	13.64	\$200 \$200
HACC Bus Port Welshpool to Leongatha	\$10.50	\$12.00	14.29	\$576
HACC Bus Foster to Welshpool	\$4.40	\$5.00	13.64	\$1,100
Meals on Wheels Low Fee	\$7.20	\$8.10	12.50	\$127,170
Meals on Wheels Medium Fee	m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m		10 50	\$2,430
Meals on Wheels High Fee	\$7.20 \$10.55	\$8.10 \$11.60	12.50 9.95	<u>430</u> \$963

Local Law Footpath Occupation Permit	\$43.00	\$52.00	20.93	\$11,960
Door to Door trading permit	\$340.00	\$408.00	20.00	\$0
Camping permit	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$495
Impounded vehicle release	\$161.00	\$194.00	20.50	\$0
Local Law 1 release fees	\$101.00	\$122.00	20.79	\$0
Roadside trading permit	\$755.00	\$910.00	20.53	\$0
Landfills Total				\$1,495,306
Transfer Station Waste to Landfill	\$115.00	\$127.00	10.43	\$302,029
Disposal of Clean Fill	\$115.00	\$137.00	19.13	\$12,455
Tree Stumps	\$36.00	\$39.00	8.33	\$461
Commercial Waste by weight	\$115.00	\$137.00	19.13	\$1,145,818
Prescribed Waste	\$168.00	\$181.00	7.74	\$0
Concrete (over 300mm)	\$63.00	\$68.00	7.94	\$27,818
Asbestos	\$115.00	\$137.00	19.13	\$6,725
Immunisation Total				\$7,539
Boostrix	\$39.00	\$39.00	.00	\$0
Hep A Paediatric	\$46.10	\$48.00	4.12	\$0
Flu	\$23.00	\$24.00	4.35	\$7,200
Twinrix Adult	\$76.00	\$86.00	13.16	\$172
Hep A Adult	\$85.00	\$74.00	(12.94)	\$74
Hep B Adult	\$24.00	\$31.00	29.17	\$93
Hep B Paediatric	\$24.00	\$18.00	(25.00)	\$0
Varicella	\$73.00	\$78.00	6.85	\$0
Hard Waste Collection Total				\$3,314
Hard Waste Collection - Pensioner	\$25.00	\$27.00	8.00	\$2,209
Hard Waste Collection - Regular	\$75.00	\$81.00	8.00	\$1,105
HACC Services Total				\$341,667
Personal Care Travel Greater Than 30km	\$.00	\$.88	.00	\$C
30km	\$.00	\$.88	.00	\$0
Respite Services Travel Greater Than	ψ+.+0	ψ0.00	13.04	ψ300
HACC Bus Venus Bay to Leongatha	\$4.40 \$4.40	\$5.00	13.64	\$360
HACC Bus Venus Bay to Wonthaggi	\$4.40	\$5.00	13.64	۹۱,377 \$1,377 \$480
Personal Care High Fee	\$33.30	\$35.30	6.01	هەن پەرەن \$1,377
Personal Care Medium Fee	\$4.10	\$4.30 \$8.50	4.00 6.25	\$18,490 \$850
Respite Care High Fee Personal Care Low Fee	\$30.10 \$4.10	\$32.00	6.31 4.88	\$512 \$18,400
Respite Care Medium Fee	\$4.10	\$4.30	4.88	\$860
Respite Care Low Fee	\$2.75	\$2.90	5.45	\$8,120
Home Maintenance High Fee	\$42.70	\$45.00	5.39	\$405
Home Maintenance Medium Fee	\$16.20	\$17.00	4.94	\$459
Home Maintenance Low Fee	\$9.50	\$11.00	15.79	\$9,504
Homecare High Fee	\$29.00	\$31.00	6.90	\$3,100
Homecare Medium Fee	\$13.00	\$14.00	7.69	\$8,400

Bulk rubbish container permit	\$100.00	\$120.00	20.00	\$0
Storage of machinery or second hand				
goods - permit	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Burning off offensive material permit	\$314.00	\$377.00	20.06	\$0
Advertising on Council properties permit	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Animal permit - Excess animals	\$41.00	\$50.00	21.95	\$2,500
Recreation Vehicles	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Scavenging at Tip	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Drainage Tappings	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Consume Liquor in Public Place -	+0_ . 00	***		÷-
Infringement	\$100.00	\$100.00	.00	\$2,000
Consume Liquor in Public Place - Permit	\$82.00	\$99.00	20.73	\$0
Local Laws Total		· · · · · ·		\$16,955
Search / Certificate Fees	\$111.00	\$134.00	20.72	\$6,091
Final Inspection	\$180.00	\$216.00	20.00	\$196
Building and Planning Infringements	\$106.00	\$700.00	560.38	\$39,900
	\$100.00	\$700.00	500.56	
Municipal Building Total				\$46,187
Private Works - Aged and Disability Services	\$47.30	\$48.00	1.48	\$120,000
Private Works - Aged and Disability	φ47.50	φ40.00	1.40	φ120,000
Services Travel Greater Than 30km	\$.00	\$.88	.00	\$0
Non HACC Services Total		<i></i>		\$120,000
Family Season Ticket	\$100.00	\$100.00	.00	\$0
Single Season Ticket	\$50.00	\$50.00	.00	\$0
Adult Entry	\$4.50	\$4.50	.00	\$0
Child Entry	\$3.60	\$3.60	.00	\$0
School Single Entry	\$2.00	\$2.00	.00	\$0 \$0
Spectator Outdoor Swimming Pool - Family Season	\$1.00	\$1.00	.00	\$0
Ticket	\$135.00	\$142.00	5.19	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Single Season	φ100.00	ψ1+2.00	0.10	φ0
Ticket	\$68.00	\$72.00	5.88	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Adult Entry	\$4.70	\$4.90	4.26	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Child Entry	\$3.60	\$3.80	5.56	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - School Single	<i>\</i> 0.00	\$0.00	0.00	4 0
Entry	\$2.70	\$2.85	5.56	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Spectator	\$1.00	\$1.00	.00	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Single Season		 		
Ticket Child - Toora	\$94.00	\$99.00	5.32	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Weekly Family		·		·
Ticket - Toora	\$52.50	\$55.00	4.76	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Single Season				
Ticket Adult - Toora	\$125.00	\$132.00	5.60	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Spectator -	. .	.		
Toora	\$1.00	\$1.00	.00	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - School Single	€ 0 7 0	* ~ ~ ~		^
Entry - Toora	\$2.70	\$2.85	5.56	\$0

Outdoor Swimming Pool - Child Entry -	¢4.20	¢4.50	4.65	ድር
Toora	\$4.30	\$4.50	4.65	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Adult Entry - Toora	\$5.40	\$5.70	5.56	\$0
Outdoor Swimming Pool - Family Season	Ç. I.C	+011 0	0.00	~ ~
Ticket - Toora	\$245.00	\$258.00	5.31	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Adult Rec				
Swim	\$5.40	\$5.60	3.70	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Child Rec				
Swim	\$4.30	\$4.40	2.33	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Concession				
Rec Swim	\$4.30	\$4.40	2.33	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Family Rec				
Swim	\$15.50	\$16.00	3.23	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Spectator	\$2.00	\$2.00	.00	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Underwater	·			
Hockey (Adult)	\$7.90	\$7.90	.00	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatics (Casual) Underwater	+			Ŧ -
Hockey (Child / Concession)	\$6.90	\$6.90	.00	\$0
SPLASH - Group Fitness Aqua Aerobics	\$11.00	\$11.30	2.73	\$0
SPLASH - Group Fitness Aqua Aerobics	φ11.00	φ11.00	2.10	ψυ
(Concession)	\$8.80	\$9.10	3.41	\$0
SPLASH - Older Adults Programs Aqua	ψ0.00	ψ3.10	5.41	ψυ
Movers	\$6.40	\$6.70	4.69	\$0
SPLASH - Older Adults Programs	ψ0.40	ψ0.70	4.05	ψυ
Strength Training Session	\$6.40	\$6.70	4.69	\$0
SPLASH - Older Adults Programs	ψ0.40	ψ0.70	4.05	ψυ
Disability Access Program	\$6.40	\$6.70	4.69	\$0
SPLASH - Memberships Family Aquatic	ψ0.40	ψ0.70	4.05	ψυ
Membership Monthly Fee	\$88.20	\$91.00	3.17	\$0
SPLASH - Full Centre Membership	φ00.20	φ01.00	0.17	ψυ
Fortnightly Fee	\$32.00	\$33.00	3.13	\$0
SPLASH - Full Centre Membership	ψ02.00	φ00.00	0.10	ψυ
Concession Fee	\$25.50	\$27.00	5.88	\$0
SPLASH - Full Centre Membership	φ20.00	φ21.00	0.00	ψυ
Family Fortnightly Fee	\$25.50	\$27.00	5.88	\$0
SPLASH - Full Centre Membership	φ20.00	φ21.00	0.00	ψυ
Concession Family Fortnightly Fee	\$19.20	\$20.00	4.17	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Membership	ψ10.20	φ20.00	7.17	ψυ
Fortnightly Fee	\$22.40	\$23.00	2.68	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Membership start up	ψ22.40	φ20.00	2.00	ψυ
Fee	\$46.00	\$47.00	2.17	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Membership	ψ+0.00	ψ-7.00	2.17	ψυ
Concession Fee	\$18.00	\$19.00	5.56	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Membership	ψ10.00	ψ13.00	0.00	ψυ
concession start up Fee	\$41.00	\$42.00	2.44	\$0
SPLASH - Memberships Aquatic	ψ-1.00	ψτ2.00	2.77	ψυ
Membership Monthly Fee	\$43.50	\$47.50	9.20	\$0
SPLASH - Memberships Aquatic	φ 4 3.50	ψ 4 7.00	3.20	φU
Membership Monthly Fee (Concession)	\$35.00	\$42.50	21.43	\$0
	φ35.00	φ42.00	21.40	φU

SDLASH Memberships Drume Meyers		I	I	1
SPLASH - Memberships Pryme Movers	\$34.00	\$35.00	2.94	\$0
Membership Monthly Fee	پ 34.00	<u> </u>	2.94	۵ 0
SPLASH - Memberships Y Kids Club	\$34.00	\$34.00	.00	\$0
Monthly Fee SPLASH - Memberships Y Kids Club	φ34.00	φ34.00	.00	φU
	¢20.50	¢20.50	00	\$0
Start-up Pack Fee SPLASH - Aquatic Education Aquasafe	\$20.50	\$20.50	.00	پ 0
Plus Membership Fortnightly Fee	\$23.70	\$25.00	5 40	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Education Aquasafe	φ <u>2</u> 3.70	φ25.00	5.49	۵ 0
Plus Membership Fortnightly Fee (Family				
Membership)	\$19.00	\$20.00	5.26	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Education Aquasafe	φ13.00	ψ20.00	5.20	ψU
Membership Fortnightly Fee	\$22.00	\$23.00	4.55	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Education Aquasafe	ψ22.00	ψ23.00	4.00	ψU
Membership Fortnightly Fee (Family)	\$17.70	\$18.50	4.52	\$0
SPLASH - Memberships Aquasafe	φ17.70	φ10.50	4.52	ψU
School Holiday Program Participant Fee	\$54.00	\$55.00	1.85	\$0
SPLASH - Schools - Aquatic Education	ψ0-1.00	ψ00.00	1.00	ΨŪ
(YMCA Teacher)	\$6.30	\$6.70	6.35	\$0
SPLASH - Schools - Aquatic Education	φ0.00	ψ0.70	0.00	ψυ
(School Instructor)	\$3.30	\$3.50	6.06	\$0
SPLASH - Schools - Aquatic Full Pool	φ0.00	ψ0.00	0.00	ψυ
Hire (Sole Use)	\$99.00	\$105.00	6.06	\$0
SPLASH - Schools - Aquatic Carnival	\$33.00	φ100.00	0.00	ψυ
Hire	\$685.00	\$710.00	3.65	\$0
SPLASH - Stadium Netta / Fun Net Clinic	\$5.40	\$5.40	.00	\$0 \$0
SPLASH - Stadium Soccer Clinic	\$5.40	\$5.40	.00	\$0 \$0
				-
SPLASH - Stadium Basketball Clinic	\$5.40	\$5.40	.00	\$0
SPLASH - Stadium Netball Team sheet	¢20.00	¢ 40.00	27.02	۴o
Fee (Senior) SPLASH - Stadium Netball Team	\$29.00	\$40.00	37.93	\$0
	¢ 40.00	¢75.00	70 57	\$0
Registration Fee (Senior) SPLASH - Stadium Indoor Soccer Team	\$42.00	\$75.00	78.57	۵ 0
sheet (Senior)	\$38.00	\$40.00	5.26	\$0
SPLASH - Stadium Indoor Soccer Team	φ30.00	φ40.00	5.20	φU
Registration (Senior)	\$70.00	\$75.00	7.14	\$0
SPLASH - Stadium Basketball Rental	\$70.00	φ/ 3.00	7.14	ψŪ
(single court)	\$38.50	\$39.00	1.30	\$0
SPLASH - Stadium Schools Rental	φ30.30	φ39.00	1.50	ψŪ
(single court)	\$38.50	\$39.00	1.30	\$0
	•			
SPLASH - Stadium Birthday Parties	\$16.20	\$17.00	4.94	\$0
SPLASH - Children's Programs Facility	¢1440	¢15 00	A 47	¢0
Rental - Swim Club	\$14.40	\$15.00	4.17	\$0
SPLASH - Children's Programs Facility	¢20 00	¢20.00	00	¢0
Rental - Casual Lane Hire	\$28.80	\$28.80	.00	\$0
SPLASH - Aquatic Adventure Day - Per	¢0 10	¢0 00	1 76	¢∩
participant	\$8.40	\$8.80	4.76	\$0 \$0
SPLASH - Stadium Entry fee - all persons	\$2.00	\$2.00	.00	\$0 \$0
SPLASH - Challenge Fitness Camp	\$267.00	\$279.00	4.49	\$0

Port Welshpool boat ramp - Annual Car Park Fee \$40.00 \$43.00 7.50 \$ Routine Maintenance Total \$ <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>SPLASH - Challenge Fitness Camp</th>					SPLASH - Challenge Fitness Camp
Port Welshpool boat ramp - Daily Car Park \$6.00 \$6.50 8.33 Park Fee \$40.00 \$43.00 7.50 \$ Port Welshpool boat ramp - Annual Car Park Fee \$40.00 \$43.00 7.50 \$ Request for copies of Planning Permit or Approved Plans \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 \$ Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 \$ Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications or Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 \$ Application or Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 \$ \$ Statutory Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 \$ \$ Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 \$ Maps \$6.95 \$.00 \$ \$.00 \$ Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 \$ \$.00 Statutory Planning Enquiries \$3.95 \$.00 \$ \$.00 <t< td=""><td>\$0</td><td>.00</td><td>\$220.00</td><td>\$220.00</td><td>(member)</td></t<>	\$0	.00	\$220.00	\$220.00	(member)
Park \$6.00 \$6.50 8.33 Port Welshpool boat ramp - Annual Car Park Fee \$40.00 \$43.00 7.50 \$ Routine Maintenance Total \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 \$ Title Searches \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 \$ Approved Plans \$60.00 \$64.50 7.50 \$ Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 \$ Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 \$ \$ Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$ \$ \$ \$ Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Sustainability Services Total \$	\$0				Recreation Total
Park Fee \$40.00 \$43.00 7.50 \$ Routine Maintenance Total \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 \$ Title Searches \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 \$ Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 3 Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 3 Application or Request for Secondary Consent \$0.00 \$60.00 .00 3 Sustainability Festival Small \$305.00 .00 .00 3 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 .00 Sustainability Services Total	\$1,773	8.33	\$6.50	\$6.00	
Routine Maintenance Total \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 Title Searches \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 Request for copies of Planning Permit or Approved Plans \$60.00 \$64.50 7.50 Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 5 Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 5 Applications or Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 5 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 5 Statutory Planning Total 5 5 5 .00 5 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 5 Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 5 .00 5 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00	\$11,727	7.50	\$43.00	\$40.00	
Title Searches \$25.00 \$27.00 8.00 Request for copies of Planning Permit or Approved Plans \$60.00 \$64.50 7.50 Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 Applications on Advertising \$.00 \$60.00 .00 360.00 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 355.00 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 300 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$31.50 \$1.50 .00 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 .00 .00 Strochure Fee - PORT Member sponsorship \$112,750.0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$.00 \$.01,555 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 .00 .00 Stratus Information Centres Total \$.03,50 \$4.00 14.29 .01 <td>\$13,500</td> <td></td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>Routine Maintenance Total</td>	\$13,500		·		Routine Maintenance Total
Request for copies of Planning Permit or Approved Plans \$60.00 \$64.50 7.50 Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$2.0 \$.25 25.00 Applications on Advertising \$.00 \$60.00 .00 .00 Application or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 .00 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 .00 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$11.50 .00 .00 Postcards \$11.50 \$1.50 .00 .00 .00 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 Average 0 \$11,550.00 \$89.76) \$.00 .00 .00 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 <td>\$884</td> <td>8.00</td> <td>\$27.00</td> <td>\$25.00</td> <td></td>	\$884	8.00	\$27.00	\$25.00	
Request for copies of Planning Permit and Approved Plans \$108.00 \$116.00 7.41 Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 Applications on Advertising \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Applications on Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Statutory Planning Total Sustainability Services Total Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Brochure Fee - PORT Member sponsorship \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$389.50 \$93.95 4.97	\$586				Request for copies of Planning Permit or
Request for copies of Planning Permit Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 Application or Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 3 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 3 Statutory Planning Total 3 3 3 0 3 3 3 3 <	\$1,055				Request for copies of Planning Permit
Applications on Advertising \$.20 \$.25 25.00 Application or Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 3 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 3 Statutory Planning Total \$.00 \$60.00 .00 3 3 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 3 Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 9 9 Postcards \$11.50 \$1.50 .00 1 1 3 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 <	<u> </u>		<i><i><i></i></i></i>	<i><i><i></i></i></i>	
Application or Request for Secondary Consent \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Statutory Planning Total \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 Sustainability Services Total \$.00 \$.00 \$.00 Maps \$6.95 \$.6.95 .00 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Average 0 \$112,750.0 \$.00 Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$. Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$.05,25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member \$.00 \$.00 \$.00 (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total \$.00 \$.00 14.29 Car Boot \$.00	\$23	25.00	\$.25	\$.20	Applications on Advertising
Applications or Requests to respond to written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Statutory Planning Total \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 Sustainability Services Total \$.00 \$6.95 \$.00 Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 \$89.76) \$8 Average 0 \$11,550.00 \$89.76) \$\$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 \$35.00 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total \$35.00 \$4.00 \$4.20 \$2.50 240L Bin \$80.00 \$9.00 12.50 \$2.50 \$2.50 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50<					
written Planning Enquiries \$.00 \$60.00 .00 Statutory Planning Total	\$1,909	.00	\$60.00	\$.00	
Sustainability Festival Small Stall \$35.00 \$35.00 .00 Sustainability Services Total Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 (89.76) \$ Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 \$ Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 \$ Tourist Information Centres Total \$ \$ \$ \$ Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 \$ 240L Bin \$8.00 \$9.00 12.50 \$ 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 \$ 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 \$ </td <td>\$1,091</td> <td>.00</td> <td>\$60.00</td> <td>\$.00</td> <td></td>	\$1,091	.00	\$60.00	\$.00	
Sustainability Services Total Image Image <t< td=""><td>\$5,548</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Statutory Planning Total</td></t<>	\$5,548				Statutory Planning Total
Sustainability Services Total Image Image <thimage< th=""> <th< td=""><td>\$955</td><td>.00</td><td>\$35.00</td><td>\$35.00</td><td>Sustainability Festival Small Stall</td></th<></thimage<>	\$955	.00	\$35.00	\$35.00	Sustainability Festival Small Stall
Maps \$6.95 \$6.95 .00 Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 \$ Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 \$ \$ Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 \$ \$ Car Boot \$16.00 \$\$ \$ \$ 240L Bin \$8.00 \$ \$ \$ 120 L Bin <	\$955				
Postcards \$1.50 \$1.50 .00 Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 .00 Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) Brochure Fee - PORT Member 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total \$35.00 \$4.00 \$4.29 Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 240L Bin \$8.00 \$9.00 12.50 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$158	.00	\$6.95	\$6.95	
Travel Diaries \$3.95 \$3.95 .00 Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ \$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 \$ Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 \$ Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 \$ Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 \$ 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 \$ Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 \$ Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 \$	\$68	.00		\$1.50	•
Central Booking Service Revenue \$112,750.0 \$11,550.00 \$89.76) \$ Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ \$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 \$ Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 \$ Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.97 \$ Garbage Bag up to 120L \$33.50 \$4.00 14.29 \$ Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 \$ 240L Bin \$80.00 \$9.00 12.50 \$ \$ 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 \$ \$ Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 \$ \$	\$54	.00			Travel Diaries
Average 0 \$11,550.00 (89.76) \$ Brochure Fee - PORT Member sponsorship \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 1 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 1 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 1 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 1 1 Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 1	Ŧ -		+		
sponsorship \$73.70 \$76.95 4.41 1 Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total ************************************	\$10,500	(89.76)	\$11,550.00	0	
Brochure Fee - Non Member (non ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.29 Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 240L Bin \$80.00 \$9.00 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50					Brochure Fee - PORT Member
ratepayer) \$105.25 \$110.00 4.51 Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) 889.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total ************************************	\$3,498	4.41	\$76.95	\$73.70	
Brochure Fee - Non PCRT Member (ratepayer) \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Tourist Information Centres Total \$89.50 \$93.95 4.97 Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 240L Bin \$8.00 \$9.00 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$000	4.54	¢110.00	# 405.05	•
(ratepayer)\$89.50\$93.954.97Tourist Information Centres Total\$Garbage Bag up to 120L\$3.50\$4.0014.29Car Boot\$16.00\$18.0012.50240L Bin\$8.00\$9.0012.50120 L Bin\$4.00\$4.5012.50Ute - up to one cubic meter\$32.00\$36.0012.50Other Domestic\$32.00\$36.0012.50	\$200	4.51	\$110.00	\$105.25	
Tourist Information Centres Total \$ Garbage Bag up to 120L \$3.50 \$4.00 14.29 Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 240L Bin \$8.00 \$9.00 12.50 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$427	4.97	\$93.95	\$89.50	
Garbage Bag up to 120L\$3.50\$4.0014.29Car Boot\$16.00\$18.0012.50240L Bin\$8.00\$9.0012.50120 L Bin\$4.00\$4.5012.50Ute - up to one cubic meter\$32.00\$36.0012.50Other Domestic\$32.00\$36.0012.50	\$14,905		· · · · · ·	,	
Car Boot \$16.00 \$18.00 12.50 240L Bin \$8.00 \$9.00 12.50 120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0	14.29	\$4.00	\$3.50	
240L Bin\$8.00\$9.0012.50120 L Bin\$4.00\$4.5012.50Ute - up to one cubic meter\$32.00\$36.0012.50Other Domestic\$32.00\$36.0012.50	\$0				
120 L Bin \$4.00 \$4.50 12.50 Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0				
Ute - up to one cubic meter \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50 Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0				
Other Domestic \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0				
	\$0				
Silage Wrap bundled 532.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0	12.50	\$36.00	\$32.00	Silage Wrap bundled
Concrete Bricks Fill up to one m3 \$32.00 \$36.00 12.50	\$0				
Car Bodies \$41.00 \$44.00 7.32	\$0				
Car Tyres \$7.00 \$7.50 7.14	<u>\$0</u>				
Small Truck / Four Wheel Drive Tyres \$17.00 \$18.00 5.88	<u>\$0</u>			-	
Large Truck Tyre \$34.00 \$37.00 8.82	\$0 \$0		-		
Early \$57.00 \$57.00 \$0.02 Earthmoving Tyre \$200.00 \$215.00 7.50	<u>\$0</u> \$0				

Extra Charge for Tyre on Rim	\$9.00	\$10.00	11.11	\$0
Mattress - Single Bed	\$10.50	\$12.00	14.29	\$0
Mattress - Double Bed	\$16.00	\$18.00	12.50	\$0
Gas Bottles - up to 10kg	\$5.00	\$5.50	10.00	\$0
Gas Bottles - 10 to 20kg	\$10.00	\$11.00	10.00	\$0
Gas Bottles - Larger than 20kg	\$20.00	\$22.00	10.00	\$0
E-Waste - Laptops, Computers, Printers,	+_0.00	+		÷.
DVD & VCR Players etc	\$5.00	\$5.50	10.00	\$0
E-Waste - Small CRT TV/Computer	·	·		·
Monitor (Smaller than 40cm)	\$10.00	\$11.00	10.00	\$0
E-Waste - Large CRT TV (Larger than				
40cm)	\$15.00	\$17.00	13.33	\$0
E-Waste - Small Plasma/LCD TV				
(Smaller than 100cm)	\$5.00	\$5.50	10.00	\$0
E-Waste - Large Plasma/LCD TV (Larger	• • • • • •	• • • • • •		• •
than 100cm)	\$10.00	\$11.00	10.00	\$0
Green Waste - 120L Bin	\$.00	\$2.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - 240L Bin	\$.00	\$4.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Car Boot / Station Wagon	\$.00	\$5.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Standard 6 x 4 Trailer				
(Level Load)	\$.00	\$10.00	.00	\$159,091
Green Waste - Standard 6 x 4 Trailer	• • • •	• • • • • •		• -
(Heaped Load)	\$.00	\$18.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - 6 x 4 Trailer With Cage	\$.00	\$36.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Large Single Axle Trailer	• • • •	• • • • • •		• -
(Level Load)	\$.00	\$12.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Large Single Axle Trailer	* • • •	*• • • • •		^
(Heaped Load)	\$.00	\$24.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Large Single Axle Trailer	¢ 00	¢20.00	00	
With Cage Green Waste - Tandem Trailer (Level	\$.00	\$36.00	.00	\$0
Load)	\$.00	\$20.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Tandem Trailer (Heaped	φ.00	φ20.00	.00	ψυ
Load)	\$.00	\$36.00	.00	\$0
Green Waste - Tandem Trailer With Cage	\$.00	\$72.00	.00	<u>\$0</u> \$0
Green Waste - Ute (Level Load)	\$.00	\$10.00	.00	<u>\$0</u> \$0
	\$.00	-		<u>\$0</u> \$0
Green Waste - Ute (Heaped Load) Green Waste - Amnesty Period (No Fees	\$.00	\$18.00	.00	۵ 0
Charged) 1st November to 31st				
December	N/A	N/A	.00	\$0
Transfer Stations Total				\$159,091
Grand Total				\$3,006,297
				ψ 3,000,2 31